British Curiosities IN NATURE and ART;

EXHIBITING

An Account of *Natural* and *Artificial Rarities*, both Ancient and Modern, intermixt with Historical and Geographical Passages.

With a very particular Account of the Curiosities in *London*, and the Two Universities.

AND

An APPENDIX,

CONCERNING

The Posts, Markets, and their Fairs.

To which is added

A SCHEME, containing other things most proper to be observed by Strangers, in 22 Respects, in as many Columns, curiously Engraved on a Sheet to fold up.

THE WHOLE,

Adapted to the Use of Strangers, who may Travel to see *England*, and for such as go thence into *Foreign Parts*, in order to account for what is Remarkable in their own Country; as appeareth more clearly by the *Preface*.

LONDON:
Printed by *J. H.* for Chr. Coningsby, at the *Ink-Bottle* against *Clifford's-Inn Back-Gate*, in *Fetter-lane Fleetstreet*. 1713.

TO THE

PRESIDENT,

Councel and Fellows

OF THE

Royal Society

OF

LONDON.

Learned Sirs,

THE Trembling Magnet does ſcarce more Naturally point to the Poles of the World than the following Treatiſe doth look towards Your

Venerable Body for Patronage and Encouragement. And altho' the Author hath a promiſe of neither, as having preſumed to make this Addreſs without Your Knowledge or Permiſſion: Yet he doubts not but You'll accept it with that uſual Candor and Indulgence which you have always given an Indication of by encouraging every Degree or Step that has been offered towards the promoting of Natural and Experimental Knowledge.

The uſeful Diſcoveries You have made in Philoſophical, Mathematical, Mechanical, *&c.* Learning are ſufficiently evident in Your Voluminous and moſt profound Tranſactions, ſo juſtly admired by the Learned World.

I have only here (as the Simpler doth his Vegetals) collected various kinds of the moſt obſervable Materials for Contemplation; but You (like the Learned Botaniſts) can diſcover their Source, Nature, Quality, and Uſe, although theſe Phænomena have been not only wonderful in themſelves, but almoſt of innumerable Variety; ſome Preternatural, and others appearing even Supernatural.

May the Great God of Nature continue to proſper Your Nice Diſquiſitions into His Wonderful Works, to the Glory of His Holy Name, the Advancement of Learning, and the General Advantage of the Ingenious part of Mankind; And

may You ever be Succesful in Your Laudable and Unwearied Search after Mysterious Truths, is that to which all the Admirers of, and Studious in the Stupendious Operations of Nature, and those intricate ones of Art have Reason to Reply. *Amen.*

THE PREFACE.

AS *Prologues were contrived by Poets to let the Auditory into the Deſign of the Drama: So Authors have found it neceſſary to exhibit their Prefaces to give the Reader an Idea of the import of their Writings; Conformable whereunto, I ſhall here, not only acquaint the Reader what to expect in the following Sheets, but alſo that the motive which induced me to the Undertaking, reſulted from a Common Complaint,* That Engliſh Gentlemen commence their Travels abroad before they know any thing conſiderable of their Native Country, and by that means make themſelves Obnoxious to the Cenſure of Foreigners.

I communicated my purpoſe in this Affair to a Relation of mine, that had travelled France *and* Italy, *who intirely adviſed the purſuing and finiſhing my Deſign, as a thing both Novel and Uſeful: And I am aſſured that the Matter contained in the Subſequent*

Pages will prepare our Britiſh *Youth, not only to anſwer many curious Enquiries, but will alſo furniſh them with Topicks proper to entertain the moſt Judicious in Converſation: And this ſmall Treatiſe will conſequently be of uſe to ſuch as Travel to ſee* England, *who by this Auxiliary Companion may ſave much Time, Pains, and Expence, and yet return Home with a larger ſhare of the knowledge of what is moſt Remarkable, than if they had undertaken an Expedition through each County Perſonally.*

And that this Book might prove the more adapt for the two Purpoſes above, I have contracted it into as few Words as the Subject would well admit of, which renders it a portable Vade Mecum, *of Matters both Profitable and Diverting.*

The moſt remarkable things contained therein are Reducible, 1. To CURIOSITIES *in* NATURE, *as petrifying Water and Earth, as at* Stowy, Boughton, Knaresborough, Aſpleygwits, *&c. Such Waters as are Hot and Phyſical, as thoſe of* Bath, Briſtol, Buxton, *&c. ſuch as are Cold and Purging, as* Tunbridge, Epſom, Acton, Richmond, *&c. Others that in Pooles, Fountains, Wells and Ponds do Ebb and Flow, as thoſe at* Doſmarypoole, Shap, *&c. Some that are both Laxative and Reſtringent, others Salt and Freſh, in Wells, not exceeding two yards di-*

ſtance

ſtance from each other, as thoſe near wick, Newenham-Regis, Halleweſton *Some on whoſe Surface floateth Liquid* others *that caſt up ſmall Bones, and ſom burn like Brandy, as thoſe at* Pitch Bonewell *in* Herefordſhire, *and near* gan, *&c. There are alſo accounts of* ranious *Rivers, as the* Lid, Mole, *at* C hole, *&c. Likewiſe of* Abiſſes, Cleft Caverns, *as* Elden-hole, *&c. at the* Hell-kettles *near* Darlington; *and i Iſle of* Portland, *&c. An account li of* Aſtroits, Piſcal, Serpent, *and other* Stones; *as thoſe found at* Shugbury, voir-Caſtle, Whitby, Huntley-nab Yorkſhire, *&c. Alſo the higheſt and largeſt Lakes; as* Kilnſey-Cragg gleborough, Winander, *&c. in* York *and* Lancaſhire. *And of* Wrennyvan, celly, Pllinllimmon, *&c. in* Wales. *Vegetal things you have an account of fect Chair of Natural Growth, the uſe of the Coco-tree, ſtrange Nature of Sa &c. as on Page* 29. 44, 46. *inſtances of Animal Curioſities, as the leon (that lives on the Air,) one Fo the Vertebra of a Whale* 30 l. *Weight in the Royal Society Repoſitory; th of another Whale* 21 *Foot long; of the Man that ſlept near* 5 *Months Woman who had* 19 *Children at* 3

the prodigious Skeleton of a Man, &c. as on Page 7. 21, 43, 55, 120, &c.

Alſo an account of the moſt pleaſant Situations, as thoſe of the Golden Vale, *and of* Eveſham, Dunmow, Gisbury, *St.* Edmundsbury, *&c.*

It may not be improper after this ſhort Specimen of the Natural, to give ſome inſtances of the ARTIFICIAL CURIOSITIES *in this Book mentioned. And theſe are either Monuments of Antiquity, as the Ruins of Old Caſtles, Monaſteries, Walls,* &c. *Or the Reliques of* Roman *Camps, Gariſons, Stations, Trophies, Coins, Altars, Urns, Pavements of Moſaic Work,* &c. *as thoſe at* Camalet, Stow *on the* Would, Chicheſter, Cheſterton, Ribblecheſter, Standiſh, Dorcheſter, Lancaſter, Cirenceſter, Woodſtock, *and many other places; other Ancient Monuments, as* Stonehenge, *Page* 11, *or thoſe of like kind at* Stanton-drew, *that near* Aliſford *in* Kent, *&c. Others are of Stones Separate but erected, as the* Hurlers *near* Lanceſton; *thoſe ſo vaſtly Large and Numerous, near* Shap *in* Weſtmorland, *&c.*

The Barrows, or Artificial Hills, how they were made; and the ſpacious Trenches, Dykes, &c. *as at* Selbury, Tadmerton, *&c.* Wanſdike, Offa's, *and that termed the* Devils, *&c. as in* Wiltſhire, Wales, *near* Reche, *&c.*

The

The Ancient Monuments of Kings and great Perſonages, as of Alfred *at* Driffield, Etheldred *at* Winburn, Harold *at* Waltham-Abby; Edward *the Confeſſor,* Sebert, *and many other Kings of* England *at* Weſtminſter; *King* John's *at* Worceſter; *Duke* Humphrey's *at St.* Albans; *the Knights Templars at the* Temple, *Venerable* Bede *at* Durham, *&c. You will alſo find notice taken of the moſt Beautiful Churches, as St.* Paul's, Weſtminſter, Canterbury, Salisbury, York, Lincoln, Briſtol, Wells, Glouceſter, Wrexham, Sherburn *and others; and alſo the Altitude of the moſt remarkable Steeples, &c. in* England; *as* Salisbury, *St.* Paul's Dome, Coventry Steeple, Boſton, Grantham, Bow, *and the* Monument *in* Fiſh-ſtreet, London, *&c. And the ſtately and moſt obſervable Bridges, as* London, Rocheſter, Burton, Owſley, Briſtol, Huntington, Crowland, *&c. together with the Beautiful and Spacious Market Croſs at* Coventry, *and the Chapels and Houſes cut in Rocks.*

And here I ſhall obſerve that the Study of Antiquity is a moſt delectable Amuſement, and in many caſes very much tends to Advantage both National and Perſonal; It affords to the Antiquary a kind of Satisfaction, like his who hath lived many Centuries, giving him a proſpect of things both in their Ancient and Modern States, and of the great mutability

in

in Empires, Kingdoms, Towns, Families, Languages, Customs, &c. the Improvement, and Decay of some; and totall Extinction of others.

But craving the Readers Favour on Account of this small Digression: I proceed to acquaint him with other Artificial Curiosities in this Treatise: As a Machine for Ploughing, Sowing, and Harrowing at the same time; most admirable Turned Work; a wonderful Burning-Glass; a Geometrical Floor, and many other Raritics about London, *as in the* Royal Society Repository, *the* Tower *of* London, Westminster-Abby, *&c. and the Two* Universities, *which are so numerous as not to admit of so much as being here named, but the Reader will find them in the Book, Pages* 33, &c. 57, &c. *and* 76, &c, *as he will notice taken of the Cartoons* (at Hampton Court) *said to be the most Noble Pieces of Painting in* Europe, *Page* 51. *In which curious Art there are extraordinary Performances to be seen, at others of the Queens Palaces, and at the Houses of most of the Nobility, and many of the Gentry. Of which* Seats of Noblemen *I have in this Treatise given an Account shewing the Situation of some Hundreds, which are generally speaking not only adorn'd with Elegant Painture as above hinted, but also with delightful Gardens, Pleasant Walks, Airy Vistoes, Sprightly Statues, Spacious Canals, Artful Fountains,*

Cas-

Cascade, *and other aquatical Curiosities*; *and many of the* Houses *of our* Gentlemen *are not deficient in all or most of the like Beauty and Ornament, although I have not room (this Book being intended an Enchiridion) to insist on them particularly. The* Halls *of* Company's, *and many of the* Merchants Houses *are stately Structures, richly Finished*; *and especially the* Royal Exchange, *and* Guild-hall *described in brief, Page* 46, &c.

You'll find also herein, an Account of some things which have an Aspect Supernatural or Miraculous, as the Motion of Mount Marclay *near* Hereford, *the druming Wells at* Oundle, *the River* Womer *near* Redburn, *the budding Oak in* New Forest, *&c. the Relations given, whereof being so surprisingly unaccountable, that were they not asserted as Truth by reputable Authors, as* Camden, Speed, *&c. I should have passed them by as Incredibilities.*

Having inserted, as above, a Summary Account of Natural and Artificial Things which are Curious *and Remarkable contained in the following Treatise: I do farther acquaint the Reader that he will also find many observables* Historical *and* Geographical: *As the places of Birth and Interment of some of our Kings (not commonly known) and of Men Eminent for Learning,* &c. *The unusual and strange Customs of many places, as at* Halli-

fax,

fax, Beverly, Scrivleby, Oakham, Hungerford, Hemingston, &c. *And I have shewed the distance of places treated on, from their respective County Towns (or some other of good Note) and of each Shire, Town, and middle of each County from* London, *as near as I could measure them by the Maps; which last Dimensions are inserted in the Scheme or Table to fold up, containing likewise upwards of* 20 *Columns of so many different things, as I judged most material and proper for a Strangers Cognisance.*

The Appendix *was an after Thought, to which I was induced by considering it might be of use to Strangers that they be acquainted with our* Manner *and* Charge *of* Travelling, *and of Carriages. The Account given of the Market-Towns in each County, with the Days of* Markets *and* Fairs *may serve to give him a Notion of the* Largeness *and* Populousness *thereof: For as those of a Town may be supposed by the Number of Markets it hath in each Week: So may the County by the Multiplicity of Market-Towns, and Fairs Annually therein; by both which may be formed a Judgment of the Vastness of our Inland Trade: Especially if it be farther consider'd. That there are very many small Towns (not Markets) which yet have Fairs; so that there is scarce a day in the Y which hath not a Fair held on it*

place or other, and for the most part there are many on the same day, sometimes 50 or 60, as on May *the First*, June the 24th, *and* 29. July *the* 25th. August *the* First, 10th, 15th *and* 24th, September 8. 29th. *And the Catalogue of* Markets *and* Fairs *will also be in many respects further necessary for such who Travel the Country with any Species of Goods or Wares, and do consequently frequent such Concourses.*

Thus far the Subject: *As to* Method *I have not thought it best to treat of the several Counties in Alphabetical Order, but as they lie Contiguous: And in the Scheme folded up at the end of the Book. I have regarded the Alphabet, the second Column towards the Left Hand contains References to the Pages where the Counties are inserted.*

I did not intend to have erected a Portico of half the Magnitude, to so small a Structure; but if the Disproportion should be objected, I have this to answer; that the Nature of the Work doth more than ordinarily require the setting its Contents *in a due Light this way (the Title Page not being sufficient for that end) and I cannot (on that account) see where the* Preface *admits of Sublation. I shall only add that both my Design and Endeavour have not been wanting to render the Composition such as that the Variety of Curiosities comprised in a Volumn so small*

small and portable, might (with the Copiousness and Novelty of the Scheme) answer the Expectation of the Reader; and (together with the well timing of the Publication) that of the Bookseller.

January 20.
1712.

CHAP.

CHAPTER I.

The BRITISH CURIOSITIES *in* Nature *and* Art, Ancient *and* Modern, *&c.*

SECT. I. *Curiosities in* Cornwall.

A Trophy.] Near the Lands end about 4 Miles Eastward from *Sennan*, there are 19 large Stones in a Circle about 12 Foot distant from each other; and in the Middle one larger than all the rest. 'Tis thought to have been a *Roman* or *Saxon Trophy.*

St. *Madreus's Well.*] Famous for many Cures, it is near *Pensans*, not far from the Lands end.

Main Ambre.] A Rock hanging on some others, with so exact a Counterpoize, that it might be stirred with one Finger, although a great number of Men could not be able to move it out of its place. It was dislocated in the time of the Civil Wars by *Shrubstal* Governour of *Pendennis*, who caused it (with much Labour) to be undermined. *S. Ambrose's Stone.*

St. *Michael's Mount*] is in *Mount's Bay* 'Tis a High, Craggy and Hollow Rock. Among the Rocks on this Coast are bred the *Pyrrhocorax*, a *Crow* with Red Beak and Feet, which will often set Houses on Fire, and steal Money or other things.

A Strange Rock and Crow.

Dosmary Poole.] Situate on a Great Moor; It Ebbs and Flows every 24 Hours, though it be a considerable distance from the Sea, or any River. 'Tis to be seen near St. *Neots*, not far from *Bodmin*.

On a Plain, there are now about 7 or 8 (but 100 Years ago they were 17) Stones appearing considerably above Ground, and much of the same shape and distance from each other; The Neighbours call them *Hurlers*, from a pious Fancy that they were Men, and were transformed into Stones for playing at Ball on the *Sunday*. They stand 8 Miles *S. W.* from *Launceston*, or 9 near *E.* from *Bodmin*.

At *Tintagil.*] About 4 Miles *W.* from *Boscastle* is a heap of Noble Ruins. This was the Birth-place of *Arthur*, the Famous *English* Heroe. *Launceston* the Chief Town is about 170 Miles from *London* near *W.*

Stow.] A Seat of the Earl's of *Bath*; 'tis about 4 Miles *N.* from *Stratton*.

Noble Men's Seats.

Clifton.] Another of his Lordships Seats 10 Miles *E.* from *Liskerd*, or 6 *N.* from *Plymouth*.

Lanq.] Another of the same Lords Seats 5 Miles *E.* from *Padstow*, or *W.* from *Camelford*. *Walston* and *Stanbury* are 2 others of his Lordships Seats.

Truro.]

Truro.] A Seat of the Earl of *Radnor's*, 6 Miles *N. E.* from *Penryn*, and a little *N.* from *Falmouth.*

Lanhidreak.] Another of his Lordſhip's Seats near *Bodmin.*

Boconock.] A Seat of the late Lord *Mohun's*, 5 Miles near *W.* from *Liſkerd.*

Trerice] A Seat of the Lord *Arundel's*, 4 Miles *S. W.* from *Collombe*, or 8. *N. E.* from *Truro.*

SECT. II. *Curioſities in* Devonſhire.

THings moſt remarkable in *Exeter* (the Chief Town of this County) are, a Magnificent Church; a Noble Caſtle; the Biſhops Houſe; *Bedford Houſe*, (a Seat of the Dukes) *&c.* This City is 157 Miles near *W.* from *London.* *Exeter.*

Over the ſmall River *Lid*, is a Bridge, where the Water is ſo pen'd in between 2 Rocks, and has made it ſelf a fall, ſo deep, by a continual Working, that the Water is not to be ſeen, but only a great Noiſe of it heard, to the Wonder of all that paſs that Way. This is near *Lidford*, 7 Miles *E.* from *Launceſton*, and 6 *N.* from *Taviſtoke.* *A River Inviſible.*

Potheridge.] A Seat of the Duke of *Albemarle*; it is Situate about 3 Miles near *S.* of *Torrington.* *Noblemens Seats in this County.*

Wenbery.] Another of that Dukes Seats, on the *S.* Side of

the County, 3 Miles *S.* from *Plympton*, and 4 near *W.* from *Plymouth*.

Biddiford.] A Seat of the Earl's of *Bath*, 6 Miles *S. W.* from *Barnstaple*, and 4. *N. W.* from *Torrington*.

Ugbrook.] A Seat of the Lord *Clifford*'s; 'tis about 9 Miles near *S.* from *Exeter*.

SECT. III. *Curiosities in* Dorsetshire.

Sherburn Church] is a Curious piece of Architecture, and fine Workmanship; It is Situate 4 Miles near *E.* from *Evil*, and 7 *W.* from *Sturminster*. This *Sherburn* is the most populous Town in the County.

K. Etheldred's Tomb.

Winburn Church] is remarkable for being the Burying-place of King *Etheldred* an excellent Prince, on whose Tomb is this Inscription.

In hoc loco quiescit Corpus S. Etheldredi, *Regis Westsaxonum Martyris; Qui Anno Dom.* 872. 23. *Apr. per manus Decanorum paganorum occubuit.*

Lyme.] The Peer here is remarkable for its Nature and Largeness. As is the Town for that the Duke of *Monmouth* here Landed *June* the 11th. 1685. upon his attempt to acquire the Crown, which proved fatal to him; for soon after his loss of the Battle of *Seigmore* he lost his Head upon *Tower-hill*. This Town is a Port 3 Miles *S. E.* from *Axminster*, and 17 *W.* of *Dorchester*.

Dor-

Dorcheſter,] the Chief Town of this County is remarkable for its pleaſant Situation, wide Streets, Roman Ways near it, and Coins that have been often found there, which ſhew its Antiquity to be Great. It is about 6 Miles *N.* from the *Port* of *Waymouth.* *Remarkables in* Dorcheſter.

Portland Iſle] is moſtly Stone, ſome of which is extraordinary for Building, as being both beautiful and durable. Of this Stone the Walls of St. *Paul's* Cathedral are Compoſed. The Quarries belong to the Crown; and here are Remarkable, 1. The Ruins of an old Caſtle ſtanding on a Rock, about 50 Yards in perpendicular height above the Sea. 2. A Cave 50 Foot Square, and about 21 deep, without any Support by Pillars. 3. There is an Hole in the Roof extending upwards, through the Surface of the Earth, whereby (upon a *S. E.* Wind) the Water which then fills the Cave, will riſe above the Ground like an Artificial Fountain. 4. Two remarkable Caverns in the Weſt part of the Iſland, extending in a manner right forward, of which no end hath been found.

Sherbourn Caſtle] ſituate near that Town; Is a Seat of the Earl of *Briſtol's.* *Noblemens Seats in this County.*

Wimborn St. Giles.] A Seat of the Earl of *Shaftsbury,* a Mile from *Cranbourn,* and about 10 near *E.* from the Hill whereon *Shaftsbury* is built.

Hook Caſtle.] A Seat of the Dukes of *Bolton,* about 9 Miles *N. W.* from *Dorcheſter,* and 4 near *N.* from *Bridport.*

Cranborn House.] A Seat of the Earl of *Salisbury's*, about 11 Miles near *E.* from *Shaftsbury.*

Buckland.] A Seat of the Lord *Pawlet's*, 6 Miles *N.* from *Dorchester*, and about the like distance near *S.* from *Sherbourn.*

SECT. IV. *Curiosities in* Somersetshire.

Camalet.] A Steep Mountain, of very difficult ascent; on the Top whereof plainly appear the Remains of a Roman Camp, and Roman Coins have been there dug up: The Inhabitants call it *Arthur's* Palace. It is not far from *Sherbourn.*

Taunton] is remarkable for its Neatness and pleasant Situation; abundance of Woollen Cloth is here made, and from it is a delightful Prospect several Ways; it is 7 Miles *N. W.* from *Ilmister*, and near *S.* from *Bridgwater.*

Stanton Drue.] Remarkable for a kind of Monument of Stone like *Stonehenge* in *Wiltshire*, only this the Hedges have mixt with it, and therefore 'tis not so visible. It is about 4 Miles *S.* from *Bristol.*

A Mountain like Stonehenge.

At *Stowey* is a Spring which is a petrifying Water, and it makes the side of the Bank where it rises and runneth a hard Rock. 'Tis about 2 Miles *S.* from *Stanton Drue.*

A Petrifying Water.

Ochy-hole] Near *Wells*, a vast Cave, wherein are Wells and Rivolets. 'Tis much visited.

Wells.]

Wells.] Is remarkable for an exceeding beautiful Church, especially the *W.* front, which is an intire Pile of Statues. *Wells* is about 8 Miles *N. W.* from *Bruton*, and 15 *S.* from *Bristol*, and near *Shipton Mallet*.

Not far from *Wells*, some Years agoe, was a wonderful instance of *a Mans Sleeping*; it was sent in a Letter from a Clergyman to my Worthy and Ingenious Friend *Charles Bowles* late of *Windsor*, Esq;, who was so kind to oblige me with it. I think the Man slept at least a Month or 6 Weeks longer than the time mentioned in the Margin of the Letter. Which take as follows.

SIR, *Tiverton, Octob.* 19.

" THE last visit I made to see this unaccount-
" able Sleeper, was on *Wednesday* last, the
" 13th of this Instant, where I found him in
" the same Posture, as he hath continued in ever
" since his first Seisure; * for
" he lies confin'd to his Bed; * *August the*
" eats his Victuals once or twice *12th. to Octo.*
" a Day, but never in the sight *14th. is* 10
" of any one; and looks as *Weeks.*
" fresh as if he went daily to his
" Labour. The Observation of him, that is
" fresh, is this; that on *Sunday* the 10th. of this
" Month, his Brothers willing to try an Exper-
" riment, put on all his Clothes, brought him
" down Stairs from his Bed, and set him in
" a Chair by the Kitchin Fire; but this, they
" thought would have cost him his Life; for
" they visibly perceived a great alteration in
" him, his Countenance, which as he lay in his
" Bed, was fresh and lively, was converted in-

" to a dark Paleneſs, like Death; his Head " hang'd on his Shoulder, as though he had been " really Departing, which obliged them to poſt " him away to his old Apartment, where in a " little time he recovered his former Sanguine " Complection; He is removed from his Brothers " to his Mothers Houſe again. This is the only " and beſt account I can at preſent give you; " if there be any other change you ſhall be ſure " of it;

From Your moſt Humble Servant,

John Rich.

Bath and its Springs.

Bath] A City much frequented by Gentry for near 100 Miles round it; here being 3 Baths, or Hot Springs, *viz.* The Queens Bath, the Hot Bath, and the Croſs Bath: The Waters have done many Cures, Internal and External. This place is about 9 Miles near *E.* from *Briſtol*, 15 *N.* from *Wells*, and 94 from *London*.

Chedder.] Remarkable for the largeſt Cheeſes; made by the Joint-Stock of the whole Pariſh.

In the Fields near *Keynſham* is an Herb called *Precepier*, which provoketh Urine very quickly. It is peculiar to *England*; is ſharp and bitter; it grows in buſhy Flowers, and is never higher than a Span. *Keynſham* or *Caneſham* is about 4 Miles *S. E.* from *Briſtol*.

Bruton.] A good Market Town, and is farther remarkable for a Well-built Church, a Free-School and Hoſpital. It is about 9 Miles *S. E.* from *Wells*, and 6 from *Shipton Mallet*.

Briſtol]

Bristol] is Fortify'd and Guarded very well with Walls and Rivers, and standing on a high Ground makes a very beautiful Prospect. Here they draw all things on Sledges, to prevent the shaking down of their Goutes or Vaults, which are contrived to carry off, and wash away the Filth: It is the third Port in *England*. The Harbour is so Commodious, that Vessels can Sail into the heart of the City. It stands on the River *Avon*.

Other things remarkable are the Churches, 18 in Number, particularly, that of St. *Mary's* of *Ratcliff*, which is thought to exceed any Parish Church in *England*, for Spaciousness and Curiosity of Workmanship. 2. The Hospitals for the Poor. 3. The Stone Bridge, with Houses on it like a Street. 4. The Cathedral. 5. The Rock of St. *Vincent*, out of which are dug curious Transparent Stones little inferiour to Diamonds, except in Hardness. 6. Another Rock of Diamonds contained in Hollow, Redish Flints (accounted a great Curiosity.) And, 7. Here is an Hot Medicinal Spring. *Bristol* is 4 Miles *N.* from *Peniford*, and about 104 Miles near *W.* from *London*.

In this County is Knot Grass; some near 20 Foot long.

Clevenden Court.] A Seat of the Earl of *Bristol*, a little *W.* from *Bristol*.

Seats of Nobility in this County.

Bristol Palace.] The Bishops Seat.

Wells Palace.] And also *Barnwell*, the Seats of the Bishop of *Bath* and *Wells*.

Hinton St. George.] A Seat of the Lord *Paulet*, a little *N. W.* from *Bristol*.

Kenn Court.] Another of that Lords Seats, about 9 Miles *S. W.* from *Bristol.* And *Court of Wick* is another of his Lordships Seats; as is also *Walton*, about 9 Miles *W.* from *Bristol.*

Bruton Court.] A Seat of the Lord *Fitzharding*, about 11 Miles *N. E.* from *Somerton.*

Somerton.] The Chief or County Town. Here is the Seat of the Lord *Stawell*, about 3 Miles near *N.* from *Ilchester.*

Canington.] A Seat of the Lord *Clifford's*, about 14 Miles *N. W.* from *Somerton*, or 8 *N.* from *Taunton.*

For other Remarkables see the folded Sheet.

SECT. V. *Curiosities in* Wiltshire.

A wonderful Ditch called *Wansdike* thrown up for many Miles in length, about the middle of this County. Some have thought it to be a Boundary between the *West Saxons* and the *Mercians.* Others, that it was made by *Cerdick* the 18th. King of the *West Saxons*, or his Son *Kenrick*, as a Fence against the *Britains*; who made frequent inrodes from their Garrisons at the *Bath*, *Glocester*, &c.

Knot Grass. In some places of this County, this Grass is near 20 Foot Long; they feed Swine with it.

Ethelstan's *Monument, &c.* *Malmsbury.*] Here is the Monument of King *Ethelstan.* 2. It is remarkable for *Wm.* of *Malmsbury*, the Famous *English* Historian, who was here Educated. 3. For its being a very neat Town; where the Clothing Trade hath

hath long Flourished. It is Situate on a Hill, about 15 Miles *N. E.* from the *Bath*, 7 near *W.* from *Wotton-Basset*, or *N.* from *Chipnam*.

A large *Military Intrenchment*, which the Inhabitants call *Ganesbrough Castle*. It is Situate near *Dunshot*, about 6 Miles *N. W.* from *Salisbury*, 5 *S. W.* from *Stonehenge*, and about 11 near *S.* from the *Devizes*.

Salisbury.] (by some called *New Sarum*,) is remarkable, 1. For the Beauty and Spaciousness of the Church, and Steeple 407 Foot 8 Inches High; the former having as many Doors as there are Months, Windows as Days, and Pillars as Hours in the Year. 2. The Bishops Palace. 3. The Magnificent Counsel, or Town House. 4. The fine Market-Places. 5. For Clear Water runing through every Street, of great use to the Inhabitants. This City is about 75 Miles near *W.* from *London*.

Stonehenge.] is so Curious a piece of Antiquity, as to be the Admiration of all that Travel this Way; or have heard of it for many past Ages. It stands on a Rising Ground, encompassed with a Trench that was some Years ago very deep, and appeared about 30 Foot broad. *The Wonderful Stonehenge.*

It has 3 Entrances, (the most considerable lying *N. E.*) at each of which was raised on the outside of the Trench, 2 huge Stones, Gate-wise.

And parallel thereto, (on the inside) 2 others of less Proportion.

After passing this Ditch you ascend 35 Yards before you come at the Work it self.

It

It consists of 4 Circles of Stones, the outward Circle is about 100 Foot Diameter, the *Stones* of which are prodigious Large, many of them being 4 Yards High, 2 Broad, and 1 Thick.

Two Yards and a half within this Circle is a Range of lesser Stones. And,

Three Yards farther is the principal part of the Work called the Cell, of an irregular Figure, composed of 2 rows of Stones, the outer of which consists of Large Stones standing perpendicular to the Horizon, in height about 20 Foot each Stone, in breadth 6 Foot, and 3 in Thickness, *&c.*

These are coupled by large Transome Stones 7 Foot Long, and 3 and a half Thick, and within this was another range of Stones pyramidal in Form, (as the forementioned are in the Figure of Parallelopipedons) these being about 6 Foot in Altitude.

It is thought a difficult task to tell the number of Stones here, but there are some who have, for a Friend of mine told them to be 92, and had it confirmed by the Lord of the Manor, that he was in the Right.

Most are at a loss to imagine whence Stones of such vast Magnitude could be got, and placed on such an Eminence, since there are not, nor have been (that I can hear of) any Stone-Quarries within many Miles of this place.

There are various Opinions as to the occasion of this Monuments being Erected; Mr. *Sams.* thinks it was a Work of the *Phœnicians*; Mr. *Aubry*, That it was a Temple of the *Druids*; Mr. *Pascal*, That it was an Old Triumphal *British* Monument, erected to *Anaraith* the Goddess of Victory. 4. The Author of *Nero Cæsar*,

sar. That it was a Monument made by the *Britains*, in Memory of the Valiant *Heroin* Queen *Boadicia*; Mr. *Inigo Jones*, (sometime Surveyor General of the Kings Works,) That it was a Temple built by the *Romans* to the God *Celum*, or *Terminus*. And 'tis the Opinion of several Authors that it was the Burial-place of *Uther Pendragon*, and of *Constantine*. Others, particularly Mr. *John Speed*, That it was erected by *Aurelius Ambrosius*, King of the *Britains*, in Memory of the Nobles Slain by the Treacherous *Saxons*, in a Parly, about the Year 475. Others, That it was a *Danish* Monument, erected for a Burial-place. *Stonehenge* is about 2 Miles *W.* from *Ambersbury*, 6 *N.* from *Salisbury*, and about 10 near *S.* from the *Devizes*.

Selbury] is an high Hill, which seems to be Artificial, (or the Work of Men) like whereunto there are many in this County, which are called *Barrows*, supposed to be raised in Memory of Souldiers Slain, (because Bones are found in them) for 'tis said to have been an Ancient Custom of the *Northern* People: That every Souldier escaping alive out of a Battle did bring his Helmet full of Earth, towards the raising a Monument for his Slain Fellows.

Artificial Hills; how they came.

Allington House] A Seat of the Dukes of *Somerset*, about 6 Miles near *N.* from *Salisbury*.

Marleborough House] Another of that Dukes Seats, near 20 Miles *N.* from *Salisbury*, and 10 *N. E.* from the *Devizes*.

Seats of Nobility in this County.

Edding-

Eddington.] A Seat of the Dukes of *Bolton*, 3 Miles *N. E.* from *Westbury*, or 4 *S. E.* from *Trubridge*.

Damerham.] A Seat of the Dukes of *New-Castle*, near *Mere*.

Charleton.] A Seat of the Earl of *Berks*.

Wilton.] A Seat of the Earl of *Pembroke*, not far from *Salisbury*. As is *Falersden* near *Sarum*.

Longleat.] A Seat of the Lord *Weymouth*'s, 10 Miles *S.* from the *Bath*, and 5 *S. W.* from *Westbury*.

Warder Castle.] A Seat of the Lord *Arundel*'s, about 11 Miles near *W.* from *Salisbury*, and *S.* from *Hyndon*.

Other matters see the Scheme.

Sect. VI. *Curiosities in* Hampshire.

Portsmouth.] A place of great strength by Sea and Land, with a Noble Harbour; and 'tis reckoned one of the Principal Chambers of the Royal Navy of *England*. 'Tis about 60 Miles near *S. W.* from *London*.

A strange instance of an Oak, &c.

New Forest.] This is (with *Sherwood Forest*) the Great Magazine of Timber, so excellent for Augmenting the Navy Royal, and in its Nature so proper for that purpose, that perhaps no Nation has the like. And on the *N.* Side of this Forest is an *Oak*, which is said by Credible Authors to bud on *Christmas Day*, and Wither again before Night. It was railed round by order of K. *Ch.* II. And is about 65 Miles from *London*, *S. W.* near *Lymington*.

Win-

Winchester] is Remarkable, 1. For a fine Cathedral Church. 2. A College and Free-School, where is a Warden, 10 Fellows, 2 Masters, and 70 Scholars very well Educated. 3. A Noble Palace begun by K. *Ch.* II. not quite Finished. It is a City about 54 Miles near *S. W.* from *London*. The Bishop is Prelate of the Order of the Garter.

Southampton.] Here is a Dock for building Ships. Also a Castle, and *Roman* Coins have here been found. This Port is about 11 Miles near *W.* from *Portsmouth*.

Burghcleer.] Here is an Hill, at the Top of which is a Military Camp, encompassed with a Large Trench, whence there is a Prospect of all the Country round. It is near *Kingsclere*, and about 10 Miles near *W.* from *Basingstoke*.

A Military Camp and Trench.

Basing-House.] A Seat of the Duke of *Bolton*, about 6 Miles near *N.* from *Alton*, or *S. E.* from *Silcester*.

Seats of Nobility in this County.

Abot-ston] is another Seat of his Grace's, near *Alresford*.

Rookborn House.] A Seat of the Earl of *Shaftsbury*, 15 Miles *W.* from *Southampton*.

Farnborrow-place.] A Seat of the Earl of *Anglesea*, about 5 Miles *N.* from *Farnham*, or 7 *N. E.* from *Odiam*.

Motteſont.] A Seat of the Lord *Sands*, about 7 Miles *W.* from *Winchester*, or 4 *N.* from *Rumsey*.

Whorwell.] A Seat of the Lord *Delaware's*, about 3 Miles *S.* from *Andover*.

Other matters in this County, *vid.* the Sheet folded up.

SECT.

SECT. VII. *Curiosities in* Barkshire.

Tombs and Statues of an extraordinary Large Size. The Country People take them to be made for Gyants. But our Antiquaries say they were done in Memory of the Family of *Le Beche*, who had a Castle here. They are near *Aldworth*, 4 Miles *E.* from *East Ilsley*, or 9 *W.* from *Reading*.

Hungerford.] is remarkable for that the Constable (who is chosen Annually) is Lord of the Manor, and holds immediately from the Crown. 'Tis about 9 Miles *W.* from *Newbury*, or 6 *S.* from *Lamborn*.

The Constable Lord of the Mannor.

Reading.] Observable for the Neatness of its Streets and Buildings. And for that *Henry* the 1st, his Queen and Daughter were here Buried, &c. It is about 12 Miles near *W.* from *Windsor*.

Windsor.] This is a Royal Palace, for our Kings and Queens. It was granted to *Westminster* by Charter from *Edward* the *Confessor*, and was Resumed by *William* the *Conquerour*.

Rarities at Windsor.

2. The Situation is extream pleasant on an Eminence, and hath round it a delightful Prospect of Corn-Fields, Verdant Meads, with Groves water'd with the Silent Gliding *Thames*. At some distance behind it are Rising Grounds, adorn'd with Woods, Naturally fitted for Hunting.

3. Here

3. Here was born that Victorious and Famous Prince *Edward* III. who erected new from the Ground the Castle; for its Magnitude like a City, fortifyed with Ditches and Towers of Stone, where he kept Prisoners. At the same time *John* King of *France*, and *David* King of *Scots*.

4. The Castle hath 2 Courts; The inner doth contain the Magnificent and Stately Royal Palace, exceeding Beautiful and Observable for Rich Furniture, Curious Painture, &c. This looks towards the *East*. And on the *N.* Side Queen *Eliz.* added a Fine and Spacious Terrace Walk.

5. At the entrance of the outer Court is the Noble Chapel, built by *Edward* III. and Consecrated to the Blessed Virgin, and St. *George* of *Cappadocia*, and is commonly called St. *George's Chapel*, where are the Beautiful Stalls for the Knights of the Garter, and other Curiosities. It was much improved by *Edward* IV. and Sir *Reginald Bray*. Also a College and Chapter-House.

6. *The Knights of the Garter*; The most Noble Order in the World was here Instituted by *Edward* III. It consists of the Sovereign, (who is always King of *England*, or Queen Regent) and 25 Companions, many of whom have been Emperours, and Kings of Foreign Countries; the rest are the Princes of the Blood, and Prime Nobility of *England*. There are many Conjectures as to the occasion of this Institution. But the most probable to me is, from the Kings own Garter given for the Word in a Battle, where he had Success; and thence they were Styled *Knights of the Garter*.

They have a peculiar kind of Robes, extraordinary Noble, Graceful, Rich and Stately, with Mantles, Collar of SS's, *&c.* without which they commonly thus appear abroad; as, 1st. With a blue Ribbon, inrich'd with Gold, about their Left Leg, a little below the Knee; in which is wrought in Gold Letters these Words, *Honi Soit qui Mal y pense.* The Words are in *French*, because the King having Conquered *France*, that *Language* was much used in *England*; especially at Court, as it had been before in our Laws. *2dly.* They wear a very broad blue Ribbon, coming over the Left Shoulder, and under the Right Arm, cross the Back, from whence is Pendant, the Picture of St. *George* (the *English* Patron) on Horse-back, killing a *Dragon*, (as the Story saith St. *George* of *Cappadocia* did.) It is set in Gold, inrich'd with Diamonds. And, *3dly.* They have the Figure of a Star about 4 Inches Diameter of Silver Embroidery, done on the left side of the Fore-part, near the Breast of their Coats and Cloaks.

To his Noble Company or *Society there belong* a Prelate, who is the Bishop of *Winton.* A Chancellor the Bishop of *Sarum.* A Register who is the Dean of *Windsor.* And the principal King at Arms is Styled *Garter*, his business being to Officiate at the Installment of these Knights.

It is a Noble Corporation, having a Great and Small Seal; and to it belongeth, besides the Dean, (as Register) 12 Canons, also petty Canons, Virgers, *&c.* and 26 Poor Knights, who are maintained by this College, in respect of their Prayers for the Sovereign, and Companions.

There

There *have been of this Order* ſince the Inſtitution, 8 Emperours, near 30 Foreign Kings, and many Sovereign Princes. The late King of *Sweden* was, and preſent King of *Pruſſia* is of the Order at this time, as is the Elector and Electoral Prince of *Hanover*.

The Statutes of the Order, ſhew that it was firſt Inſtituted, *Anno* 1350.

The Imperial Order of *Auſtria*, *Anno* 1470.

The *French* Order of St. *Michael*, *Anno* 1400.

The Imperial Order of the Golden Fleece 1430.

The *Scotch* Order of St. *Andrew* revived, *Anno* 1540.

The *Daniſh* Order of the *Elephant*, *Anno* 1559.

Whereby the Antiquity of this Noble Order of the Garter, is plainly Apparent.

All that I ſhall add as to *Windſor*, is that there is ſcarce any thing more worthy of a Strangers View. It is 20 Miles near *W.* from *London*.

Abington,] in many caſes reckoned the Chief Town of this County. It has a Noble Market-Houſe, built of Free-Stone; and is about 7 Miles *W.* from *Wallingford*.

Wantage] remarkable for being the Birth-place of the Famous King *Alfred*, and a good Market. 'Tis about 7 Miles near *S.* from *Abington*.

Wallingford] could once boaſt, ſaith an Antiquary, of 14 Churches. It is yet a conſiderable Corporation, with a Free-School and Market-Houſe, for Malt and Corn, which they ſend in great Quantities to *London*. It is about 10 Miles *N. W.* from *Reading*.

Swallowfeld] A Seat of the Earl of *Clarendon*; about 4 Miles *S. W.* from *Okingham*.

Seats of Nobility.

Hampsted-Marshall] A Seat of the Lord *Craven's*; about 3 Miles *W.* from *Newbury*, or *E.* from *Hungerford*. *Aston-Park* is also his Lordships, not far from *East-Ilsley*.

Wightham] A Seat of the Earl of *Abington*, about 3 Miles *W.* from *Oxford*.

Other things remarkable in this County, see the Scheme.

SECT. VIII. *Curiosities in* Sussex.

AN *old Danish Camp*] about 2 Furlongs in Diameter, near *Chichester*.

Gonshill.] Another Camp about a Mile and a half *W.* from the former; this is of an Oblong Form, like the *Roman* way of Encamping.

Lewis] remarkable for pleasant Situation, and good Houses, an Ancient Castle, and 7 Churches, *&c.* 5 Miles *N.* from the *Sea*.

Chichester.] This City is remarkable, 1. For the Cathedral and its Fine Stone Spire. 2. The History of the Foundation curiously Painted. 3. The Portraits of the Kings of *England*, and those of the Bishops of this See: Also the Bishops Palace. It stands in the *S. W.* Angle of the County, 50 Miles near *S. W.* of *London*.

The Landing of William the Conquerour.

Pemsey Haven] (about 8 Miles near *W.* from *Hasting*) is remarkable for that *William* the *Conquerour* here Landed, *September* the 28. 1066, fought *Harold*, *October* 14. at *Battle-Abby*, was Crown'd at *Westminster*, *Christmas Day* following,

ing, and Reigned 20 Years, 8 Months, and 16 Days.

Upon his Landing he ſet his Ships on Fire, (which were 896) that his Men might Fight or Dye; and in this Battle were killed King *Harold*, (with an Arrow;) alſo his 2 Brothers, and 67974 *Engliſh Men.*

Winchelſea.] Old *Winchelſea* was drowned or overflowed by the Sea, and the preſent Town was built, about 2 Miles *N. W.* from the former, about the Year 1280.

This is one of thoſe 8 Towns whoſe Repreſentatives in Parliament, are called Barons, and the Towns *Cinque Portz*, there being but 5 of them Ports, and 3 privileged Towns; the Names of theſe are, *Haſtings*, *Dover*, *Sandwich*, *Hythe*, *Rumney*, *Rye*, *Winchelſea*, *Seaford*, all on the Coaſt of *Kent*, and *Suſſex*. They may be remembred by this ſhort Diſtich. *The* Cinque Ports.

Haſt, Dove, Sea, Hy,
Sand, Rum, Win, Rye.

They are ſaid to have had this Honour, becauſe they formerly built and fitted out for the Service of their Country, 21 Men of War.

Alnwick.] A Seat of the Duke of *Newcaſtle's*, 5 Miles *N.* from *Lewis.* *Seats of Nobility.*

Arundell.] A Seat of the Dukes of *Norfolk*, about 4 Miles *N.* from the Sea, or 8 *E.* from *Chicheſter.*

Petworth.] A Seat of the Duke of *Somerſet*, 10 Miles near *N.* from *Chicheſter.*

Bolbrook.] A Seat of the Earl of *Thanet*, 4 Miles *E.* from *East Grinstead.*

Buckhurst.] A Seat of the Earl of *Dorset*, &c. It is Situate near *Bolbrook*, about 16 Miles *N.* of *Lewis.*

Stoneland Park.] Another Seat of the Lord *Dorset's*; 'tis near *Buckhurst* above-said.

Poynings.] A Seat of the Lord *Viscount Montague*, 8 Miles *W.* from *Lewis.*

Hurstmonceux.] A Seat of the Earl of *Sussex*, 10 Miles *W.* from *Hastings*, or 4 *N.* from the Sea.

Stanstead.] A Seat of the Earl of *Scarbrough's*, about 5 Miles *W.* from *Chichester.*

Battle-Abby.] Another Seat of the Lord *Visc. Montague's*, 6 Miles *N. W.* from *Hastings*, and a 3d. Seat of his Lordships in this County, is *Cowdry.*

Earidge.] A Seat of the Lord *Bergavenny's*, 8 Miles *E.* from *East Grinstead.*

Ashburnham.] A Seat of the Lord *Ashburnham's*, 8 Miles *N. W.* from *Hastings.*

SECT. IX. *Curiosities in* Surry.

THE *River Mole*] runneth under Ground, for about 2 Miles and a Quarter, *i. e.* from *Letherhead*, to near *Darking.* And here is *Boxhill*, where great plenty of that curious Wood hath its Growth.

Epsom Wells.] An excellent purging Water, much resorted to by the Citizens of *London*, in the Summer Season. It is from that City about 15 Miles near *S. W.* A pleasant Situation, and famous for excellent Mutton, fed on *Banstead-Downs*, where is Hunting and Horse-

racing. Theſe Waters are to common Water, as 1, to 9953, in Gravity.

Holme Caſtle.] Under this is a wonderful Vault, Arched over with Free-Stone. It is near *Darking.*

Gatton.] A place of Great Antiquity, where Roman Coins have been found.

Richmond Wells] pleaſantly ſituated (near that Town) upon an Hill, whence there is a fine Proſpect many Miles.

The Waters are Calybeat, and Purging by Stool and Urin; are much uſed.

Kingſton] ſtands on the River *Thames*, a very noted Corn-Market; ſometimes the Aſſize-Town. It had its name from ſeveral of the *Saxon* Kings, being there Crowned; hath a fine Bridge; and is about 10 Miles *S. W.* from *London.*

Dullwich] a pleaſant Rural Place, where is a College. Here are Calybeat Waters, very good, the Weight in proportion to common Water, as 1 to 9936. 'Tis 3 Miles and ¼ *S.* from *London-bridge.*

Stretham.] Another Village, where are very good Phyſical Water, whoſe Weight is in proportion to common Water, as 1 to 9930. This is about 5 Miles near *S. W.* from *London-bridge.*

Guilford.] A good Market-Town, and is farther remarkable for an Ancient Church and Free-School, well founded by *Edward* VI. 'Tis about 30 Miles *S. W.* from *London.*

Farnham] The beſt Market for Hops in *England*; alſo a good Corn-Market. 'Tis 9 Miles near *W.* from *Guilford*: The Caſtle ſee farther.

Southwork.] A Rich and Populous Place. Things remarkable within its Bounds, are Six

Parish Churches. 2. The Noble Hospital of St. *Thomas*, mostly new built. 3. The Beauty of St. *Saviour's* Church. 4. The *Sessions-House*. The *Borough* is in the Jurisdiction of the City of *London*, to which it is joined by a stately Stone Bridge, whereon is built a Noble Street, about 400 Yards Long. Here is the County Gaol for *Surry*. See *London-bridge*.

Seats of the Nobility.

Wimbleton.] A Seat of the Duke of *Leed's*, about 8 Miles *S. W.* from the *S.* end of *London-bridge*.

Pepperharrow.] A Seat of the Duke of *Newcastle*, 5 Miles *S. W.* from *Guilford*, or 4 near *E.* from *Farnham*.

Waybridge.] A Seat of the Lady *Dorchester's*, 6 Miles near *W.* from *Kingston*; 'tis near *Otlands*, which was before the Civil Wars a very beautiful Royal Palace.

Flanchford.] A Seat of the Earl of *Plymouth*, near *Rygate*, or about 17 Miles near *S.* from *London*.

Towting-gravny.] A Seat of the Lord *North* and *Grey's*, 6 Miles near *S. W.* from *London-bridge*.

Albury.] The Lord *Guernsey's*, not far from *Black-heath*.

Lambeth-House.] The Archbishop of *Canterbury's* City Seat.

Croyden Palace.] The said Archbishop's Country Seat, 7 Miles *S.* from *London-bridge*.

Farnham Castle.] A Seat of the Lord Bishop of *Winchester's*; distance, see *Farnham* above.

Other things in this County, see the Scheme.

SECT.

SECT. X. *Curiosities in the County of* Kent.

Deptford] Remarkable for a noted Dock, where Ships are built and repaired; also a wet Dock about 2 Acres in superficies for Ships to ride in, another of an Acre and a half for Timber, Masts, &c. to season in. And at this place are several Storehouses, for the Navy. Tis about 5 Miles *S. E.* from *London-bridge*.

Greenwich] Remarkable for a fine Park, 2. A Spacious, stately and Beautiful Hospital; for wounded Seamen, perhaps the finest in the World. 3. For the Royal Observatory, and an House for the Queens Astronomer, where are large Telescopes, &c. It stands a little *Eastward* from *Depteford*.

Woolwich] A place provided with all manner of Necessaries, for building Ships: as Storehouses, Docks, Launches, &c. And some of the largest of the Royal Navy, have here been Built and Launched: likewise stores of large Artillery and Ammunition are here kept. Tis about 2 Miles near *E.* from *Greenwich*.

Gravesend] The place where Ships outward bound are cleared. It stands on the famous River *Thames*; (20 Miles from *London*) which is so deep and gentle, that Ships of 500 Tuns are brought by it 80 Miles *W.* from the Sea. And the Lord Mayors Jurisdiction extends from the Mouth of the River *Medway*, to *Staines-bridge*.

Tunbridge wells.] They are Calybeat Springs, accounted very wholesome; and for that reason are much drunk in the Summer time, by the Nobility,

Nobility, Gentry, &c. This place is noted for fine Wooden ware. The Water is in weight to that of common Water, as 1 to 1. 0029 distant from *London*, near *S. E.* about 35 Miles.

At or near *Ailsford*, not far from *Tunbridge-wells*; is a Monument in Memory of *Catigern* the *British* General, who was there *Slain*. It is not much unlike that of *Stonehenge*, in *Wiltshire*.

Rochester] is a City, remarkable for its Bridge, one of the finest in *Britain*; it extends over the *Medway*; 2. Its Cathedral; 3. A Castle. It is from *London* near *S. E.* about 28 Miles.

Feversham] Remarkable for being the burial place of King *Stephen*, his Queen *Maud*, and their Son *Eustace*; 2. For that near it are Pits of great depth, that are narrower at the Top, and wider inward. Some say they were made by the *Britains*, whence to dig Chalk: Others that they were intended for Garners to hide Corn in.

Canterbury] a City (whose Bishop is primate and Metropolitan of all *England*) Remarkable for the Magnificence and Beauty of *Christ Church*, and St. *Austins*; in the former were interred Archbishop *Becket*, for whom a rich shrine was reared; he being a Canonized Saint. Here is also, the Tomb of the famous Hero *Edward* the Black Prince, Son to *Edward* the III. King of *England*, and that of King *Henry* the IV. &c. In the Porch of the latter Church, was buryed St. *Augustin*; (the English Apostle) who was Chief of those that were sent from *Rome*, and converted the Heathen *Saxons* to Christianity. It is about 55 Miles near *S. E.* from *London*.

Chatham Dock] Is a principal Chamber of the Royal Navy, having several Forts for their defence;

defence; Store-houses, &c. 'tis a very noble Arsenal.

The Royal Fort of *Sheerness* is also worth observing.

Maidstone] is the County Town, and near it, *viz.* at *Egerton*, is a petrifying Spring.

Deal] A place very much frequented by such as belong to Shipping. Near it is the *Downs*, a Chief Station, both for Men of War and Merchant Men.

Dover] is remarkable for an excellent Harbour. 2. For a large Castle with strong Fortifications, and many Towers. 3. For its Mole or Peer, hence may be seen *Callais* in *France*, about 19 Miles from it. *Dover* is 70 Miles near *S. E.* from *London*.

At *Dungeness*, the utmost promontory of this County Southward, are many Pebbles; among which are a heap of larger Stones, which the Populace call the Monument of St. *Crispin*; who with his Wife, was here left on the Shore, by the Sea after Shipwrack.

Heathfield] A Seat of the Earl of *Thanet* near *Ashford*. *Sylam* is another of his Lordships Seats.

Noblemens Seats.

Knowl] A Seat of the Earl of *Dorset*'s near *Sevenoke*.

Eastwell] A Seat of the Earl of *Winchelsea* near *Ashford*; it hath a pleasant Park and Moat.

Penhurst] A Seat of the Earl of *Leicester*, near *Tunbridge*.

Allington-Castle] A Seat of the Lord *Ashley*; as is also *Maidstone* place.

Bromley-House] A Seat of the Bishop of *Rochester*, about 7 Miles near *S.* from *London*.

Leeds-Castle] A Seat of the Lord *Colepepers*, near

near *Maidstone*; *Greenway-Court* is also his Lordships, 5 Miles *E.* from *Maidstone*.

Leighs-Court] A Seat of the Lord *Rockingham*, 6 Miles *S. W.* from *Canterbury*.

Hever Castle] A Seat of the Lord *Walgrave's*, about 6 Miles near *W.* from *Tunbridge*.

Cobham-hall] Is about 4 Miles *S. E.* of *Gravesend*.

Other things in this County, see the Scheme.

Sect. XI. *Curiosities in* Essex.

Waltham-Abby] The place where the Famous King *Harold* was buryed; and his Tomb lately discovered, he founded this Noble *Abby*.

Horn-Church] To the East part of which a huge pair of Horns are commonly fastned, whence its name.

Dunmow] A very pleasant Situation on an Eminence.

Chelmsford] Is the County Town, where the Assizes are kept.

Harwich] Is remarkable, for its Haven being next to *Holland*: it is from *London N. E.* about 70 Miles.

Wallfleet] is noted for excellent Oysters, as is also,

Colchester] A very Pleasant and populous Place, famous for its great Antiquity, is said to be the Birth-place of King *Lucius*, (who Reigned about *Anno* 180) and of the Roman Emperour *Constantine* the Great, and his Mother *Helena*, the

the first Christian Princess in the World. 'Tis about 46 Miles *E.* from *London*.

Saffron-walden] So called for that much Saffron groweth thereabout; and one thing is very Wonderful, that after 3 Years growth of Saffron successively, the same Ground will produce very plentiful Crops of Barly, for 18 Years together without dunging.

Stratford by *Bow*] The Bridge here was the first built of Stone in *England*; from whose Arch or *Bow* the Town received its Name. It extends over the River *Leigh*, and was built by *Maud*, *Henry* I. Queen.

Tilbury-fort] Stands on the River *Thames*, right against *Graves-end*, here is for the most part a strong Garrison.

New hall] A Seat late of the Duke of *Albemarle*, 'tis about 3 Miles *N.E.* from *Chelmsford*.

Noblemens Seats.

Chesterford] A Seat of the Earl of *Suffolk*, in the *N.W.* Angle of the County.

Bentley] A Seat of the late Earls of *Oxford*, a few Miles near *W.* from *Harwich*.

Leighs priory] A Seat of the Earls of *Manchester*, about 6 Miles *N.* from *Chelmsford*.

Havering] A Seat of the Lord Marquiss of *Linsey's*, about 3 Miles *N.* from *Rumford*.

St. Osyth] A Seat of the Earl of *Rivers*, about 10 Miles *S.W.* from *Harwich*.

Writtle] A Seat of the Lord *Peters*, about 2 Miles from *Chelmsford S.*

Cranham] Another Seat of the Lord *Peters*, about 3 Miles *S.* from *Burntwood*. And *Ingerston Hall* and *Thorndon*, are 2 other Seats of that Lords.

Epping-

Epping-place] The late Earl of *Tankerville*'s, about 14 Miles N. from *London*.

Easton-lodge] A Seat of the Lord *Maynard*'s, near *Dunmow*. And *Ashden* is another of that Lords Seats, near *Walden*.

Tolesbury] A Seat of the Lord *Howard* of *Escrick*, about 7 Miles *S.* from *Colchester*.

Lawford-Hall] A Seat of the Lord *Crews*, near *Maningtree*, about 8 Miles *W.* from *Harwich*.

Audly-end] A Noble Palace belonging to the Crown, 1 Mile *S.* from *Walden*.

Other remarkables in this County, see the Scheme.

SECT. XII. *Curiosities in* Middlesex.

I Shall begin with *London* the chief City, not only of this County, but of great *Britain*; and may without partiality, or just offence to Foreigners, be truly esteemed a City as Ancient, Spacious, Rich, Populous, and Beautiful, as is known in *Europe*, if not in the World. Tis said to be Built 600 Years after the Flood.

Dimensions of London. *Content.*

The Length from *E.* to *W.* is about 5 Miles, Breadth from *N.* to *S.* 2 and a quarter, Circumference near 23; area 2288 Acres, wherein are contained 945 large Streets and Lanes, 2252 lesser Streets, Lanes, Alleys, Rows, Courts, Yards, &c. 20 Markets, 20 fine Squares; 2 Cathedral Churches; 100 Parochial (besides 50 more by Act of Parliament, to be Built) 27 Chappels, 4 Colleges, 24 Free Schools, (besides

sides many hundreds of Private ones) 49 Sumptuous Halls, for Companies (besides the *Royal Exchange*, *Guild-Hall*, and other stately Structures) 70 Incorporate Companies, 5 Bridges, 15 Gates, about 107000 Houses, 535000 Persons, 103700 Fighting Men.

Civil Government.

London, exclusive of *Westminster* and *Southwark*, is divided into 26 Wards, each of which hath an Alderman, who is in that Office for Life, and one of which is Annually chosen to Preside over the whole, and for that time hath the Title of Lord Mayor. He is Elected to that Office by the Aldermen, out of 2 of the 26 (of whom they do of late Years, always take the Senior in Office) returned to them by the Livery Men, who are about 6000 in Number, and are composed of the best part of the said Incorporated Companies; most of whom on the Lord Mayor's Day (being the day he is sworn at *Westminster*,) appear in their habits of Furr'd long Gowns, with their Atchievements on rich Banners; and Musick marching before them, when the Lord Mayor and Aldermen, in their rich Scarlet Gowns, and splendid Caparison make a Sumptuous Cavalcade.

Lord Mayors shew.

The Extent of the Lord Mayor's power.

The Lord Mayor does also exercise Jurisdiction, in the Borough of *Southwark*; which is on the *S.* side of the River *Thames*, and on the River: from the Mouth of the River *Medway*, *Westward* to *Stainsbridge* being about 60 Miles. And for the better Government of the whole there are held upwards

wards of 20 Courts of Law; within the Bills of Mortality.

The Ecclesiastical Government of London.

The Ecclesiastick Government, is by a Bishop, an Arch-Deacon, and the Dean, and 3 Residentiaries of St. *Paul's*; The Archbishop of *Canterbury*, hath also 13 peculiars being Parishes, in the Bills of Mortality, under his Government. The first Archbishop of *London* was about *Anno.* 185, the first Bishop about 604. And there hath been a Succession of 86 Bishops in all.

Military Government.

The Military Government of *London*, is by Commission, from the Queen constituting many; (perhaps about a 100) of the chief Citizens a Lieutenancy, whereby they are Invested with Power, as the Lord Lieutenants of Counties, to appoint Officers for, and direct and command in Chief the 6 Regiments. Here is also the Artillery Company, Incorporated by Patents, for Improvement of Marshal Discipline, and serve as a Nursery for Officers of the Trained-bands.

Civil Government of Westminster.

The Civil Government of *Westminster*, is by a High Steward: commonly one of the prime Nobility; his Deputy (who sits and determines Causes at *Westminster*, in Sessions) an High Bayliff, and 7 Burgesses, who govern the 9 Wards: into which *Westminster* is divided.

Spiritual Government of Westminster.

The Spiritual Government of *Westminster*, is by the Dean and Chapter: who also in many Cases have Authority in Civil Affairs,

fairs, and they have the Election of the High Steward.

The Military Government of *Westminster*, and that part of the Suburbs adjoyning, which is within the Bills of Mortality, but in the County of *Middlesex*, is by a Lord Lieutenant, and 34 Deputy Lieutenants. And thus having by a kind of digression, given the Stranger a short Account of the Magnitude, Populousness, and Government, of the Metropolis of *Great Britain*. I shall proceed according to my Chief design, to take Notice of such things as are worthy of his View.

Military Government.

In and relating to St. Pauls Cathedral may be observed.

As curious Carving in Stone and Wood, and fine Iron-work, as St. *Paul's* can perhaps any where be found; and in General, the Magnificence, Strength, Beauty and Enrichments of the whole are very remarkable; particular things that may be taken notice of are, 1. The Dome; 2. The *West* Pediment, where the History of St. *Paul's* Conversion, is lively represented in Stone; 3. The *West* Marble Door-case, and the Scripture stories finely Carved in Relievo; which are round about it. 4. The neatness of the Iron-doors, especially those opening into the Choir under the Organ; the Iron-work round the Inside of the Dome, &c. 5. The Beauty of the Outer-door Cases, the Roof and between Arches, the *North* and *South* Porticos, and Pediments, &c. All exquisitely cut in Stone; 6. The very Beautiful carving in Wood, or enrichments, as Cherubims, Fruit, Leaves, &c. especially in the

Choir, and about the Organ-case; 7. The fine Painting and Gilding about the Altar, as *Lapis-Lazuli-Pilasters*, Glory, &c. The Marble Foot-pace within the Rails; 8. The very ingenious Veineering of the Pulpit. 9. The Sliding-doors, for the Aperture, entring into the Choir; 10. The neatness of the Consistory, and Morning Prayer Chapel, Library and Vestry, and the Rich Gold Plate there; 11. The Pavement of the whole Church, with Marble; 12. The Whispering-place, and double Roof above; 13. The spaciousness of the Vaults below, with the Old and New Monuments therein; 14. The curious Clock-work, and very large Bell, on which the Hour is Struck, weighing 4 Ton, 4 Hundred, and 4 Pound; 15. The Exquisite and Noble Figures of Queen *Anne*, with those of her Dominions, *Britain*, *France*, *Ireland*, and *America*, on a Spacious Marble Pedestal, before the *West* Front; 16. The vast quantity of strong Iron Palisading round the Church-yard; 17. The Models of the Church. And, 18. The designs given in by several of the greatest Masters of History Painting, for the inside of the Dome, &c.

Its Foundation and cost. This Church was 1st. Founded by King *Ethelbert*, *Anno* 610, and having in the Year 1666, been almost Consumed in the Conflagration of the City; the rest was taken down, and the Foundation of this present Church laid *June* 21, 1675. And the Charge of this Building to *Midsummer* 1706, was (according to the *View* of *London*, where the Charge is more particularly Expressed) *l.* 536295: 12: 01½. So that the whole Charge, to the Finishing, will probably be about 700000 *l.*

As

As to the Dimensions; Its length is about 500 foot, breadth between the Portico's 249 Foot, the Circumference 1292 Foot, (or near half a Mile.) The Area of the Ground Plot 2 Acres, and 16 Perches. Altitude over the Middle Isle 88 Foot. Of the *W.* Towers 208 Foot, and of the whole Dome 340 Foot. The Length of the Cross 10 Foot. Diameter of the Ball 6 Foot. Circumference 18.8 Foot. Solidity 113 Foot. Capacity 90 Bushells, and the Convex Area is 113 Foot. *Dimensions.*

Westminster Abby hath many things in it curious and observable. As 1. The fine Glass-Painting. 2. The curious new Marble Altar-Piece. 3. The neatness of the Choir. 4. The curious Monuments fixed to the Walls and Pillars, round the Isles; as of Sir *Cloudsly Shovell*, (the Famous Admiral,) Mr. *Stepny*, a Foreign Embassador, *&c.* in the S. Isle. Of Divines, Antiquaries, Poets, *&c.* As Dr. *Barrow*, Dr. *Oughtram*, Dr. *Busby*, Dr. *Hornook*; Mr. *Camden*, *Chaucer*, *Spencer*, *Drayton*, *Cowley*, *Shadwell*, about the S. Stem of the Cross Isle. And not far from the *W.* end of the Church, and near the *N.* side is the Inscription, to *Rare Ben Johnson*, in Memory of that Poet. *Monuments in the* Abby.

From the *S.* Stem of the Cross Isle, round about the *E.* end of the Church, to the *N.* Stem, are 9 Chapels, many of which are adorn'd with Magnificent and Rich Shrines, Tombs, and other Monuments, which are for the most part in Memory of Kings, Queens, and Prime Nobility. For the seeing of which every Person

payeth 3*d.* the Money arising whereby, is divided among the Minor Canons.

1. *In the Chapel of St.* Benedict.

Here are Monuments in Memory of, 1. Dr. *Goodman*, 40 Years Dean of this Church. 2. The Countess of *Hertford.* 3. *Simon Langham*, Abbot of this Monastery. 4. *William Bill* Dean of this Church, and *Almoner.* 5. *Lionel Cranford*, Earl of *Middlesex*, Lord High Treasurer of *England*, and his Lady.

2. *In the Chapel of St.* Edmund.

Monuments here are, 1. In Memory of *William de Valance*, Earl of *Pembroke.* 2. *Edward Talbot*, Earl of *Shrewsbury*, and his Lady. 3. Sir *Richard Peckſal* Knight, Master of the *Buckhounds*, to Queen *Elizabeth.* 4. *Humphry Bourchair*, Slain in the Battle of *Barnel*, between the Houses of *York* and *Lancaster.* 5. Sir *Bernard Brocas*, Chamberlain to *Richard* the 2d's Queen. 6. *John* Lord *Russel*, Son to the Earl of *Bedford.* 7. *Elizabeth* the Daughter of *John* Lord *Russell*, who is said to have bled to Death, with pricking her Finger. 8. *Francis Hollis*, Son to the Earl of *Clare*, a Youth of great Valour and Learning. 9. *Frances*, Dutchess of *Suffolk*, Grandchild to King *Henry* VII. 10. *William* of *Windsor*, and his Sisters, Children of *Edward* III. 11. *John Eltham*, Earl of *Cornwall*, 2d. Son to King *Edward* II. 12. *Eleonor de Bohun*, Dutchess of *Glouceſter*, Daughter-in-Law to King *Edward* III. 13. *Robert Walby* Archbishop of *York.* 14. The Countess of *Stafford.* 15. The Lady *Jane Seymour*, Cousin German to King *Edward* VI. 16. Lady *Catharine Knowles*, Cousin German to Queen *Elizabeth.*

3. *In the Chapel of St.* Nicholas.

This is the 3d. *Eastward*, and therein are Monuments in Memory of, 1. Sir *George Villars*, and his Lady. 2. *Philippa*, Dutchess of *York*; her Husband was Grandson to *Edward* III. and killed at the Battle of *Agin-Court* in *France*. 3. *Elizabeth*, the Daughter of the Earl of *Rutland*. 4. *Winifred*, Marchioness of *Winchester*. 5. *William Dudley*, Bishop of *Durham*. 6. The Lady *Burley*, and her Daughter *Anne*, Countess of *Oxford*. 7. Sir *George Fane*, and his Lady. 8. Sir *Nicholas Carew*, and his Lady. 9. *Anne*, Dutchess of *Somerset*. 10. The Lady *Elizabeth Cecil*, Daughter of the Lord *Cobham*. 11. The Lady *Jane Clifford*, Daughter of the Duke of *Somerset*. 12. Sir *Humphrey Stanley*, one of the Gentlemen of the Bed-Chamber to *Henry* VII. And here is in a Gold Cup, placed on the Vertex of a Marble Pyramid, the Heart of *Anne Sophia*, Daughter to Count *Bellamont*.

4. *In the Chapel of St.* Paul.

It is next, *North-Westward*, to the Steps that lead up to *Henry* VII's. Chapel, wherein are Monuments in Memory of, 1. Sir *John Puckering*, Lord Keeper of the Great Seal to Queen *Elizabeth*, and his Lady. 2. Sir *James Fulberton*, first Gentleman of the Bed Chamber to King *Charles* I. 3. Sir *Thomas Bromly*, Lord Chancellor to Queen *Elizabeth*. 4. Sir *Dudley Carleton*, Viscount of *Dorchester*, frequently Employed in Embassies. 5. *Frances*, Countess of *Sussex*. 6. *Francis*, Lord *Cottington*, twice Embassador in *Spain*, Lord High Treasurer, Constable of the *Tower*, first Master of the Court of *Wards*, and Chancellor of the *Exchequer* to King *Charles* I. and his Lady. 7. *Lewis Robsons*,

ſent, Lord *Bouchier*, Knight of the Garter, and Standard bearer to King *Henry* V. 8. Sir *Giles Daubney*, Lord Chamberlain to King *Henry* VII.

5. *In St.* Eraſmus *Chapel*,

(Which is the next, *Weſtward*, to the laſt) are Monuments in Memory of, 1. Sir *Thomas Vaughan*, Knight, Treaſurer to King *Edward* IV. 2. *Thomas Cary*, ſecond Son to the Earl of *Monmouth*. 3. *Hugh* and *Mary de Bohun*, Grandchildren to King *Edward* I. 4. *Henry Cary*, Baron *Hunſdon*, Lord High Chamberlain, Privy Counſellor, and Couſin German to Queen *Elizabeth*, Governour of *Berwick*, Captain of the Band of Penſioners, Juſtice in *Eyre* on this ſide of the *Trent*, and Knight of the Garter, with his Lady; 'tis very Magnificent. 5. *William* of *Colcheſter*, Abbot of *Weſtminſter*. 6. *Thomas Ruthel*, Biſhop of *Durham*, Secretary to *Henry* VII. 7. *George Flaccet*, Abbot of this Church. 8. In the middle of the Area a Spacious and Beautiful Tomb in Memory of *Thomas Cecil*, Earl of *Exeter*, Privy Councellor to King *James* I. Knight of the Garter, and his firſt Counteſs; there is room left for the Figure of his ſecond Wife, but ſhe refuſed to have it lie towards his Left-hand. 9. Of Colonel *Popham*.

6. *In the Chapel of St.* Edward *the* Confeſſor.

This is ſituate croſs the Iſle, from the laſt Chapel, and up a few Steps, at the *E.* end of the Choir. Here are Monuments in Memory of *Edward* I. and *Eleanor* his Queen. 2. The Noble and Rich Shrine of St. *Edward* the *Confeſſor*. 3. The Monument of King *Henry* III. Founder of this Church. 4. Queen *Matilda*, Wife to *Henry* I. 5. Of *Henry* V. who Conquered

quered *France*, his Head they tell you being Silver was ſtoln away. 6. *Edward* III. that Famous Warlike King, and his Queen *Philippa*. 7. *Thomas* of *Woodſtock*, the ſixth Son of *Edward* III. 8. *Richard* II. and his Queen *Anne*. 9. *Elizabeth* Daughter of *Henry* VII. 10. Lady *Margaret*, Daughter of *Edward* IV. 11. *John Waltham*, Biſhop of *Sarum*. 12. Queen *Catharine* of *Valois*, Wife to *Henry* V. 13. *Edmund Crouchback*, Earl of *Lancaſter*, Son to *Henry* III. and his Wife. 14. *Aymery de Valence*, (a Knight Templer,) Earl of *Pembrook*, Couſin to *Henry* III. 15. King *Sebert*, and his Queen; he was one of the firſt Founders of this Church.

Here are alſo the Chairs, wherein the Kings and Queens have been uſually Crowned, one is of Great Antiquity, brought many hundred Years ago from *Scotland*; under the Seat thereof is the Stone (they tell you) which *Jacob* made his Pillow.

7. *The Chapel of the Bleſſed Virgin, commonly called* Henry *the* VIIth's.

This Chapel is ſituate up the Steps, at the moſt *Baſterly* end of the Church. It is with its Monuments, one of the moſt curious Proſpects that a Traveller can ſee in *England*, or perhaps elſewhere.

1. The Chapel it ſelf is remarkable for the moſt exquiſite Workmanſhip of its Roof. 2. The vaſt number of Figures curiouſly Cut in Stone, which do almoſt in all places enrich the Walls. 3. The Glaſs-Painting. And, 4. For the 3 curious and Maſſy Doors of Fine Braſs, which open at the *W.* end.

I ſhall mention the Monuments in the order they ſtand, and are ſhewn, begining at the *N. W.*

Angle. As, 1. You have the Effigies of the Duke of *Albemarle*, (or General *Munk*) in a Wainscot Case. 2. A Monument in Memory of the Lord Marquis of *Hallifax*. 3. A Noble and Magnificent one in Memory of Q. *Elizabeth*. 4. A curious one in Memory of *Sophia*. And, 5. Another of *Mary*, Daughters to King *James* I. 6. Of *George Villars*, Duke of *Buckingham*, very Stately and Curious. 7. *Henry* VII's. Tomb and Screen, very Spacious and Admirable Workmanship of Solid Brass, Polished and Enriched with various Figures, besides those of the King and Queen. 8. The Effigies of the Dutchess of *Richmond*, in her Robes, in a Wainscot Case. 9. The extraordinary Noble Brass Monument of the Old Duke and Dutchess of *Richmond*. And on the Area of that little Chapel, are deposited in their Coffins, 10. The Bodies of *Don Pedro de Ronquillo*, the *Spanish* Embassador to King *William* III. And, 11. That of Count *Briancon*, Minister of the Duke of *Savoy*, to Queen *Anne*. 12. The Effigies of King *Charles* II. curiously done in Wax, habited in his Robes, as Sovereign of the Noble Order of the Garter. 13. The next Tomb, *Westward*, is in Memory of *Margaret* Countess of *Richmond* and *Derby*, Mother to *Henry* VII. 14. Immediately *W.* from that, is a very Magnificent Monument, in Memory of *Mary*, Queen of *Scots*, Mother to King *James* I. 15. *Westward* from the last, is a very rich and costly Monument, for *Margaret* Countess of *Lenox*, Grand-mother to King *James* I. and her Children; she was nearly Allyed to 11 Kings and Queens.

9. *The Chapel of St.* John Baptist.

This is the 3d. *W.* from the bottom of the Steps,

Steps, leading to King *Henry* VIIs. Chapel in the *N.* Iſle, and here you ſee the fine Monuments 1. Of Sir *Chriſtopher Hatton*, Son and Heir of *Chriſtopher* Lord Viſcount *Hatton*; High Chancellor of *England*; And of *John Iſlip* Abbot of this Church, and a good Benefactor to it, &c.

9, 10, 11. Theſe 3 Chappels are *Weſtward* from the former, and in a Row being laid together as one, fronting the *W.* in the *N.* Stem of the Croſs Iſle, their Names are,

1. St. *John Evangeliſts*, 2 St. *Michael*, and 3 St. *Andrews*. Where are, curious Monuments in Memory of, 1 Sr. *John Harpendon*, 2 Sr. *George Hollis*, a Major General, Brother to the Earl of *Clare*; 3. Of Sr. *Francis de Vere*, Captain General of the *Engliſh* Forces in the *Netherlands*; it is a Marble Table, ſupported on the Shoulders of 4 Armed Men; 4. The Lady *Catharine* St. *John*; 5. Of the Dutcheſs of *Somerſet*; 6. Of Sir *Francis Norris* Knight, afterwards Baron *Norris* of *Rycot*; this laſt is a very ſpacious Tomb: adorn'd with *Columns* ſupporting a rich Canopy, Figures, &c.

Foundation of Weſtminſter-Abby.

This Church of St. *Peter Weſtminſter*, is a ſtately Ancient Structure of the *Gothick* Order, the Noble lofty Roofs, ſupported by large Marble Pillars of that Order. 'Tis ſaid to have been firſt Founded by King *Lucius*, about the Year 170; Afterward by King *Sebert*, *Edward* the Confeſſor, *Edward* the I. *Edward* the II. and *Henry* the III. who built the Church now ſtanding.

Dimenſions.

Its Length is 354 Foot (excluding *Henry* VII's. Chapel) Breadth of the *Weſt* part 66 Foot. Length

of

of the Cross Isle, 189 Foot. Altitude, of the middler Roof 92 Foot.

Other Curiosities about London and Westminster *are,*

Cotton Library] In the passage from *Westminster-Hall*, to the *Abby*, where are a curious Collection of Ancient choice manuscript Volumes: done mostly on Vellum, collected by Sir *Robert Cotton*; and is by Act of Parliament, made a publick Library. With Medals and other Curiosities.

Westminster-Hall] One of the largest Rooms in *Europe*, not supported by Pillars: Tis about 228 Foot in Length, 66 in Breadth, and 90 in Altitude; Built by *William Rufus*. Here are held the High Court of Chancery, Queens bench, and Common-pleas. And the Colours and Standards, taken at the Battle of *Hockstedt*, are in this *Hall* expoled.

The *Houses* of *Lords* and *Commons*] where the Throne, the Woolpacks and Places, for the Lords and great Officers; as also, the fine Tapstry Hangings, in the former, are very remarkable.

The Palace] (where Queen *Anne* was Born 1664.) and *Chapel* of St. *James*. Here in the great Court, is a *Whales* Rib, in length about 21 Foot and 21 Inches in Breadth or Diameter in the thickest part; and at *White-Hall*, the *Banqueting-House*, and Statue of King *James* II. in Brass, with the Dial in *Privy-Garden*, are observable.

The Fine Houses] of the Duke of *Buckingham*, and *Malborough*, and the *Canal* and *Mal*, in the Park may be observed.

The Duke of Montague's House] is also very remarkable for curious Finishing and Furniture.

Shells, Insects, a Coffee-tree with Berries, &c.]

A

A curious Collection at Dr. *Sloan's*, in *Bloomsbury-Square.*

Winstanley's Waterworks] are observable for the Ingenious dexterity of managing the Water, and disposing the Streams.

A curious Equestrian Statue of Brass, representing King *Charles* I. at *Charing-cross.*

Somerset-House.] One of the Queen's Palaces, with the Gardens and Statues.

The Temple-Church] a Beautiful Ancient Structure, of the *Gothick* order. It was founded by the Knights Templers, about the Year 1118, who being overgrown with Riches and Vice; were dissolved 1324. Here are the Figures done in Marble, of 9 of the Knights Templers, in their Habits, with Swords, Armour and Shields, their profession having been to Vindicate Christianity, and protect Pilgrims in their Travels: to visit the Holy Land, and Sepulchre of our Saviour. They have probably been here about 490 Years.

Lincolns-Inn] Another of the Inns of Court, situate in *Chancery-lane*, remarkable for Walks, Statues, Fountains, and very curious Glass painting, in the Chapel. And *Grays-Inn* is observable, for fine spacious Walks, and noble Building in the Quadrangle, &c.

Royal Societies Repository] In *Crain-court* in *Fleet-street*, where is a Collection of wonderful Curiosities, both in Nature and Art, (too long to be here particulariz'd, above 300 in Number. The Society was founded by King *Charles* II, *Anno* 1663, and thence called the *Royal Society*; it consists of a President, 20 Council, and about 170 Fellows; their Library is about 4000 Volumes. They have their Proceedings or Transactions published once

a Year, which contain very many curious Observations and Discoveries, chiefly in Natural Philosophy; worthy the perusal of the Learned World.

And among many others of the Curiosities, in their Repositories you have.

An Egyptian Mummy; The Skeletons of a Man and Woman; A Stone voided by the penis of a Man at *Exeter*, 2 inches and a quarter in Length of a Pyramidal form.

The Scull of a Sea Horse; The Horns of a Spanish Ram 3 yards long, and 1 between the Tips—— The Tail of an Indian Cow, whose Hair is about a yard and quarter long: (This Creature is worshipped by the People, near the *Ganges.*) A Camelions Skin (which Creature is said to live by the Air.) A Skeleton of a Crocodile near 5 yards long; And a Salamander. The Rib of a Triton (or Merman;) One joint of the Back-bone of a Whale 30*l.* in weight; The Horn of a Sea Unicorn; the Head of a Manati (or Sea Cow.) Several kinds of curious Shells, particularly one of a Muscle, 3 quarters of a Foot in length. The Webb of a Bermudas Spider, so strong as to snare a Bird: part of a Stinking Tree, smelling like Humane Dung: a Palmeto Leaf, 1 yard and a half long; a Bulchafer, (the biggest of Insects) this is about 5 inches long, and 2 and a quarter broad. A Coco Nut in length 1 Foot, and in Compass 1 and 3 quarters: it is a most useful Tree, for of it the Indians make these uses: of the husk they make Ropes; of the Shell, Ladles, &c. The cover next the Kernel, is a pleasant Meat; the Liquor, Drink; the Blossom, Vinegar; the Kernel, a Milk to eat with their Rice, also Oyl to eat and burn; of the Leaves of the Tree, they make

make Sails, covers for Houses, and Huts; and of the Wood they make Ships. A Cane of the Cedar of Mount *Lebanon* (some on this Mount are said to be 12 or 14 Fathom circumference.) Part of the upper Jaw, and 8 very great double Teeth, and the Fragments of other Bones; all petrifyed and found near *Canterbury*, 17 Foot under Ground. A petrified Crab, hard as a Pebble, dissolvable with Acids: a great double Tooth, 5 inches long and 2 broad Petrified; a Sherks Tooth, that to which this belonged must be 36 Foot long. A piece of Chrystal 39 pound weight: a Load-stone 60 *l.* weight; it moves a needle at 9 Foot distance, and was dug out of the Ground in *Devonshire*; an Instrument whereby the quantity of Rain that falls at any time, on any piece of Ground is measured. The Model of a Geometrical Floor, composed only of 4 pieces of Timber: another of the Hull of a double bottomed Ship: a Wind Gun, contrived by Bishop *Wilkins*: a Gun that discharges, 7 times one after another, presently; a Machine for Plowing, Sowing, and Harrowing, all at once. A Box of Cups (turned work) being 100 one within another, the Bowl of the outmost is but 2 Inches and a half Diameter: a Prism, and the Head of a Princess, with her Hair both turned Work; a Roman urn of Glass, above 1500 Years old: Mosaick work found under Ground, in *Holbourn* and near the *Bath*. A Roman Money-pot, with several Roman Coins in it, (they are particularly mentioned by Dr. *Grew*,) found in 1651, in *Weekfield*, in the Parish of *Hedington*, in the County of *Wilts*. A Burning Glass, contrived and given by Sir *Isaac Newton*; it melts any kind of Metal, held

in

in the Focus, and even vitrifieth Brick and Tile. A swiming Stone, about a Foot and a half solid. A Cane 26 Foot long; a Chusan chair, a wonderful curiosity; being of natural growth and shape, with Rails, Pillars, Seat, Back, Elbows, &c. It was given by my Lord *Somers* in 1702, and was brought from *China*. The Model of the Temple of *Jerusalem*; a large Cylindrical piece of a Petrified Tree, 14 Inches diameter; and about the like depth, brought from *Antegoa* in 1695, by *Benjamin Middleton* Esq; The Horns of a Red Deer, 7 Foot 1 Inch between the Tips, found in *Ireland*, 14 Foot deep in a bog, given by an *Irish Bishop*. A Cinnamon Staff about 7 Foot long, and 1 and a quarter in the Diameter.

Bow-Steeple] In *Cheap-side*, one of the most curious Spires in the World; that and the *Tower*, are adorned with the 5 orders of Architecture; called the Tuscan, Dorick, Jonick, Corinthian, and Composit; designed by Sr. *Christopher Wren*, the Altitude of the Steeple is 225 Foot.

King Charles II.] His Statue (being an Equestrian) cut in Marble, his Horse trampling on an Enemy. This is situate at *Stocks Market*, and was given by Sr. *Robert Viner*.

The Royal Exchange] is an Extraordinary, Magnificent, and Beautiful Structure, adorned and enriched with curious Statues of many of our Kings and Queens, placed in Niches round the inside. It was Founded by Sr. *Thomas Gresham*, *Anno* 1566, was so called by Queen *Elizabeth*; but being Burnt by the general Conflagration of the City in 1666, this Structure (which cost about 50000*l. Sterling*) was Built at the charge of the City, and Mercers Company, and the first Stone laid by King *Charles* II. *Anno* 1669, situate in *Cornhil*. *Beth-*

Bethlem Hospital] For curing Lunatick Persons, a little Northward from the *Royal Exchange*, where are observable, 1. The Spaciousness of the Building. 2. The Commodiousness of the Situation. 3. The several Apartments, for these Poor people, and different Nature of their Malady. 4. The Bills of Fare, for every Day in the Week fixed up, to be seen publickly, &c. (whereby the prudence of the Governours may be observed,) they are the most eminent Citizens.

Guild-Hall] near *Cheapside London*, a spacious Fabrick; for the Room called the *Hall*, is about 150 Foot in length, 48 in Breadth, and 60 in Altitude. Here the City companies meet, to choose Lord Mayors, Sheriffs, Members to serve in Parliament, &c. Here the Courts of Queens-Bench, Common-pleas and Exchequer; The Courts of *Hustings*, of Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and that of the Sheriffs; of Conscience for the City of *London*, are held; and here the City have their publick Feasts. In this place may be observed, 1. The curious portraicts of King *William* and Queen *Mary*, and Queen *Anne* 2. Those of the Judges, in their Scarlet Robes, who were Instrumental in composing differences, between Landlords and Tenants; upon the Rebuilding of the City, after the Fire in 1666, thereby preventing tedious Law suits; they are all painted at full length. 3. Two huge Figures called Giants, well Carved, Painted, and Gilt, each about 14 Foot high. 4. The Guidons, Standards, and Colours, taken from the *French*, at the Battle of *Ramilies*.

The Monument] is probably one of the largest Columns in *Europe*; 'tis in Altitude about 202 Foot, and proportionable Diameter, being of

the

the *Dorick* order fluted. It was erected to perpetuate the Memory of the terrible Fire of *London*, *Anno* 1666, which began within the Compass of its Length, from the base, *Eastward*. There is a spacious Stair-case within it leading almost to the Top; whereon is placed a Flame, or burning Globular-thicket.

London-bridge] is the next thing observable by Strangers, which is a few Yards *Southward* from the *Monument*. On it is built a fair, spacious Street, in Length about 400 Yards, in Breadth 74 Foot. It is supported by strong, Stone, Pillars, and hath 19 spacious Locks or Arches. It extends from *London*, cross the River *Thames*, into *Southwark*, in the County of *Surry*, which River is here so Navigable, that Ships of about 400 Tun may at High Water be brought up to this Bridge, which was first built of Stone *Anno* 1209, before which time was a Timber Bridge.

A Chirurgeon in *Mark-Lane* hath the Blue Garter, worn by King *Charles* I. when beheaded, *Jan.* 1648. He has some other Curiosities.

The Tower of London.] In this place, which is near half a Mile *Eastward* from *London-bridge*, are many Curiosities very observable. As,

1. *The Royal Mint.*

Here may be seen the ingenious Coining of our Money; the Master, Warden, *&c.* are a Corporation.

2. *The Royal Jewel House.*

Where are deposited, 1. The Imperial Crown, wherewith our Kings and Queens have been Crowned, since the time of St. *Edward* the *Confessor*. 2. The *Royal Scepter*, with a *Cross*, where is a Jewel of great Value. 3. The Orb held in the

the Queens Left Hand, at her Coronation; where is a Jewel near an Inch and an half High. 4. A Diadem which her Majesty wore at the Procession, at her Coronation. 5. St. *Edward's* Golden Staff then carryed before the Queen: 6. The Coronation Crown, with the Scepter and Orb, made for the late Queen *Mary*. 7. A Golden Eagle, and Spoon for the Anointing Oyl, used at the Coronation. 8. A Golden Spur and Armilla, wore at the Coronation. 9. The Sword of Mercy, born between the Spiritual and Temporal Swords, at a Coronation. 10. A Large Silver Fountain presented to King *Charles* II. by the Town of *Plymouth*. 11. The Figure of the *Tower*, a Rich Saltseller used at the King or Queen's Table at a Coronation. 12. A Silver Font, double Gilt, wherein the Queen and Royal Family were Christened, &c. And in some of the Crowns are set exceeding Large Diamonds, Pearl, and other Rich Jewels.

3. *The Horse Armory.*

Here they shew you the *curious Figures* of 15 of our *Kings*, since *William* called the *Conqueror*, all Mounted, they are represented with their Guards. The Kings are in Rich Armour.

And here you may see a curious Suit of Armour, which they tell you was *John* of *Ghents*, 4th Son of *Edward* III.

4. *The Grand Store-House.*

Where among many other Curiosities they shew you, 1. A Mortar that shoots 9 several Shells at a time. 2. An Engine for shooting several Musket Balls at once. 3. Six very large Mortars, each of which they say throws a Bomb of 200 Weight 2 Miles. 4. Pontons. 5. A

Rack to Extort Confession. 6. A curious Canon made for Prince *Henry*, the Workmanship is said to have cost 200 Pound. 7. An Engine of small Mortars, that shoots 30 Shells at a time. 8. A Smiths Forge to work with on a March, or when encamped. 9. Cheveaux de Frieze, to keep off Horse, *&c.* with a vast number of Canon and other Instruments, and Materials for War.

5. *The Small Armory.*

This is one of the greatest Curiosities in its kind, being admired by all Strangers. For here you may see Pikes, Carbines, Muskets, Bagonets, Halberts, Swords and Pistols, for an Army of 60000 Men. And these put up in various Figures forming of Columns (with their Corinthian Capitals) the Sun, Star and Garter, Jupiter and the Hydra, Organs, Serpents, half Moons, Batteries, Gates, *&c.* all clean, and in good Order, and for the keeping of them so, there are 10 Persons constantly employed, who have each 10 Shillings *per* Week.

6. *Here is the* Record-Office, *where are Lodged many curious pieces of Antiquity*, &c. *Also the* Ordinance-Office, White-Tower, *&c.*

A little farther *Eastward*, at St. *Catharine's*, the *Brewhouse*, and *Store-houses* of Sir *John Parsons*, are not unworthy of a Strangers View, there being one Vessel in the latter, which containeth 155 Barrels of Beer.

The Theatres] of the College of Physicians, and of Chirurgeons-Hall, with the Library, Painting, and the winding Geometrical Stairs in the College are remarkable; as are the Tables of Veins and Arteries, *&c.* Also the stately Structure in the *Hay-Market*, where Plays are acted.

Chel-

Chelsea College,] or Hospital, about 3 Miles *W.* from *London* is remarkable for the stateliness of the Structure; the pleasant Situation, the Beauty and curious Painting, in the Hall and Lodgings, of the chief Officers. The Neatness of the several Wards, and the Cellars are all worthy of a Strangers View. This is an Hospital for Wounded and Superannuated Souldiers, (as *Greenwich* Hospital is for Seamen) who are here provided with all manner of necessaries for Life; there are about 500 of these Pensioners in the Hospital, and near 1000 Out Pensioners, which last are allowed about 3 Shillings *per* Week each.

Hampton-court] one of the Queen's Palaces; it was given by Cardinal *Wolsey*, to King *Henry* VIII. King *William* took much pleasure in residing here, which gave occasion for an extraordinary Improvement of the Building, Gardens, *&c.* So that for Splendor, Convenience, Beautiful Workmanship, and curious Painting, few Courts in Europe exceed this. Here are 7 Cartoons very large, and most exquisitely Painted, by the Famous *Raphael Urban*; they are accounted worth at the least 400000 *l.* Sterling, and are these Scripture Stories. 1. The Lame Man healed by St. *Peter* and *John*, *Acts* 3. 2. The death of *Ananias*, *Acts* 5. 3. Christ's charge to St. *Peter*, *John* 21. 4. St. *Paul* preaching to the *Athenians*, *Acts* 17. 5. The miraculous draught of Fishes, *Luke* 5. 6. *Elimas* the Sorcerer struck with Blindness, *Acts* 13. 7. St. *Paul* and *Barnabas* at *Lystra*, *Acts* 14.

Other Houses of the Queens in this County.

The Chapel here is also very curious, about 12 Miles near *W.* from *London.*

Kensington House.] A Palace very pleasant, with Noble Furniture, and a curious Clock, whose Motion represents that of the Celestial Spheres. 'Tis about 2 Miles *W.* from *London.*

The Physick Garden] belonging to the Company of Apothecaries, is very observable, situate near *Chelsea.*

Seats of Nobility.

At Highgate.] A Seat of the late Duke's of *Newcastle*, 3 Miles N. from *London.*

Sion House.] A Seat of the Duke of *Somerset*, near *Thistleworth*, about 6 Miles *S. W.* from St. *James's.*

Holland House.] Near *Kensington Gravel-pits*, a Seat of the Lady *Warwick's*, and *Holland.*

Chelsea.] Houses near this place are, 1. The Duke of *Beaufort's.* 2. The Earl of *Linsey's.* And 3. The Lord *Cheyne.*

Cranford,] A Seat of the Earl of *Berkley*, near *Hounslow-heath*; about 12 Miles *W.* from *London.* Another Seat of his Lordships, is near *Knights bridge.*

Canbury House.] The Earl of *Northampton's*, a little N. from *London,*

Mordaunt House.] A Seat of the Earl of *Peterborough's*, near *Hammersmith.*

The Earl of *Burlington*, and Lady *Falconbridge* have each an House near *Twickenham.* As hath the Lady *Faulkland*, at *Whitton*, not far from them.

Dreaton.] A Seat of the Lord *Paget*, 2 Miles N. *E.* from *Colebrook.*

Hackney.] Here is a Seat of the Lord *Brook*, about 3 Miles from *London N.*

Ful-

Fulham.] Here is a Country Seat of the Biſhop of *London.*

Other things of this County, ſee the Scheme.

SECT. XIII. *Curioſities in* Hertfordſhire.

ST. *Albans Church*] is remarkable for Magnitude, Beauty, Antiquity, &c. Near this Town is a Roman Camp, called *Oiſter Hills.*

Duke Humphrey.] His Body, or rather its Sceleton, is expoſed, (which hath been buryed here at St. *Alban's* Church, near 300 Years, for he was Brother to the Famous Warlike King *Henry* V. who Created him Duke of *Glouceſter*, about the Year 1417. This Duke was the Son, the Brother, and Unkle of Kings. St. *Albans* is 20 Miles near N. from *London.*

Womer.] That little River, ſo called, never over-floweth, but as a Preſage of Scarcity, or troubleſome Times. 'Tis near *Redburn*, about 5 Miles *N. W.* from St. *Albans.*

Abbots-Langley] famous for being the Birth-place of *Nicholas Breakſpear*, who was afterward Pope *Adrian* the Vth, (to whom the Emperour *Frederick* I. held the Stirrup as he alighted from his Horſe,) but was afterward choaked with a Fly, that accidentally flew into his Throat. 'Tis between *Watford* and *Hempſtead.*

Ware] near *Hertford*, about 20 Miles *N.* from *London.* Here is a Bed remarkable for its prodigious Magnitude, &c. being 11 Foot long, and about 10 and 3 quarters Broad, they tell you 'twas let up in 1463.

Barkhamſtead] hath an Ancient Caſtle.

Aſhwell.] Here is a noted Spring or Well, encompaſſed round with Aſhes.

Barnet, and Northaw] have Medicinal Waters.

Wimondley.] The Lords of this Mannor are Cup-bearers, at a Coronation, the Tenure being *Grand Serjeantry*. And not far from hence are *Artificial Hills*, such as the Old *Romans* were wont to raise for Souldiers Slain in Battle. *Wimondley* (or *Great Wimley*) is about 2 Miles *E.* from *Hitching*.

Hertford.] The Chief Town of this County hath a Castle on the River *Leigh*. A Seat of the Earl of *Salisbury's*.

Noble Mens Seats are,

Cashioberry] near *Watford*, a Noble Seat of the Earls of *Essex*, about 15 Miles from *London N. W.*

Hadham Hall] is also that Lords, near *Stortford*.

Moor-park] near *Watford*, the late Duke of *Monmouth's*.

Hatfield House.] The Earl of *Salisbury's*, a few Miles near *E.* from St. *Albans*.

Cheston] near *Waltham Abby*, is also his Lordships; as is *Quickswood*, (2 Miles *E.* from *Baldock*,) and *Bigrave*, which is about a Mile from *Baldock*.

Hollaway House] at St. *Albans* is the Dukes of *Marlbrough*.

Theobalds.] Formerly a Royal Palace, 'tis about 6 Miles *N. E.* from *Barnet*.

Totteridge.] A Seat of the Earl of *Anglesey's*, about 2 Miles *S.* from *Barnet*.

Aldenham.] A Seat of the Dukes of *Newcastle*, about 3 Miles *S.* from St. *Albans*.

Other Remarkables, see the Scheme.

SECT.

SECT. XIV. *Curioſities in* Bedfordſhire.

Bedford] is an Ancient Town, very pleaſantly ſituated on the River *Ouſe*, and its Churches are handſome, 'tis about 40 Miles near *N.* from *London*.

Temsford.] Here is a *Daniſh* Camp, about 6 Miles *E.* from *Bedford*.

Apſley Gowitz.] Here is Earth that turneth Wood into Stone, and 'tis ſaid that in *Woburn-Abby*, (near that place) is a Ladder petrifyed, by having been ſome time Buried in this Earth, about 6 Miles from *Dunſtable*, *N.*

Dunſtable] Is remarkable for many Inns, alſo for 4 Streets, that lead towards the 4 Cardinal points, and in each of which there are 4 publick Ponds, which are only ſupplyed by Rain Water, for there are no Springs here, within leſs than 48 yards in depth. Here is a Roman Military way, and Roman Coins are dug up; and near, at *Chiltern-hills*, is a Military Rampart of a round faſhion, containing 9 Acres. It is about 30 Miles near *N.* from *London*, or 10 from St. *Albans*. At this place was Buried a Woman whoſe Epitaph ſheweth that ſhe had 19 Children at 5 Births, *viz.* twice 5 at a time, and 3 times 3 at a Birth.

Wraſt-Hall] A Seat of the Duke of *Kent*, about 6 Miles near *S.* from *Bedford*. *Noblemens Seats.*

Woburn-Abby] A Seat of the Duke of *Bedford*'s, about 6 Miles near *N.* from *Dunſtable*.

Bletſo] A Seat of the Earl of *Bolingbrook*, about 4 Miles near *N.* from *Bedford*.

Melch-born] Another of that Lords Seats, about 8 Miles near *N.* from *Bedford.*

Ampthill] A Seat of the Earl of *Alisbury*, about 5 Miles *S.* from *Bedford.* As is *Claphill* another of his Lordships Seats.

Turvy] A Seat of the Earl of *Peterborough*, about 5 Miles *W.* from *Bedford.*

Hawnes] A Seat of the Lord *Carterets*, about 4 Miles *S. E.* from *Bedford.*

Other things in this County, see the Scheme.

SECT. XV. *Curiosities in* Buckinghamshire.

High-Wickam] A beautiful and pretty Spacious Town. Here is a Free-School, and Alms-Houses, founded by Queen *Elizabeth.* And the highest Ground in these parts, is the *N.* part of *Wickam.*

Eton] near *Windsor*, is Famous for its College, having a Provost and 7 Fellows. Here is also an excellent Seminary, or Free-School, Founded by *Henry* VI. where are 70 Queens Scholars taught *gratis.*

Stoke-pogeis] Here lie bury'd *George* and *Ann*, the first Earl, and Countess, of *Huntingdon.* And *Edw.* Lord *Hasting*, is buryed in a Chapel Built for the use of the Hospital, here founded by that Lord, 'tis near 3 Miles *N.* from *Windsor.*

Cheyneis] about 8 Miles near *N.* from *Uxbridge.* Here lie in Tombs, the first Earl of *Bedford*, and some others of that Noble Family.

Fernham-Royal] The Duke of *Shrewsbury*, hath a Right of the Honour at the Coronation,

to

to find a Glove for the Kings Right-hand, to ſupport his left Arm, whilſt he holds the Royal Scepter. Which Office deſcended to this Noble Family, from the Furnivals Lords of this place.

The Ruins of *Bolbeck-Caſtle*, and *Aſcot*, are ſeen about 5 Miles near *N.* from *Ailsbury*.

Buckingham] This is the Chief Town of this County, and was ſo called from the *Saxon Buckem*, (or Beech Tree) with which this County aboundeth; the Town is 44 Miles near *N. W.* from *London*.

Cheyneis] A Seat of the Duke of *Bedford*, diſtant from *Uxbridge*, as above. *Noblemens Seats.*

Latimers] A Seat of the Duke of *Devonſhire*, about 4 Miles near *S.* from *Barkhamſtead*.

Aſhbridge] A Seat of the Earl of *Bridgwater*, about 4 Miles *E.* from *Tring*, or 3 *N.* from *Barkhamſtead*.

Wing] The Earl of *Carnarven's*, about 5 Miles *N.* from *Ailsbury*.

Quaynton] A Seat of the Earl of *Litchfield*, near *Ailsbury*.

Upper Withington] A Seat of the Earl of *Wharton's*, a little *W.* from *Ailsbury*.

Other remarkables, ſee the Scheme.

SECT. XVI. *Curioſities in* Oxfordſhire.

Rollrich Stones] A number of vaſt large Stones, placed in a Circular Figure; the Country People believe they were once Men; about 5 Miles near *W.* from *Oxford*.

Two

Two Artificial Hills] one at *Tadmerton*, the other at *Hocksnorton*; ſuppoſed to be made in Memory of a Battle, between the *Engliſh* and *Danes*. This *Tadmerton*, is about 3 Miles from *Banbury*.

Woodſtock] Remarkable for the Maze or Labyrinth made by *Henry* II. alſo for its being the Birth-place, of the Famous Poet *Chaucer*, and chiefly for *Blenheim-Houſe*, built in memory of the Duke of *Marlborough*'s Victorie, in *Germany*; it is about 7 Miles *N. W.* of *Oxford*.

Near this place, was lately diſcovered a curious Pavement of Moſaick work, the largeſt Roman Curioſity of the kind, being in Length 36 Foot, Breadth 25.

Iſlip] Remarkable for being the Birth-place, of St. *Edward* the Confeſſor, that pious Prince.

Oxford Univerſity] A Place very worthy of a Strangers view, both as to the Publick and Private Buildings, and other Curioſities; moſt of which I ſhall juſt mention, together with the Foundations, *&c.* of the Colleges.

Baliol College] was Founded by *John Baliol*, *Anno*, 1262. for 12 Fellows, and 12 Scholars.

Merton College] Founded by *Walter de Merton*, *Anno* 1274, for 19 Fellows, and 14 Scholars. Here are remarkable, the Lofty handſome Tower of the Chapel; and in the curious Phyſick-Garden, you have 2 Yew-Trees, cut like 2 Giants. Alſo 2 others that grow in Form of as many Columns, with their Entablature, and Vaſes; whence Iſſue 2 Conick Yews, all of natural Growth: 3 They ſhew you the Thorn, which they ſay our Saviour was Crowned withal; The Laurel of the *Roman Cæſars*, alſo Mandrakes, Apples, Shells, Flies, *&c.*

Univer-

Univerſity College] Founded *Anno* 872, by King *Alfred*, for 12 Fellows and 17 Scholars. Here is obſervable, 1 The fine Glaſs painting, in the Chapel (given by Dr. *Ratcliff*,) being Scripture Hiſtory. The Statue of the Queen erected over the College-Gate; given by Mr. *John Ward* Merchant.

Exeter College] Founded by *Walter Stapleton*, Biſhop of *Exeter*, *Anno* 1316. for 23 Fellows. He alſo Built *Hart-Hall*.

Oriel College] Founded by King *Edward* II. in the Year 1337, for 18 Fellows, and 12 Scholars, and this King alſo Founded St. *Mary's-hall*.

Queens-College] Founded by *Robert de Egleſfield*, (Chaplain to Queen *Philippa*) *Anno* 1340, for 16 Fellows, and 8 Scholars. Here is Building a ſtately Stone Square, on one ſide whereof is a very fine Library, wherein is a Book ſaid to be in a *Chineſe* Character, whence probably ſome of the Jocoſe Students, named it the Devils Hand-writing (as it is now called.)

New-College] Founded by *William* of *Wickam*, *Anno* 1386, for 70 Fellows.

Here are Remarkable in a beautiful Chapel, 1 The Salutation painted at the Altar; 2. The Apoſtles, Evangeliſts, Patriarchs, and Prophets, at the Stalls; 3. The Glaſs-painting in the Windows; 4. The pleaſant Court next the Gardens where are, 5. The Kings Arms, and *C. R.* 1678, growing in Box; 6. The Founders Arms, with *W. W.* and theſe words, *Manners make a Man*, growing alſo in Box; 7. A Sun Dial with the Hour-lines on the Ground, growing in Box likewiſe.

Lincoln College] was Founded by *Richard Flemming*, and *Thomas Rotheram*, Biſhops of *Lincoln*

coln Anno 1480, for 15 Fellows. Here are worthy of observation, 1. The rich Cedar wainscot of the Chapel. 2. The fine Glass-painting in the Windows, particularly in that over the Altar is represented, 1. The Creation; 2 The Birth of our Lord; 3. St. *John* Baptizing Christ; 4. The Pascal Lamb and Lord's Supper, 5. The Brazen Serpent and Crucifixion; 6. The Resurrection, and *Jonah* from the Whales belly: 7. *Elijah* being taken up, and the Ascention of our Saviour, and 8. In 2 other Windows, the portraits of the Prophets and Apostles: 9 In the Garden are curious Greens; and, 10. At the Top of the College, is the Figure of the Devil, looking over *Lincoln*.

All Souls College] Founded by *Henry Chichley*, Archbishop of *Canterbury*, *Anno* 1437, for a Warden and 40 Fellows.

Magdalen College] Founded by *William Wainfleet* Bishop of *Winchester*, *Anno* 1458, for 40 Fellows, and 30 Scholars. This College for stately Building, fine Situation, and pleasant adjoyning Groves, and Walks, is very remarkable, and 'tis justly esteemed one of the Noblest Foundations. Here are remarkable, 1. The Altar-piece of the Chapel, where the History of the Resurrection, and the Portrait of the Founder between 2 Angels, are exquisitely Painted, as are, 2. The Prophets, *&c.* on the Stalls; 3. The Glass painting on the great Window, in the Screen; 4. A large Brass Eagle, on whose Wings is placed the Holy Bible. 5. To this College belongeth the most Spacious Cloister; 6. The Figure of an *Egyptian* Hieroglyphick, *&c.* done in Stone; 7. A curious Hedge, where the Figures of the 12 *Cæsars*, in full proportion grow

in

in Yew, being all inter-columns; alſo the Figures of Standards, Beaſts, &c. are accurately repreſented in growing Yew-tree; they have a Cuſtom that every *May* Day, the Choir ſing, on the Top of the Tower.

Brazennoſe College] Founded by *William Smith*, Biſhop of *Lincoln*, and *Richard Sutton*, Eſq; *Anno* 1515, for 15 Fellows.

It is Adorned with a beautiful Chapel, Cloiſter, Library, Hall, and curious Greens, in the Firſt-Square.

Corpus-Chriſti College] Founded by *Richard Fox*, Biſhop of *Wincheſter*, and *Hugh Oldham*, Biſhop of *Exeter*, *Anno* 1516 for 20 Fellows, and 20 Scholars.

Here is Curious, beſides the handſome, new Stone building, a Sun-dial with its Furniture.

Chriſt Church] Founded by King *Henry* VIII. for 101 Students, *Anno* 1546.

Here are remarkable, 1 The largeſt Quadrangle in *Oxford*; 2. A handſome Tower over the Gate, 3. The Queen's Statue in Copper, given by the Earl of *Oxford*; 4. A Bell 18000*l.* weight, and the Clapper is 308. and, 5. The Window of painted Glaſs, given by Dr. *Birch*.

Trinity College] Founded by Sr. *Thomas Pope*, *Anno* 1555, for 12 Fellows, and 12 Scholars.

A very ſplendid and beautiful Chapel, was here Built in 1694. The Altar piece of which is veineered Cedar; the Screen is that Wood, curiouſly Carved, and here are large and neat Gardens.

Sr. *John Baptiſt College*] Founded *Anno* 1557, by Sr. *Thomas White* Alderman of *London*, for 50 Fellows.

Here

Here is a very good Library, where are worthy of note, 1. The first Bible in English, translated by *Wickliff*; 2 the Alchoran; 3 The portrait of King *Charles* I. with his Hair, Drapery, &c. composed of the Lords Prayer, Creed, and 10 Commandments, done in writing; 4 The Sceleton of *Hind* the Robber.

Jesus College] Founded by Queen *Elizabeth*, according to some, or by Dr. *Hugh Price*, and Sr. *Lionel Jenkins*, according to others in 1572, for 16 Fellows, and 16 Scholars.

Wadham College] designed by *Nicholas Wadham*, and the Foundation compleated by his Wife *Dorothy*, *Anno* 1613, for 15 Fellows, and 15 Scholars.

Here are remarkable, 1. The Glass-painting of the Chapel Windows; 2, curious Greens in the Garden, 3 an Atlas Sustaining a Globe-Dial, which casts its own Shadow, without any Gnomon.

Pembrook College] Founded by *Thomas Tisdel*, and *Richard Wightwick*, *Anno* 1620, for 15 Fellows, and 11 Scholars. And besides these Colleges, there are 7 Halls in this University.

The Bodleyan Library] One of the most Curious large ones in the World, containing vast Numbers of choice Books, and Manuscripts collected, and the whole designed by the Learned Sr. *Thomas Bodley* 1610, &c. for the Publick use of the University.

The Divinity, Philosophy, &c. Schools] A noble Stone Fabrick, composing a Quadrangle, over each Door, is the Name of the School; one pair of Stairs you may go into the Bodleyan Library, and 2 pair into the long Gallery, where are the Pictures of the several Founders, *&c.*

And

And in the *Anatomy School*, among other Curioſities, they ſhew the Skeleton of a Woman, who had 10 Husbands ſucceſſively, and was Hanged at 36 years of Age, for the Murther of 4 of them.

The Theatre] is a very Magnificent and curious Structure worthy of obſervation. It was Built at the Charge of Dr. *Gilbert Sheldon*, Archbiſhop of *Canterbury*; who left alſo about 50 *l. per Ann.* for its perpetual Reparation.

Here you have *Grecian* and *Roman* Antiquities, of great value, and other Curioſities given by *Henry Howard* Earl of *Arundel*.

Alſo a Repoſitory Built by the Univerſity, where is a curious Collection of Natural and Artificial Rarities, given chiefly by *Elias Aſhmole* Eſq; who gave likewiſe an Excellent Collection of Manuſcripts made by himſelf, and the Ingenious Sr. *William Dugdale*; you have alſo here a Chymical Laboratory, and a Printing-Preſs.

Blenheim Houſe] One of the moſt ſpacious Palaces in the World, when finiſhed. It was ſo called in Memory of the Battle obtained by the Confederate Forces under his Grace the Duke of *Marlborough*'s Command; was fought near a Village of this Name, on the Bank of the *Danube* in *Germany*, *Anno* 1704. The *French* General being made Priſoner, for which the Duke was created Prince of the Empire, and had the Honour and Manor of *Woodſtock*, ſettled on him by the *Engliſh* Parliament; *vid. Woodſtock* foregoing.

Seats of Nobility in this County.

Ditchley] A Seat of the Earl of *Litchfield*, near *Woodſtock*.

Corn-

Cornbury] A Seat of the Earl of *Rochester*.

Wroxton Abby] A Seat of the Lord *Guilford's*, near *Banbury*.

Ledwell] A Seat of the Lord *Carrington* about 6 Miles *N.* from *Woodstock*.

Cuddeston] The Bishop of *Oxford's* Seat, about 3 Miles *E.* from that City.

Blechington] A Seat of the Earl of *Anglisea*, about 6 Miles *N.* from *Oxford*.

Caversham] A Seat of the Lord *Craven*, about 4 Miles *S.* from *Henley* upon *Thames*.

Broughton] A Seat of the Lord Viscount *Say* and *Seal*, about 2 Miles *S.* from *Banbury*. *Northnewton*, and *Shetford*, are also his Lordships.

Other things in this County, see the Scheme.

Sect. XVII. *Curiosities in* Gloucestershire.

Glouceſter City] Remarkable for the great Church, accounted one of the best pieces of Architecture in *England*; 2. For *Edward* II. his Tomb of Alabaster. 3. Prince *Robert* Eldest Son of *William* the Conqueror lies buryed in the middle of the Choir. 4. A Whispering place is also here, much in the Nature of that of St: *Paul's London*. And 5, for the Bishops Palace, it lies 102 Miles from *London*.

Stones like Cockles and Oysters] are found on the Hills, near *Alderley*, about 12 Miles *S.* from *Glouceſter*.

Teuxbury] A large Town about 7 Miles *N.* from *Glouceſter*. 'Tis remarkable for 3 Bridges, leading over 3 Rivers; 2 for great Quantity of Woolen Cloth made there, and 3 for excellent Mustard,

Muſtard, and lies on the Banks of the River *Severn.*

Stroud.] A Town ſtanding on a River of that Name, the Water of which is reported to have a peculiar quality for Dying the Red Colour. 'Tis remarkable alſo for the Clothing Trade, and is about 6 Miles near *S.* from *Glouceſter.*

Cotſwold] remarkable for the fineſt Sheeps-Wool.

The Foſſe.] A famous *Roman* High-way, extending from *Warwickſhire*, by *Lemington*, to *Stow on the Would*] (or *Stow* on the *Hill*) which ſome obſerve has but one Element, *i. e.* Air, there being neither common Field, Water, nor Wood belonging to the Town.

Cirenceſter.] The third Town for Note in this County. It has been formerly a populous City, of great Antiquity, where hath been dug up Moſaic Pavements, Marble Inſcriptions, and Roman Coins. Here is alſo remarkable, a handſome Church, and the Ruins of an Abby, built by the *Saxons.* 'Tis about 12 Miles *S. E.* from *Glouceſter.*

Berkley Caſtle.] An Eminent ſtrong Structure belonging to the Earl of *Berkley*; and here the Room is to be ſeen where King *Edward* II. was Murthered. It ſtands near the *Severn* Bank, about 12 Miles near *S.* from *Glouceſter.*

Seats of Nobility.

Stowell.] A Seat of the Earl of *Stafford*, 12 Miles *E.* from *Glouceſter.*

Great Badminton.] A Seat of the Duke of *Beaufort*, about 12 Miles *N. E.* from *Briſtol.*

Camden Houſe.] A Seat of the Earl of *Ganesborough*, about 17 Miles *N. E.* from *Glouceſter.*

Kempsford.] A Seat of the Lord Viscount *Weymouth*, about 2 Miles *S. W.* from *Lechlade.*

Course Court.] A few Miles *S.* from *Tewksbury*, a Seat of the Earl of *Coventry.*

Other things in this County, see the Scheme.

SECT. XVII. *Curiosities in* Herefordshire.

Marcley.] A moving Hill of 26 Acres, which in the Year 1571, rose out of the Ground, for 3 days together, and moving forward with an horrible Roaring Noise, it overturned all that stood in its way, and setled on a Higher Place; 'tis about 7 Miles *E.* from *Hereford.*

The Golden Vale.] An exceeding pleasant place; 'tis encompassed with woody Hills, under them are fruitful Corn-fields, and under those are Verdant Meads, and in the middle a Fine Clear River runneth. 'Tis about 8 Miles *S. W.* from *Hereford.*

Kenchester] near *Hereford*; here are often dug up Mosaic Pavement, British Bricks, Roman Coins, *&c.* And in a Wood near this place were dug up in the Year 1669, Roman Urns, with Ashes in them, Bones, Lead-pipes *&c.*

Hereford] remarkable, 1. For pleasant Situation. 2. A Fine ancient Church, with the Houses of the Bishop, and the Prebendaries. 3. A Large College, an Hospital, *&c.* About 109 Miles from *London.*

Bonewell.] A Spring producing small Bones like Fish-bones, with which it abounds, the often Cleaned and Emptyed; 'tis near *Richard's Castle.*

Bram

Brompton-brian Castle] belongeth (as I take it) to the Earl of *Oxford*; 'tis near *Wigmore Castle*, where formerly resided the Earls *Mortimer*; and is about 7 Miles *S. W.* from *Ludlow*.

Noblemens Seats.

Richard's Castle] about 3 Miles *S.* from *Ludlow*.

Hampton.] A Seat of the Lord *Coningsby*, about 2 Miles *E.* from *Hereford*.

Gooderidge Castle] near 3 Miles *S.* from *Ross*.

Pengard Castle] about a Mile *E.* from *Ross*. And *Eccleswell Castle*, about 3 Miles *E.* from *Ross*; all 3 are Seats of the Duke of *Kent*.

Akenbury.] A Seat of the Lord *Chandois*, about 3 Miles *S.* from *Hereford*. *Dewswell* and *Wilton* are also Seats of that Lords, the last near *Ross*, the former near *Akenbury*.

Whitburn] is a Country Seat of the Bishops, in the *N. E.* Angle of the County.

Other things in this County, see the Scheme.

SECT. XVIII. *Curiosities in* Worcestershire.

BEwdley] most pleasantly situate on the Bank of the *Severn*, about 10 Miles *N. W.* from *Worcester*.

Kidderminster] is a large Market-Town, with a fair spacious Church. 'Tis famous for a sort of Stuff, here made, and called after the Name of this Town, which is about 11 Miles near *N. W.* from *Worcester*, upon the River *Stower*.

Droitwich.] Here is plenty of Salt made, the best in *England*, the Brine issuing out of 3 Springs, between which runneth a Brook of

Fresh Water; the ordering the Brine, and making the Salt is a great Curiosity, and worth Observing. 'Tis about 5 Miles *N.* from *Worcester.*

Worcester] the chief Town of this County, is a Rich, Populous City, perhaps the 4th in *England*; 'tis remarkable, 1. For its pleasant Situation, on an easie Ascent, by the *Severn.* 2. For a Bridge, with a Tower on it. 3. 'Tis fortifyed with a strong Wall. 4. For its many fine Churches, especially the Ancient Cathedral, built *Anno* 680, wherein are remarkable the Monuments of King *John*, Prince *Arthur*, &c. Here is, 5th. A fine Grammar School, Founded by *Henry* VIII. 'Tis about 86 Miles *N. W.* from *London.*

Upton,] Here Roman Coins are often dug up; 'tis about 7 Miles *S.* from *Worcester.*

Evesham.] The Vale here is very much noted for a pleasant fruitful Place; 'tis about 9 Miles *S. E.* from *Worcester.*

Sturbridge.] A Market-Town, Notable for its fine Free-School and Library; 'tis about 5 Miles *N. E.* from *Kidderminster.*

Grafton.] A Seat of the Duke of *Shrewsbury*, about 8 Miles near *N.* from *Worcester.*

Seats of Nobility.

Feckenham-Lodge.] A Seat of the Earls of *Coventry*, about 7 Miles *N. E.* from *Worcester.*

Crome Court] (a little *S.* from *Worcester.*) And,

Stoke upon Severn] are others of his Lordships Seats; this last is about 5 Miles *S.* from *Worcester.*

Lenchwick.] A Seat of the Lord *Craven*'s, about 10 Miles near *E.* from *Worcester.*

Hartle-

Hartlebury Caſtle.] A Seat of the Biſhop of *Worceſter*, about 7 Miles *N.* from *Worceſter*. Alſo his Palace in *Worceſter*.

Other remarkables, ſee the Scheme.

SECT. XIX. *Curioſities in* Warwickſhire.

Newenham Regis] near the Bank of the River *Avon*. Here are 3 Springs, whoſe Waters are a weak Calybeat, of a Milky Colour and Taſte; they are diuretick, and ſaid to be very Medicinal, being good, not only for the Stone, but for Green Wounds. They have this ſtrange Quality, that being drank with Salt they are Laxative, but with Sugar are reſtringent. About 7 Miles near *E.* from *Coventry*.

Warwick] is remarkable, 1. For the Caſtle which is ſtrong, both by Nature and Art, and is now very Beautiful. 2. For Handſome, Neat, Buildings, ſince the Fire, in 1694, which conſumed a great part of the Town. 3. The Beautiful Church of St. *Mary*'s, wherein is remarkable, 4. Monuments of the Noble Family of the *Beauchamp*'s, Earls of *Warwick*, which curious Pieces of Antiquity were with much Pains and Care preſerved from ruin, by the ſaid Fire. 5. Here are Hoſpitals for Poor Men, Women and Children, and a Free School; this Town is about 68 Miles near *N. W.* from *London*, and is the County Town.

Springs.] Two are remarkable within 2 Miles of *Warwick*, for the firſt is Freſh Water, the o-

ther Salt, and yet they are not much above a Yard from each other.

Guy-Cliff.] A very delightful place for Meadows, Springs, Groves, Caves, Falls of Water, and other pleaſures of Solitude. Here 'tis ſaid the Renowned Hero *Guy*, after his Martial Exploits, built a Chapel, and leading an Hermits Life was there buried. However that be, 'tis certain that *Richard de Beauchamp*, Earl of *Warwick*, built a Chapel here, and ſet up the Gigantick Statue (8 Foot High) of the Champion *Guy*; 'tis about a Mile *N.* from *Warwick*.

Coventry.] This City is obſervable, 1. For many handſome Structures. 2. For the 2 Graceful Churches, with a very high Spire Steeple of one of them, 312 Foot. 3. The moſt Spacious and Beautiful Market-Croſs, built *Anno* 1541, by Sir *William Hollis*, Lord Mayor of *London*, in the Year 1539. 4. The Shield-bone of a vaſt large Boar, which they ſay *Guy* Earl of *Warwick* killed in Hunting. 5. The Figure of a Man, who was very miraculouſly puniſhed for his brutal Curioſity, in looking out at a Window, when the Lady *Godiva* (Wife of *Leofrick* the firſt Lord of this place) road Naked thro' the Streets, to purchaſe a Mitigation of Taxes, and other privileges for the City.

The Pictures of this Lord and Lady, were put in the Window of *Trinity Church*, with this Superſcription;

I Leofric, *for the Love of thee,*
Do ſet Coventry *Toll-free.*

This City is about 74 Miles from *London*.

Stratford upon Avon] is remarkable, 1. For a large

a large Stone-bridge, with 14 Arches, built at the Charge of Sir *Hugh Clopton*, Lord Mayor of *London*, *Anno* 1491. 2. For being the Birth-place of Mr. *William Shakeſpear*, the Famous *Engliſh* Dramatick Poet, who was buried in the Chancel, on whoſe Grave-ſtone is this Inſcription;

Good Friends, for Jeſus *ſake forbear,*
To dig the Duſt encloſed here;
Bleſs'd be the Man that ſpares theſe Stones,
And curs'd be he that moves my Bones.

Stratford is about 8 Miles from *Warwick S. W.*

Vale of Red Horſe.] So called, for that the People have cut in an Hill, the Figure of a Spacious Horſe; 'tis near *Pillerton*, about 9 Miles *S.* from *Warwick*.

Aſtroits.] Or Star Stones, ſuch as Sparkle are found at *Shugbury*, about 9 Miles *S. E.* from *Warwick*.

Lemington.] Here are Salt Springs, about a Mile *E.* from *Warwick*.

Cheſterton.] Here you may view a Foſs, or *Roman* High-way, it croſſes the Champaign part of that Country. About 5 Miles near *S.* from *Warwick*.

Aulceſter] was a *Roman* Station, as appears by the Old Foundations, and Roman Coins found, upward of 600, moſt Silver, but 8 of them Gold, were found in an Urn, and fell to the Lord *Brook*. 'Tis about 11 Miles near *W.* from *Warwick*.

Warwick Caſtle] formerly a Seat of the Earls of *Warwick*. And they ſhew a Sword, which is ſaid to have been the Fa- *Seats of Nobility.*

mous Champion *Guy's*. 'Tis now the Seat of the Family of the Lord *Brook*, and is much improved of late Years.

Beauchamp's Court.] A Seat of the ſame Lords, about 6 Miles near *E.* from *Stratford*, upon *Avon*. *Knowle* is alſo that Lords.

Milcote Houſe.] A Seat of the Earl of *Dorſet's*, about 2 Miles *S.* from *Stratford*, upon the *Avon*.

Hewell Grainge.] A Seat of the Earls of *Plymouth*, about 14 Miles *W.* from *Warwick*.

Coleſhil.] A Seat of the Lord *Digby's*, about 8 Miles *N. W.* from *Coventry*.

Compton-Mordock.] A Seat of the Lord *Willoughby's* of *Brook*; about 7 Miles *S.* from *Warwick*.

Wawins Wotton and *Allen Lodge*,] two Seats of the Lord *Carrington*, about 9 Miles *W.* from *Warwick*.

Stoneley Abby.] A Seat of the Lord *Leigh's*, about 4 Miles *N. E.* from *Warwick*. *Flechamſted* is alſo his Lordſhips.

Comb Abby.] A Seat of the Lord *Craven's*, a little *E.* from *Coventry*.

For other remarkables, ſee the Scheme.

SECT. XX. *Curioſities in* Northamptonſhire.

Northampton Town] is remarkable, 1. For its ſtately Inns. 2. For an excellent, ſpacious, Market-place. 3. For its Noble Buildings, ſince the Fire. 4. A Beautiful Church. 5. For a very pleaſant proſpect every way from its

its Walls. 'Tis about 55 Miles near *N.* from *London*, and ſtands on the River *Nen*.

Peterborough.] In this City there is chiefly remarkable, the Cathedral Church, 1. For its Noble, Ancient Frontiſpiece. 2. The fine Glaſs-Painting of the Founder, and ſucceeding Abbots, in the Windows of the Cloiſter. 3. The curious Work of St. *Mary's* Chapel. 4. In the Choir, (which is very fine) where are buried *Mary* Queen of *Scots*, beheaded in Queen *Elizabeth's* Reign, and Queen *Catharine* of *Spain*, one of *Henry* the VIIIth's ſix Wives. 'Tis ſituate near the *N. E.* Angle of this County, and upon the Borders of *Cambridgeſhire*, about 85 Miles near *N.* from *London*.

Oundle.] Here is a Well that is credibly reported to drum, as a preſage of very great Alterations in publick Affairs. Alſo a beautiful Church. 'Tis about 20 Miles *N. E.* from *Northampton*.

Fordinghay Caſtle.] 'Tis near *Oundle*, and here *Edward* Duke of *York*, *Anno* 1415, built a beautiful Collegiate Church, where himſelf, his Dutcheſs, and Brothers Son were buried, and have Tombs.

Higham-Ferrers.] Here is a beautiful College, and an Hoſpital Founded by *Henry Chichley*, ſometime Archbiſhop of *Canterbury*; about 11 Miles near *E.* from *Northampton*.

Toceſter] hath a ſpacious, handſome Church.

Boughton.] Here is a noted petrifying Spring; about 12 Miles *N.* from *Northampton*.

Stanford was an Ancient *Roman* Station; here is a Military High-way, extending from this place to *Caſter*, cutting the County into two parts.

Holdenby

Seats of the Nobility.

Holdenby House.] built by Sir *Christopher Hatton*, sometime Lord Chancellor, and hath a Noble Prospect. It was a Seat of the late Lord *Feversham's*; 'tis near *Althorp.*

Kirby.] A Seat of the Lord *Hatton*, about 16 Miles near *N.* from *Northampton.*

Grafton Regis.] A Seat of the Duke of *Grafton's*, about 8 Miles *S.* from *Northampton.*

Burleigh House.] A Seat of the Earl of *Exeter*, near *Stanford*, above 20 Miles *N. E.* from *Northampton.*

Wothorp] is also that Lords, near *Harborrow.*

Apethorp.] A Seat of the Earl of *Westmorland's*, 20 Miles *N. E.* from *Northampton*, near *Oundle. Sowlhay Lodge* is also that Lords.

Drayton.] The Earls of *Peterborough's*, about 14 Miles *N. E.* from *Northampton.*

Thrapston.] Another of that Lords Seats, 16 Miles *N. E.* from *Northampton.*

Sudborough.] Another Seat of that Earls, about 15 Miles *N. E.* from *Northampton.*

Castle-Ashby.] A Seat of the Earl of *Northampton*, about 6 Miles *E.* from *Northampton.*

Althorpe.] A Seat of the Earl of *Sunderland's*, about 4 Miles *W.* from *Northampton.*

Dene.] A Seat of the Earl of *Cardigan's*, about 18 Miles *N. E.* from *Northampton*; and near *Oundle.*

Boughton.] A Seat of the Duke of *Montague's*, near *Kettering*, about 12 Miles *N. E.* from *Northampton. Barnwel Castle* is also that Duke's.

Winwick.] A Seat of the Lord *Craven's*, about 6 Miles *S. E.* from *Oundle.*

Rockingham Castle.] A Seat of the Lord *Rockingham's*, about 7 Miles near *N.* from *Kettering.*

Warm-

Warmington near *Oundle*, is another Seat of that Lords.

Stene] A Seat of the Lord *Crew's*, about 8 Miles *W.* from *Towceſter*.

Eaſton.] A Seat of the Lord *Lemſter's*, alſo near *Towceſter*.

Other things in this County, ſee the Scheme.

SECT. XXI. *Curioſities in* Huntingdonſhire.

H*Untingdon*] is the County Town, and in and near it are remarkable, 1. Two handſome Churches. 2. A Stone-bridge, of curious Workmanſhip. 3. The Meadow called *Portſholm*, may be ſeen at a vaſt diſtance, and is one of the moſt flouriſhing that the Sun ſees. And, 4. If we may Credit a Learned Antiquary, for Situation, Neighbouring Marſhes, and plenty of Fiſh, and Game, it exceeds all the Towns near it. It is 50 Miles *N.* from *London*, on the River *Ouſe*.

Gormancheſter] or *Goodmancheſter*, is famous for the great number of excellent Husbandmen, about a Mile *S.* from *Huntingdon*. *Roman* Coins have been here dug up.

Haleweſton.] Here are 2 Springs, the one Freſh, the other a little Brackiſh, and one is good for Scrophulous Diſtempers, the other for Dim Eye-ſight. They are about 5 Miles *S.* from *Huntingdon*.

Ramſey Abby] was a vaſt Rich Monaſtery, in the *Fenns*. Another was at *Sawtry*.

Elton.]

Elton.] The Chapel here is very Neat, and is embelliſhed with fine Glaſs Painting; 'tis about 13 Miles *N. W.* from *Huntingdon.*

Seats of Nobility.

Hinchinbrook] A Seat of the Earl of *Sandwich*, about a Mile *W.* from *Huntingdon.*

Kimbolton Caſtle] A Seat of the Earl of *Mancheſter*, about 8 Miles near *W.* from *Huntingdon.*

Great-gedding] A Seat of the Lord *Rockingham*, 9 Miles *N. W.* from *Huntingdon.*

Bungden or *Bugden*] A Seat of the Biſhops of *Lincoln*, about 3 Miles *S. W.* from *Huntington.*

For other things, ſee the Scheme.

SECT. XXII. *Curioſities in* Cambridgeſhire.

CAmbridge] is the other Grand Fountain of of Learning, which iſſueth its diffuſive influences into Church and State; the other of thoſe bright Twins (not of the 2d. but the 1ſt. Magnitude) that other Ancient and flouriſhing Academy; where all kind of polite humane Learning: as Languages, Rhetoric, Logick, Metaphyſicks, Muſick, Mathematicks, *&c.* are profeſſed and taught in the beſt Method; It is Situate on the River *Cam*, about 44 Miles near *N.* from *London.*

The Curioſities in the ſeveral Colleges with their Foundations, the Stranger may take in ſhort as followeth,

1 *Peter Houſe*] Founded about the Year 1284, by *Hugh Balſham* Biſhop of *Ely*, it hath 22 Fellows, and 42 Scholars. In

In the Window over the Altar, is nobly painted the Crucifixion; and they have juſt finiſhed their new Cloiſter at the *W.* of the Chapel, which betters the front, for which it was before ſomewhat remarkable.

Clare-hall] ſome ſay was Founded by *Elizabeth*, 3d. Siſter and Coheir of *Gilbert* Earl of *Clare*, *Anno* 1340, others ſay by *Richard Badew Anno* 1326.

It is an Elegant Modern building of Stone, having the neateſt (they tell you) tho' not the largeſt Court in *Cambridge*.

Pembrook-hall] Founded in the Year 1347, by *Mary de* St. *Paul*, 3d. Wife to *Aymer de Valence*, Earl of *Pembrook*. It hath 15 Fellows, and 30 Scholars.

Here is a beautiful Chapel, the Roof adorned with Fret-work; and a double Organ.

Corpus Chriſti, or *Bennets College*] was founded (as ſome have it) by the Fraternity of *Corpus Chriſti*, and the Bleſſed Virgin, *Anno* 1346. Others ſay it was founded by *Henry* of *Monmouth* Duke of *Lancaſter*, *Anno* 1351, it is called *Bennets* as being ſituate near the Church of St. *Benedict*, It hath 12 Fellows, and 40 Scholars.

This College is remarkable, for ſeveral Archbiſhops of *Canterbury* being bred there; in the Library is a Collection of Monaſtick Antiquities, in *MSS.* and there is a neat Chapel.

Trinity-Hall] Founded about the Year 1353, by *William Bateman* Biſhop of *Norwich*. It hath 12 Fellows, and 14 Scholars.

The Students of this place, are only ſuch as are deſigned for the Law; and here is a Library, wherein is a choice large Collection of valuable *MSS.*

Caius,

Caius (or Gonvil) College] Founded by *Edward Gonvil*, in the Year 1548. And by Dr. *John Caius*, *Anno* 1557. It hath 26 Fellows, and 74 Scholars.

Here is a very great Curioſity of a ſmall Portal adorned with all the 5 orders of Architecture; the Judicious ſay, it is one of the fineſt and trueſt pieces of Architecture in *England*, and what is moſt wonderful they tell you, that at a certain note in Muſick, the whole will perceptibly ſhake.

Kings College] Founded in the Year 1441 by King *Henry* VI, for 70 Fellows.

The Chapel here, is one of the moſt Celebrated pieces of workmanſhip in *Europe*; The Roof arched of Stone, curiouſly Carved, The Area or pavement very neatly done of Marble, The Windows are Maſter pieces of Glaſs-painting: where are repreſented the moſt remarkable Hiſtories of the New Teſtament, each Window is divided into 5 Lights, the middlemoſt divides the Stories, and points out what they are by ſeveral Labels, ſupported by Angels, and Cherubims; the Organ is very ſtately, and in the left is a fine piece of Sculpture, being the Figure of an Old man ſurrounded with Angels, and Hell Torments under his Feet, for which they tell you that 6000 *l.* hath been offered, tho' 'tis not 3 quarters of a Yard in Diameter; There is a fine Altar Monument, for the Marquiſs of *Blandford*, Eldeſt Son to the Duke of *Marlborough* who dyed here. In the Library, is the Sceleton of one who was hanged, for ſtealing Books from thence; alſo they ſhew you a Paper model, done by a poor Artificer in the Town, very exact and pretty.

Queens

Queens College] ſo called as being Founded by *Margaret of Anjou*, Wife to King *Henry* VI. and Queen *Elizabeth* Conſort to King *Edward* IV. It hath 19 Fellows, and 65 Scholars.

Catharine Hall] Founded by *Robert Woodlark*, Chancellor of this Univerſity, *Anno* 1475; it hath 6 Fellows, and 30 Scholars.

The Chapel here, is a pretty Neat Fabrick.

Jeſus College] Founded in the Year 1497, by *John Alcock* L. L. D. Biſhop of *Ely*; it hath 16 Fellows, and 41 Scholars.

The Hall here, is Neat and Modern.

Chriſt College] Founded by that pious Princeſs *Margeret* Counteſs of *Richmond*, and *Derby*, Mother to King *Henry* VII. *Anno* 1505; It hath 15 Fellows, and 56 Scholars.

Here is a very neat Chapel wherein is an Organ, and an handſome Monument in Memory of Sr. *Thomas Bains*, and Sr. *John Finch* Baronets, a pair of celebrated Friends.

St. *John's College*] was Founded by the ſaid Counteſs of *Richmond*, and *Derby*, *Anno* 1506, It hath 53 Fellows, and 93 Scholars.

Here are 3 large Courts, an excellent Library, a beautiful and coſtly Stone-bridge, juſt finiſhed, and the Walks exceed any in the Univerſity, both for Largeneſs, Regularity and Pleaſure.

Magdalen College] Founded in the year 1542, by Sr. *Thomas Audley* Lord Chancellor, and Sr. *Chriſtopher Wrey* Lord Chief Juſtice; but ſome ſay it was Founded by *Edward Stafford* Duke of *Buckingham*, in 1519, and hath 13 Fellows.

Trinity College] One of the nobleſt Foundations in either Univerſity founded by King *Henry* VIII. 1546, for 65 Fellows, and 91 Scholars

I

It hath a very Magnificent *Library*, Built by *Thomas Rotheram* Bishop of *York*, Lord Chancellor of *England*; and by him and *Cuthbert Tunstal* Bishop of *Durham*, furnished with choice Books, and hath been since supplyed with the Libraries, of Archbishops, *Parker*, *Grindal*, and *Bancroft*. This Library is a stately Structure, and very Beautiful, the Stair-case Wainscoted with Cedar; (and there are Marble Steps) the enrichments whereof are so Natural that the leaves shake at every blow you give the Wainscot, and within is an Original picture of Bishop *Hacket*, and several fine manuscript Missals; and a great Collection of valuable Medals, Ancient and Modern, and other rareties.

The first Court is a Square, large and stately, for they tell you it is a Foot square larger, than Christ's at *Oxford*; in this Court, stands the Chapel, the neatest and (except Kings) the greatest and noblest in the University; the Altar-piece is Beautiful adorned with Columns: and the portraicts of our Saviour, and the blessed Virgin; St. *John Baptist*, and his Mother *Elizabeth*. The Roof is curiously painted, in imitation of Carved work, in Relievo; the Area is black and white Marble, in a very pretty Figure; the Organ is a Finished piece, made by Mr. *Bernard Smith*, and cost 1500 *l.*

Emanuel College] Founded by Sr. *Walter Mildmay*, *Anno* 1584, it hath 14 Fellows, and 50 Scholars.

It has a Modern Chapel, the roof Fret-work, a handsome Altar-piece, and a double Organ.

Sydney College] Founded by the Lady *Frances Sidney*, Countess of *Sussex* in 1598, for 13 Fellows.

Oliver

Oliver Cromwel] was of this Houſe, and left them a great Quantity of old Plate (*i. e.* he did not take it from them, as he did from others) and in this Chapel they tell you Maſs was publickly ſaid in the time of King *James* II.

Gogmagog-hills] or the moſt pleaſant hills of *Balſham*, at the top of which is a Fort of a conſiderable bigneſs, with a 3 fold Trench; ſome believe it was a Summer retiring Houſe, for the Romans or Danes. They ſtand a little *S. E.* from *Cambridge*.

The Devils Dyke] The remains of great ditches thrown up by the *E.* Angles, to prevent the incurſions of the *Mercians*, are to be ſeen near *Caſtle-Camps*, about 6 Miles *S. E.* from *Cambridge*, *viz.* at *Hinkſton*, *Melburn*, *Fenditton*, and the largeſt (which is called the Devils dyke,) is at *Rech* and *Cowlige*. It has a Rampart.

Ely.] The Cathedral here is a Magnificent and beautiful Structure; but many of the Tombs of the Nobility and Gentry, are Shamefully defaced. It is in the Iſle of *Ely* in this County, being about 10 Miles near *N. E.* from *Cambridge*.

Stourbridge Fair.] The greateſt Fair or Mart in *England*, ſo called from the little Brook *Stour*, near which 'tis kept in the Common-fields, about 2 Miles from *Cambridge*.

New-market] the chief place in *England*, that is frequented by the Court, for Racing and Hunting. It lies about 7 Miles near *N. E.* from *Cambridge*.

Thorney Abby] A Seat of the Dukes of *Bedford*, about 5 Miles *N. W.* from *Peterborough*. *Seats of Nobility.*

Chievely and *Catlidge*] near *New-*

market, the 1*st*. the Lord *Dover*'s, the 2*d*. the Lord *North* and *Grey*'s.

New market House] A Seat of the Earl of *Suffolk*.

Chipnam] A Seat of the late Earl of *Oxford*'s, a little *North* from *New-market*.

Ely-palace.] The Bishops Seat in *Ely* City. The Arms of the University of *Cambridge* are, Gules on a Cross Ermin, between 4 Lyons Passant Guardant, or, a Bible closed, covered of the first.

Other things in this County, see the Table that folds up.

SECT. XXIII. *Curiosities in* Suffolk.

BUry] Commonly called St. *Edmunds bury*, is remarkable, 1. For an extraordinary pleasant Situation, 2. Magnificent and Beautiful Churches, 3. A notable Free-School; and 4 the ruins of its Magnificent Abby. 'Tis 63 Miles from *London*, near *N. E.*

Sudbury] Is a Spacious thriving Town, and at *Melford* near that Town, is a beautiful Hospital. They are about 14 Miles near *W.* from *Ipswich*.

Ipswich] The chief Town of this County, is noted for a good Free-School, and Library, as also, for its Cleanness, and Spaciousness. It hath an Harbour, 12 Parish Churches, and good Gates; 'tis about 55 Miles from *London*.

Hemingston] Is remarkable for what is said of one, who held Lands there by Serjeanty of the Crown, and was obliged every *Christmas Day* to Dance, make a noise with his Cheeks puffed

puffed out and let a F—t before the King, 'tis about 5 Miles *N.* from *Ipſwich.*

Framlingham Caſtle] Is very beautiful, Fortified with a Rampier, Ditch, and ſtrong Wall. 'Tis about 11 Miles *N. E.* from *Ipſwich.*

Orford.] At this Place the Fiſhermen catched in their Net a Sea-Man, who had all the parts of a Man, with Hair, Beard, *&c.* But in a ſhort time, he made his eſcape to Sea again. 'Tis about 10 Miles near *E.* from *Ipſwich.*

At *Blitheborough*] Roman Urns have been dug up.

Eaſtonneſs-promontory] Is reckoned the moſt *Eaſterly* part of *Great Britain.* 'Tis about 2 Miles *N. E.* from *Dunwich.*

At *Buddeſdale* and *Beckles*, (two Market Towns) there are Free-Schools, having good Foundations, and,

At *Lavenham*, *Hadleigh* and *Mildenhall*, are beautiful Churches.

Euſton-hall] A Seat of the Dukes of *Grafton*, about 2 Miles *S. E.* from *Thetford*, or 17 *N. W.* from *Ipſwich.*

Noblemens Seats.

Sudborn-hall] near *Orford*, and *Chriſt Church* in *Ipſwich*, are Seats of the Lord *Hereford's.*

Toſtock-place, near *Wulpet*, a Seat of Lord *North* and *Grey*, about 14 Miles *N. W.* from *Ipſwich.*

Culforth hall] near *Bury*, and *Brome-hall*; Seats of the Lord *Cornwallis.*

Denham-hall] A Seat of the Lord *Townſhend*, about 13 Miles *N.* from *Ipſwich.*

Other remarkables, ſee the Scheme.

SECT. XXIV. *Curiosities in* Norfolk.

Buckenham] Has a strong beautiful Castle, and the Tenure is Serjeanty, its Lords being Butlers at a Coronation. 'Tis about 10 Miles near *S. W.* from *Norwich*.

Thetford.] Here is a piece of Antiquity, being a high Mole, fortified with a double Ditch, an Old-work of the *Saxons*. 'Tis upon the *S.* Borders of near the middle of this County.

Windham] Remarkable for the Burying-place of the *Albinies*, Earls of *Arundel*, about 7 Miles *S. W.* from *Norwich*.

Tasborow.] Here is a Roman Encampment. 'Tis about 6 Miles *S.* from *Norwich*.

Norwich] A very flourishing Populous City, and Bishops sea, stands near the confluence of the Rivers *Yare* and *Bariden*. It is a place Remarkable; 1. For its being fortified with Walls and 11 Gates; 2. For its many beautiful Parish Churches; 3. For its other neat Buildings, and 4. For its pleasant Situation. 'Tis 95 Miles near *N. E.* from *London*. It has a fine Cathedral and Castle, and handsome Town-House, and here are made a kind of Worsted Stuffs, called *Norwich* Stuffs or Wares, the making of which was first brought hither, from the *Netherlands*; also here is a fine market Cross, and Cloister, and an Hospital, for 100 Poor Men and Women.

Yarmouth] Is a very neat Town, a good Harbour fortified, both by Art and Nature, being surrounded either with Water, or strong Walls, and besides the Towers, here is a Mole towards the *East*, whence the Cannon commands the Sea; the Church has a very high Spire.

Spire. By the Inhabitants of this place, are catched vast quantities of Herrings. 'Tis distant from *Norwich* about 14 Miles near *E.*

Winterton] On the Sea coast, near it all about, the Ground is said to be the richest (in its own Nature) of any in *England*, as producing the greatest increase, with the smallest Labour and Charge. 'Tis about 6 Miles *N.* from *Yarmouth*, or 14 *N. E.* from *Norwich.*

Walsingham] Remarkable for the best of Saffron, and was heretofore noted for Pilgrimages, made to the Blessed Virgin of this place. 'Tis about 4 Miles near *S.* from the middle of the Sea Coast of the County.

Brancaster] (Near the *N. W.* angle of this County) is remarkable for a Roman Intrenchment, and Coins found there. Jet and Amber are found on this Coast, and abundance of Fish are there caught.

Linn] Remarkable for being a large Town, surrounded with Walls, and a deep Ditch, over which are 15 Bridges; 2. for its safe and good Harbour; 3. For the beauty of its Building, 4. For the Wealthiness of its Inhabitants, and number of its Merchants. 'Tis the 2d. in this County; stands on the Mouth of the River *Ouse*, and is about 18 Miles *W.* from *Norwich.*

Elmham.] About this place, 2 or 3 Years ago were taken up out of the Ground, (having been buryed near a Foot and a half deep) almost 200 Roman Urns with Bones therein. 'Tis very probable that a Roman Station was here, and that these Urns contained the Ashes of some Eminent Persons, taken off by some contagious Distemper, and consequently, that here might upon a strict search be found

Coins, &c. 'Tis about 4 Miles *N.* from *East-Derham.*

This County is honoured by being the Birth-place of 2 as Learned Men, as any Age hath produced, *viz.* Sr. *Henry Spelman* Born at *Congham*, a Learned Antiquary, and Lord Chief-Justice *Coke*, of *Godwick*, a Celebrated Lawyer.

Seats of Nobility.

In Norwich] Is a Seat of the Dukes of *Norfolk*. And another House of the Bishops.

Castle-rising] A Seat of the Lord *Dudley's*, near *Linn-Regis.*

Paston-hall] A seat of the Earls of *Yarmouth*, and from that Town about 15 Miles *N. W.*

Oxned] Another Seat of that Lords near *Alesham*, about 7 Miles near *N.* from *Norwich*,

Raynham-hall] A Seat of the Lord Viscount *Townshend*, about 10 Miles *N. E.* from *Lynn.*

Stiffkey] Is another of that Lords Seats, about 4 Miles *N.* from *Walsingham.*

Other remarkables in this County, see the Scheme.

Sect. XXV. *Curiosities in* Rutlandshire.

Uppingham.] Here is a handsome School, and a good Hospital; 'tis about 5 Miles *S.* from *Okeham.*

Okeham] The Chief Town of this little County, hath a good Market, Church, and the Ruins of an Old-Castle, built by one of the Family of the *Ferrers*, Earls of *Derby*, who bore for their Arms, Argent, 5 Horse-shoes, 3, 2 and 1 Sable.

Hence

Hence they have a Custom here, that every Baron of the Kingdom, the first time that he passeth thro' this Town; shall give an Horse-shooe to nail upon the Castle-Gate, which if he refuse; the Bayliff of the Mannor has Power to stop his Coach, and take one from some of his Horses Feet: but commonly the Baron gives Money, in proportion to which they have a Horse-shooe made large or small, with the Name and Title of the Donor engraved on it, which they nail on the Castle-Gate. 'Tis about 68 Miles *N.* from *London*. This Town has also an Hospital, and Free-School, founded by *Robert Johnson* as those at *Uppingham* were. This is the smallest County in *England*.

Martinsthorp] A Seat of the Earl of *Denbigh*, near 3 Miles *S.* from *Okeham*. *Seats of Nobility.*

Burleigh on the Hill] A Seat of the Earls of *Nottingham*, 2 Miles *N. E.* from *Okeham*.

Northluffenham] A Seat of the Earls of *Gainsbrough*; 3 Miles *S. E.* from *Okeham*.

Exton] about 3 Miles *N. E.* from *Okeham*, and *Brook*, 2 Miles *S.* from thence, are Seats also of the Earl of *Gainsbrough*.

For other remarkables, see the Scheme.

SECT. XXVI. *Curiosities in* Leicestershire.

Leicester Town] Stands near the middle of this County, of which it is the Chief; being remarkable for its Antiquity and Beauty; 2 For-

its Cathedral, or Collegiate Church, where lie buryed *Henry* of *Lancaster*, and his Son. 3 Here was not long since found a Mosaick-work-floor, about 4 by 3 Foot. This Town is about 80 Miles near *N.* from *London*.

Carleton.] Hence to *Dowbridge* in *Northamptonshire*, is a Roman High-way to be seen.

Lutterworth] Remarkable, 1. For that near it, is a Water that petrifieth (or turneth to Stone) Wood or Stubble; 2 For being the Place, of which the famous *Wickliff* was Preacher, or Rector. 'Tis about 9 Miles *S.* from *Leicester*.

Bensfordbridge.] Hence to *High-Cross*, is a Roman High-way, and another crosses that, said to be 2 of the most considerable in *England*; and hereabout Roman Coins have often been dug up.

Cole-Overton] Remarkable for great Plenty of Pit Coal, which serveth the adjacent Country with Fuel: 'tis near *Ashby de-la-Zouch*, which hath a *Fine Tower*.

Barrow.] Here the best Lime is found. 'Tis about 2 Miles from *Mons Sorrel*, on which Place many Fabulous Stories go, too Idle to insert.

Loughborrow] is the 2d Town of this County, hath good Buildings, and is shaded with pleasant Woods. 'tis about 8 Miles *N.* from *Leicester*.

Seats of Nobility.

Burbage] A Seat of the Dukes of *Kent*, about 6 Miles *S. W.* from *Leicester*.

Garrendon] A Seat late the Dukes of *Albemarle*, about 8 Miles near *N.* from *Leicester*.

Ashby de-la-Zouch] A Seat of the Earl of *Huntingdon's*, about 12 Miles *N. W.* from *Leicester*.

Dunning-

Dunnington] A little *S. E.* from *Ashby-de-la Zouch*, is another of that Lords Seats.

Groby] A Seat of the Earls of *Stamford*, about 5 Miles *N. W.* from *Leicester*. And *Broadgate Hall* is another of that Lord's Seats.

Stanton Harold] A Seat of the Lord *Ferrers*, about 2 Miles *N.* from *Ashby de-la-Zouch*, also *Regdale*, about 8 Miles near *N.* from *Leicester*, is his Lordships.

Ashby Folvil] A Seat of the Lord *Carrington's*, about 7 Miles near *E.* from *Leicester*.

Stanton Brudenel] A Seat of the Earl of *Cardigan*.

For other things, see the Scheme.

SECT. XXVII. *Curiosities in* Staffordshire.

Wolverhampton.] Here is a College belonging to the Dean and Prebendaries of *Windsor*. 'Tis about 9 Miles near *S.* from *Stafford*, and stands on a Hill.

Falkley-bridge] near *Tamworth*. Here a Roman High-way passeth, *W.* to *Shropshire*.

Tamworth] a noted place for Brewing Ale. 'Tis Situate on the River *Tame*, on the Borders of *Warwickshire*, about 6 Miles *S. E.* from *Litchfield*.

Wall.] Here are the large ruins of Walls, encompassing near 2 Acres of Ground, and hereabout are Roman Coins found; and the Military Roman-way is visible hence, *viz.* from near *Litchfield* to *Penkridge*, which is about 8 Miles *W.* from thence.

Litch-

Litchfield] Remarkable, for a handsome Church, with 3 fine Spires; For St. *John's* Hospital, and a School, also the Bishops, and Prebendary's Houses make a pleasant Prospect. This City is about 94 Miles near *N.* from *London*; and (with *Coventry* in *Warwickshire*) is a Bishops See.

Burton.] formerly remarkable for a Monastery and Castle; but now for its very excellent Ale, which they Brew and send in vast Quantities to *London*. It stands on the River *Trent*, about 8 Miles near *N. E.* from *Litchfield*; here is also a fine Bridge.

Tutbury Castle] situate on an Alabaster Hill. It hath heretofore been very large. 'Tis near 8 Miles *N. E.* from *Litchfield*.

Willobridge Wells] are excellent Water for the cure of Maladies, External and Internal, both in Man and Beast.

Seats of Nobility.

Dudley Castle] the Ancient Seat of Lord *Dudley*, and *Ward*, about 12 Miles *S.* from *Stafford*.

Blorehall.] A Seat of the late Duke of *Newcastle*, about 13 Miles *N. E.* from *Stafford*.

Eccleshall Castle.] A Seat of the Bishops of *Coventry*, and *Litchfield*, about 4 Miles near *W.* from *Stafford*. *Litchfield Close* is another of their Seats.

Tickal.] A Seat of the Lord *Aston*, about 2 Miles *E.* from *Stafford*.

Beaudesert.] A Seat of the Lord *Paget*, about 7 Miles *S. E.* from *Stafford*.

Chartley Castle.] A Seat of the Lord *Ferrers*, about 4 Miles near *E.* from *Stafford*.

Bromley

Bromley Hall.] A Seat of the Lord *Gerrard's*, about 8 Miles *E.* from *Stafford.*

Stafford Castle.] A Seat of the Earl of *Stafford's*, about 2 Miles *W.* from *Stafford.*

Alston Castle.] A Seat of the Duke of *Shrewsbury*, about 10 Miles *N. E.* from *Stafford.*

Newborough.] A Seat of the Earl of *Bridgewater*, about 5 Miles near *N.* from *Litchfield.*

Ridware.] A Seat of the Lord *Lee's*, a little *N.* from *Litchfield.*

For other things in this County, see the Scheme.

SECT. XXVIII. *Curiosities in* Shropshire.

SHrewsbury] sometimes called *Salop*, is a Rich Populous Town, of great Trade, almost encompassed by the spacious River *Severn*, which makes the Town a Peninsula, so that it is fortified by Nature and Art; here are several fine Churches, an excellent Free School, founded by Queen *Elizabeth*, with a spacious Library, and good Houses for the Masters. Here was formerly a beautiful Monastery. 'Tis about 125 Miles near *N. W.* from *London.*

Ludlow.] A beautiful Town, Seated on a Hill. It has a fine Church, built on an Eminence, in the middle of the Town, also it hath a Castle, *&c.* 'Tis about 20 Miles *S.* from *Salop.*

Caer-Caradock.] An Hill observable for the Marks, which yet remain of a Battle, fought here by *Caratacus*, a *British* King, against the *Roman Legions*, about the Year 53.

Pitchford.] A Village near *Cunder*; here is a Well, whereon floateth a Liquid Bitumen, which the

the People use as Pitch; 'tis near 4 Miles *S.* from *Shrewsbury*.

Wroxeter] now a Village, but hath been the Chief Town of these parts. Here are Roman Coins found, (a sign of its Antiquity) and there are still some remains of broken Walls, 20 Foot High, and 100 in Length; 'tis about 3 Miles *E.* from *Shrewsbury*.

Wirkenhill] an high Mount, from the Top of which there is a pleasant Prospect round about it. 'Tis about 6 Miles *E.* from *Shrewsbury*.

Okenyate] is remarkable for its Pit Coal; and for that a *Roman* Military High-way, is there seen, called *Watlin Street*; 'tis about 3 Miles *N. E.* from the said Mount.

The Ruins of *Red-Castle*, may be seen near *Wenun*, or about 8 Miles near *N.* from *Shrewsbury*.

Oswestry.] Here is a fair spacious Church Leaded, and a Tower. It was heretofore a Monastery, and though now a small Town, was formerly fortifyed with Walls, and a Castle. 'Tis about 12 Miles *N. Wd.* from *Salop*.

Caerbendinas] An Hill, the form of which is an Oblong; 'tis environed with 3 great Works, one higher than another, the space within which is about 7 Acres; it is said to have been the last retreating place of the *Britains*; and stands about a Mile from *Oswestry*.

Whitchurch] is remarkable for the Monuments of the first Earl of *Shrewsbury*, of the Ancient Family of the *Talbots*, and others of that Noble Linage. It is about 14 Miles *N.* from *Shrewsbury*.

Seats of Nobility.

Pepperhil.] A Seat of the Dukes of *Shrewsbury*, about 16 Miles near *E.* from *Salop*.

Tong-

Tong-Castle.] A Seat of the Noble Family of the *Pierpoints*, near *Pepperhill*.

Ellesmere.] A Seat of the Earl of *Bridgwater's*, about 12 Miles *N. W.* from *Shrewsbury*.

Shefnal.] A Seat of the Earl of *Stafford*, about 12 Miles *E.* from *Shrewsbury*.

Stoke] A Seat of the Lord *Craven's*, not far from *Wenlock*.

High Arkal.] A Seat of the Earl of *Bradford*, about 5 Miles near *N. E.* from *Shrewsbury*.

Eaton upon Severn] is another of that Lords Seats, about 4 Miles *S. E.* from *Shrewsbury*.

Cherbery.] A Seat of the Lord *Herbert*, on the borders of *Montgomeryshire*, about 13 Miles *S. W.* from *Shrewsbury*.

Other remarkables in this County, see the Scheme.

SECT. XXIX. *Curiosities in* Cheshire.

Chester.] A City of good Note, very Ancient, and Pretty Populous, environed with a Wall, whereon you may walk round the City; Here is also remarkable a Castle, the Tomb of *Henry* IV. Emperor of *Germany*, Piazzas (or Rows as they call them) in each Street, that you may walk the Streets in Rainy Weather, and not be Wet; and here is also the Bishops Palace; Old Roman Pavements of Mosaic Work, and Roman Coins have here been dug up: (this place having been a *Roman Colony*.) It stands on the River *Dee*, and had a good Harbour heretofore. It is a County *Palatine*, and hath its own Judge, or Chief Justice, and is about 140 Miles

Miles near *N. W.* from *London*, whence 'tis sometimes called *West-Chester*.

Malpas] is said to have formerly been the largest Living in *England*. It stands on a Hill, about 9 Miles *S. E.* from *Chester*.

Nampwich] accounted the best built Town in this County remarkable, 1. For a very Neat Church, 2. For the Whitest Salt; 'tis about 13 Miles near *E.* from *Chester*.

Northwich and *Middlewich*, have also Salt Pits, and they make their Salt by boiling the Water.

Astbury] about 2 Miles from *Congerton*, hath a very handsome Church.

This County is noted for Lusty, stout Men, and the best of Cheese, as well as Salt.

Seats of Nobility.

Dunham] (or *Dunhammassey*) A Seat of the Earl of *Warrington*, about 20 Miles *N. E.* from *Chester*.

Rockssavage.] A Seat of the Earl *Rivers*, about 10 Miles *N.* from *Chester*. *Frodsham Castle*, is also that Lords.

Vale Royal.] A Seat of the Earls of *Cholmondley*, about 11 Miles *N. W.* from *Chester*.

Dutton.] A Seat of the Lord *Gerrard's*, about 11 Miles *N.* from *Chester*.

Goesworth.] A Seat of the late Lord *Mohun*, about 23 Miles near *W.* from *Chester*.

Other things in this County, see the Scheme.

Sect. XXX. *Curiosities in* Derbyshire.

Derby Town] is Spacious and Populous; there are in it several fine Churches; (the Steeple

ple of one whereof is remarkable, both for its curious Workmanship and Altitude;) the Town is much noted for excellent Malt and Ale, which many prefer before Wine. It is the Assize Town, and distant from *London* about 100 Miles.

Swarston-bridge] extends over the River *Trent* near *Derby*, one of the finest in *England*.

Chesterfield] is a Town of great Antiquity, and very considerable Note, about 16 Miles N. from *Derby*.

Little Chester] near *Derby*. Here Roman Coins are frequently dug up.

Buxton Wells] very noted Physical Waters, much resorted to. The Water is Hot, wherein People Bathe themselves, as at the *Bath*; another Well is Cold Water. They are about 15 Miles near *W.* from *Chesterfield*, and near *Chapel* in the *Fryth*.

From *Buxton* to *Burgh* (about 7 Miles) is a *Roman* Causey, called *Bathgate*. *Burgh* is near the Castle in the *Peak*.

The Peak,] Here are 3 prodigious wonderful Caves, both for their Figure and Dimension, they are called by the Country People, 1. The Devils Arse. 2. Elden Hole, and 3 Pooles Hole, the second is said by *Cambden* to have been plumbed 800 Fathom, (or near an *English* Mile) but that no bottom could be found. *Messieurs Cotton* and *Hobbs*, have each wrote on the Subject of the Wonders of the *Peak*, which is situate near the *N. W.* Angle of the County; surrounded with Mountains.

Chatsworth] is justly esteemed one of the admirable things in this Nation, for the excellency

Seats of Nobility.

of

of its Building, Painture, Aquatical Curiosities, Gardens, &c. It was finished by the late Duke of *Devonshire*, Father of the present Duke, whose Seat it is, situate 6 Miles near *S. W.* from *Chesterfield*, and about 2 Miles from the Market Town *Bankwell*, *N. E.*

Hardwick] is another of this Dukes Seats.

Hadden-hall.] A Seat of the Duke of *Rutland*, about 8 Miles near *S. W.* from *Chesterfield*.

Bradby.] A Noble Seat of the Earl of *Chesterfield's*, about 7 Miles *S.* from *Derby*.

Sutton.] A Seat of the Earl of *Scarsdale's*, about 3 Miles near *E.* from *Chesterfield*.

Shirley.] A Seat of the Lord *Ferrer's*, about 6 Miles near *W.* of *Derby*.

Other things in this County, see the Scheme.

SECT. XXXI. *Curiosities in* Notinghamshire.

Nottingham Town] is remarkable, 1. For its pleasant Situation. 2. For its handsome Buildings. 3. For its neat Churches. 4. Fine Market-place. 5. A Castle. 6. Houses cut out of Rocks. 7. For *Clare* House, a Palace of the Duke of *Newcastle's*. 8. For its excellent Ale, brewed in vast Quantities. This County Town is about 96 Miles from *London* near *N.*

Here King *Charles* I. set first up his Royal Standard, *Anno* 1642. And the Marshal *Tallard* (taken at the Battle of *Blenheim*, and General of the *French* Army there,) remained Prisoner, about 7 Yeats at this place.

Clifton] remarkable for having been the Ancient Seat of the Family of that Name, near

700

700 Years, as appears by an Inscription on a Monument in the Church, not far from *Newark*.

Leuton.] At this place was a noted Monastery, near *Nottingham*. And at *Shelford* was a Priory.

Southwell] remarkable for a Collegiate Church, founded by the first Archbishop of *York*. 2. For a Palace of that Bishops here. And 3. For fine Parkes.

Newark.] Here *Alexander* Bishop of *Lincoln* built a Castle, and King *John* at this place ended his Days. 'Tis 12 Miles *N. E.* from *Nottingham*; and is a good Town of Trade.

Littleburgh] was a *Roman* Station, and here several Roman Coins have been dug up; it stands on the *Trent*, near the *N.* end of that County.

Sherewood Forest] is a little *N.* from *Nottingham*, stored with Noble Deer, and good Timber, and here *Mansfield* is pleasantly situated.

Worksop.] Here is great plenty of *Liquorish*; and a Noble Seat of the Duke's of *Norfolk*. It stands between *Mansfield* and *Blyth*, 2 Market Towns.

Seats of Nobility.

Wellbeck Abby.] A Seat of the late Duke of *Newcastle's*, about 7 Miles *N.* from *Mansfield*.

Shelford Abby.] A Seat of the Earl of *Chesterfield*, about 5 Miles *N. E.* from *Nottingham*.

Roughford Abby.] A Seat of the late Marq. of *Halifax*, about 6 Miles *N. E.* from *Mansfield*.

Nottingham Castle belonged to the late Duke of *Newcastle*. And *Houghton* was also that Duke's.

Holme.] A Seat of the Earl of *Kingston's*, about 3 Miles *N.* from *Newark*.

Linby and *Newstead*] Two Seats of the Lord *Byron's*, about 6 Miles *N.* from *Nottingham*. *Bulwell-Park* is also a Seat of that Lords, near his others.

Kellham] A Seat of the Lord *Lexington's*, near *Newark*, upon the *Trent*; *Averham* is another of that Lord's Seats.

In this County they have a peculiar kind of Plaister, for Chamber Floors, 'tis made of Burnt Stone, is very neat and useful for that purpose, being as hard as Plaister of *Paris*.

Other things in this County, see the Scheme.

SECT. XXXII. *Curiosities in* Lincolnshire.

Lincoln] It is a very considerable City, wherein are remarkable, 1 St. *Mary's* Church, a Structure very Beautiful and Magnificent; especially the *West* Portico (or front of the Porch) and Altar piece; 2 Its Situation is on the side of a noted Hill, 3 here is a fine spacious Castle; 4 here is said to be the largest Bell in *England*, as well as one of the finest Cathedrals; 'tis upon the River *Witham*, 105 Miles near *N.* from *London*.

Crowland] A noted Town in *Lower Holland*, in the Fenns, it consists of 3 Streets built on Piles, separated from each other by Water, but they have intercourse by a fine *Triangular Bridge*, which is said to stand in as many Counties, *viz. Lincolnshire*, *Northamptonshire* and *Cambridgeshire*. Beyond this Bridge formerly was a Famous Monastery. On this Place saith the Poet,

In

In Hollandia stat Crowlandia.
Ibi Vinum tale quale
Ibi fœnum gladiale
Ibi lecti lapidiale
Ibi viri Borreali
Ibi vale sine vale.

It is about 10 Miles near *E.* of *Stamford*, or 8 *S.* from *Spalding*.

Stamford] It is a Corporation of Note, remarkable for, 1 Its being Walled round; 2 for its handsome Parish Churches, 3 For its Hospital, a Bridge, and several remains of Antiquity. It stands about 30 Miles near *S.* from *Lincoln* City.

Spalding] Between this Place, and *Crowland*, is a piece of a Pitamid, thus inscribed in the Old Characters; *Aio hanc Petram Guthlacus habet sibi metam. Spalding*, is a considerable Town, about 26 Miles near *S. E.* from *Lincoln*, on the River *Welland*.

Kirton] hath its Name, from its very beautiful Church, 'tis near *Dunington* or about 22 Miles *S. E.* from *Lincoln*.

Boston] Remarkable for, 1 Its commodious Haven, 2 Its Beautiful large Church, which hath the highest Tower in *England*; visible at a vast distance, and is a Sea Mark, its Altitude is 282 Foot, equal to the Length of the Church, it hath 365 Steps, 52 Windows, and 12 Pillars. 3 For its spacious Market; 4 For a very high Bridge, near the Sea on the River *Witham*, about 13 Miles near *S. E.* from *Lincoln*.

Grantham] Obſervable for its very high Spire Steeple. It appears not to ſtand perpendicular. Its diſtance from *Lincoln*, is about 78 Miles *S.* The Altitude of the Steeple is 275 Foot.

Aſtroits] Stones like unto ſmall Stars, linked one in another, are found near *Belvoir Caſtle*; (whence is a very pleaſant Proſpect) it is about 4 Miles *S. W.* from *Grantham*.

The *Ruines of Bitham Caſtle*, may be ſeen near *North-Witham*, about 7 Miles *S.* from *Grantham*.

Moſaick-work-floors] have been often dug up at *Paunton* a place of great Antiquity, where is alſo viſible a Roman Military-way, 'tis above 2 Miles near *S.* from *Grantham*.

Horn-Caſtle] A Roman Station, it ſtands about 12 Miles near *E.* from *Lincoln*.

Scrivelby] The Seat of the Champion *Dymock*. They hold it by *Grand Serjeantie*; that when any King of *England* is to be Crowned, then the Lord of the Mannor of *Scrivelby*, ſhall appear on Horſeback well Armed, in the preſence of the King or Queen on the Day of their Coronation; and cauſe it to be Proclaimed. *That if any Man ſhall ſay, that our Lord the King*, &c. *Has not a Right to his Crown and Kingdom; he is ready prepared to defend with his Body, the Right of the King and Kingdom; and the Dignity of his Crown, againſt all Perſons whatſoever.* *Scrivelby* is near *Horn-Caſtle* aboveſaid.

Wainfleet] Remarkable for being the Birth-place of *William* of *Wainfleet*, a Learned Biſhop of *Wincheſter*; 'tis about 10 Miles near *N. E.* from *Boſton*, and here is a good Free-ſchool.

Bever

Bever (or Belvoir Castle.)] A Seat of the Duke of *Rutland* near *Grantham*, the Vale under it is in 3 Counties, *viz. Lincoln*, *Nottingham*, and *Worcestershire*, a very fine Prospect. *Seats of Nobility.*

Semperingham.] A Seat of the Earl of *Lincoln*, about 9 Miles *E.* from *Grantham.*

Tattershall.] Another of that Lords Seats, about 13 Miles *S. E.* from *Lincoln.*

Bolingbrooke Castle, a Seat of that Lords, about 16 Miles *E.* from *Lincoln.* Here *Henry* IV. was born.

Knaith.] A Seat of the Lord *Willoughby* of *Parkham*, about 10 Miles *N. W.* from *Lincoln.*

Lincoln Palace.] The Bishops Seat in that City.

Normanby.] A Seat of the Duke of *Buckinghamshire's*, about 12 Miles near *N. E.* from *Lincoln.*

Grimsthorp.] A Seat of the Marquess of *Lindsey's*, about 9 Miles *S. E.* from *Grantham.*

Earesby] is also a Seat of that Lords, near 18 Miles *N. E.* from *Lincoln.*

Worlaby.] A Seat of the Lord *Belassis*, near the *N.* end of the County.

Other things notable in this County, see the Scheme.

SECT. XXXIII. *Curiosities in* Yorkshire.

YOrk.] The 2d City in *England*, the chief of the Province of *York*, as *London* is of *Canterbury*; the chief Governour hereof is (as at *London*,

Liquorish. 'Tis about 14 Miles near *W.* from *York*.

Borough-bridge] so called from a large Stone-bridge there; in the Fields near this place are 4 large Pyramidal Stones, standing in a right Line. *Camden* thinks they are a *Roman Trophy*, but Dr. *Stillingfleet*, and Dr. *Plat*, that they are the Works of the *Britains*; some will have these Stones to be Artificial. This place is about 13 Miles *N. W.* from *York*. Here is a Military *Roman* Way.

Hudleston.] At this place, not far from *Sherborn* in *Barkstone* Waponstake is a Quarry, the Stones of which are Soft when first dug up, but become very hard after exposed to the Air.

Kilnsey Cragg] the highest and steepest in *Britain*, 'tis a little *E.* from *Settle*, in the *W.* part of the County. Here about are also many very high Hills, as *Ingleborow*, *Pennygent*, *Cam*, *Whelpstone*, *Warnside*, and *Michelbow Hills*, and here, near *Cambill* is the County Stone upon an Hill, all not far from *Settle*.

Leeds] one of the most Spacious, Rich Towns in this County, famous for the Clothing Trade. much Lyme stone is dug up here about. 'Tis about 17 Miles near *S. W.* from *York*, on the River *Are*.

Wakefield] remarkable, 1. For its Largeness, and Neatness of Building. 2. For its Great Market. 3. For a Bridge, whereon a Chapel was built by *Edward* IV. It is about 20 Miles *S. W.* from *York*, on the River *Calder*.

Hallifax.] Another noted Town in this West Riding (or part) of the County. It is noted for a By-Law, that such as are found stealing shall be beheaded. 2. For the largeness of the

Parish, which hath 12 Chapels of Ease, and contains about 12000 Men. It stands on the River *Calder*, near the *S. W.* Angle of the County. Here is made very much and good Cloth.

Sherborn.] Hence to *Aberforth* is an high Roman Military Way, about 6 Miles near *E.* from *Leeds*.

Selby.] A pretty populous Town, noted for the Birth-place of King *Henry* I. 'Tis about 9 Miles *S.* from *York*.

Driffield.] About 8 Miles *N.* from *Beverley*, is remarkable for the Monument of *Alfred*, a Learned King of *Northumberland*.

Whitby] remarkable for Stones that are found here, which resemble Serpents in Stone Cases. And on this Shore is also found Black Amber, or Jet; it grows within the Clifts of the Rocks. *Whitby* is in the *N. E.* Angle of the County.

Skingrave.] At this place was taken by the Fishermen, a Sea-man (or Fish, in all respects resembling a Man) which they kept a few Days, and fed it with raw Flesh, but at last he escaped to his natural Element again. And at,

Huntly Cliff.] On the Rocks here, Sea Calves (or Seales) have been found in great Numbers, near the *N. E.* Angle of the County.

Huntley Nabb.] And on the Shore, at this place, are found Stones of several Sizes, round as Bullets, Naturally; upon the breaking of which you find Serpents, commonly without Heads, wreathed up in Circles.

Gisburgh.] A very pleasant and healthful situation; the Soil is so fruitful, that it produceth Grass and Flowers, great part of the Year. It is near the *N. E.* Angle of the County. And here was formerly a Rich Monastery.

Top.

Topping-hill] (or *Ounesbury Topping*) a Steep Green Mountain, so high that it serves Sailors for a Landmark, and the neighbouring places to know the Weather by. Near the Top, a Spring floweth from a Green Stone, very good for Weak, Tender Eyes. Hence is a curious Prospect of the Sea, about 5 Miles from it, and of the Land round it.

Rhydale] is a pleasant Fertile Valley, adorned with 23 Parish Churches between the Rivers, *Rhy* and *Foss*. It stands a little *S.* from *Kirby-Moreside*, (a good Market Town) and about 15 Miles near *N.* from *York*.

Sheriff-hutton and *Hinderskell*,] 2 fine Castles, especially the former, and at the latter many Fountains arise; about 10 Miles *N. E.* from *York*.

Rotheram] noted for 3 Schools, 1. For Language. The 2d for Musick. And 3. For Writing. 'Tis distant from *York* about 28 Miles near *S.* Here Archbishop *Rotheram*, and Bishop *Sanderson* were born.

At *Wentworth*] a little Westward from *Rotheram*, lyeth buried the Great Earl of *Stafford*, Head of that Family.

Doncaster.] An Ancient Town; where are the Ruins of a Spacious Castle, and there is the Neat Church of St. *George*, about 23 Miles *S.* from *York*. And the like Ruins are at *Tickhill*, a little *S.* from *Doncaster*.

Hatfield.] Here *William* II. Son of *Edward* III. was born. 'Tis near *Doncaster*.

Gretland.] Here was dug up a *Roman* Altar, dedicated by *Titus Aurelius Aurelianus*, to the Gods of the City of the *Brigantes*. It was not long since to be seen at the House of the famous Sir *John Savil* at *Bradley*.

Almond-

Almondbury.] Not far from this place, on the side of an Hill, appeareth the Marks of an Old Rampier, and some Ruins of a Wall and Castle, well guarded with treble Fortifications; about 9 Miles near *S. W.* from *Wakefield.*

Castleford.] A Village standing about 5 Miles *N. E.* from *Wakefield.* At this place are dug up a large Quantity of the Coin, called *Saracens Heads*, by the Country People.

Barwick in Elmet.] Here are Ruins of Walls and Rubbish, said to have been the Royal Seat of the Kings of *Northumberland.*

Ilekely.] Here *Roman* Pillars, Altars and Inscriptions have been dug up. It is about 6 Miles near *S. E.* from *Skipton*, or 24 *W.* from *York.*

Wetherby.] Near this place at *Hellensford*, is a Roman Military Way; about 10 Miles *W.* from *York.*

Tadcaster.] remarkable for the Roman Way near it. 2. Roman Coins dug up in it. 3. The appearance of a Trench round it. 4. The Platform of an Old Castle, out of whose Ruins the stately Bridge was built over the Wharfe. This *Tadcaster* is about 8 Miles *S. W.* from *York.*

Drax.] This Village was Memorable for a noted Monastery, but now for a well endowed Free-School and Hospital.

Auldby.] Here on the Top of the Hills, are the Ruins of an Old Castle, and some other Marks of Antiquity. And those of the Castle of *Montferant* are near *Kirkham*, about 15 Miles near *N. W.* from *Beverly.*

The *Estuary* of the *Humber* (a River that separateth this County from *Lincolnshire*) Ebbs and Flows with a violent Motion, and Murmuring

ing Noise, so that the Ships are often in danger there.

Newborow and *Biland*] heretofore 2 famous Monasteries. At the former was born the Learned Historian *William* of *Newborow*.

Richmond Hills] produce not only Pit Coal, but also Copper and Lead; in the *N.* part of the County; and about 17 Miles *S. W.* from *Richmond*, at the Head of the River *Ure*, is a Bridge of one intire Stone. And at *Baintbridge* is the remains of a *Roman* Garrison.

Seats of Nobility.

Thornhill.] A Seat of the late Marquess of *Halifax*, about 5 Miles *W.* from *Wakefield*.

Skipton Castle.] A Seat of the Earl of *Thanet*, about 14 Miles near *N.* from *Halifax*.

Sheffield Mannor.] A Seat of the Duke of *Norfolk*, about 32 Miles near *S.* from *York*.

Bolton Castle.] A Seat of the Duke of *Bolton* near *Skipton*, about 27 Miles near *W.* from *York*.

Malgrave Castle.] A Seat of the Duke of *Buckinghamshire*, and *Normanby*, near the *N. E.* Angle of this County.

Snape.] A Seat of the Earl of *Exeter*'s, about 6 Miles *N.* from *Rippon*.

Otley.] A Seat of the Archbishop, about 11 Miles near *N. E.* from *Halifax*. *Bishopsthorp* is also his Graces.

Wresel Castle.] About 11 Miles near *S. E.* of *York*, a Seat of the Duke of *Somerset*.

Slingsby Castle.] A Seat of the late Duke of *Newcastle*, about 13 Miles near *N. E.* from *York*.

Thorp hall.] A Seat of the Duke of *Leed*'s, about 7 Miles *N. W.* from *Rippon*.

Went-

Wentworth.] A Seat of the late Earls of *Strafford*, near *Rotheram* aforesaid, as were *Tinsley*, *Hooton Robert*, *Tankersly*, and *Fryer-House*.

Wilton Castle.] A Seat of the Lord *Cornwallis*, about 20 Miles *N. E.* from *York*.

Hornby Castle.] A Seat of the Earl of *Holderness*, about 5 Miles *S. E.* from *Richmond*.

Patrick Brumpton] near that above, and a Seat of the same Lords, as are likewise *Hackforth*, *Aston*, *Anderby-la-miers*, *Wales-Mannor*, *Hardwick* and *Aughton*.

Healeigh-Mannor.] A Seat of the Earl of *Wharton's*, about 7 Miles *W.* from *York*.

Holm on Spalding-moor.] A Seat of the Lord *Lonsdales*, about 13 Miles *S. E.* from *York*. *Dalton* is also that Lords.

There are also *Henskelf-Castle*, and *Grimsthorp*, the Earl of *Caerliste's*. And *Newborough Abby*, &c. Seats of the Lord *Falconberg*.

Other remarkables in this County, see the Scheme, or Table folded up.

This County hath produced 3 Great Men of our time, *viz.* Archbishops *Tillotson*, and *Sharp*, and the Duke of *Leed's*.

SECT. XXXIV. *Curiosities in* Lancashire.

LAncaster] the Assize Town, (since the 36 *Edward* III.) I here begin with, although it be not so considerable as many others in the County, but there are these things remarkable in it, 1. A Castle. 2. A Church and large Bridge over the River *Lon*, (on the Bank whereof the Town stands.) 3. Roman Coins have been

been dug up, where the Friars had a Cloister. And 4. On the steepest side of the Hill, where on the Church is built, there hangeth a piece of a *Roman* Wall, called by them *Wery* Wall. It is distant from *London*, about 187 Miles near *N. W.* by *N.*

Manchester.] The largest and most populous Town in this County, (although no Corporation) as well as one of the most Ancient; and for Trade doth vie with, if not exceed any Inland Town in *Britain*. Things most remarkable here are, 1. A handsome Collegiate Church with a neat Cathedral-like Choir, adorn'd with Carved Work, after the Ancient *Gothick* Manner. Also a Library, and several small Chapels, on the *N.* and *S.* sides, a handsome Tower, and sweet Peal of Bells. 2. An Hospital for about 60 Blue-Coat-Boys, with a Master, a Governour, a Chaplain and Servants; here is a very Noble Library, the Skin of a Snake of a prodigious Magnitude, and a pair of Globes of an extraordinary large Diameter. This was founded by a worthy Person of this County, *Humphry Chetham*, Esquire. 3. Here are two large Market Places, I might say three. 4. A beautiful new Church, built about 2 Years ago pursuant to an Act of Parliament. And 5. A small distance *S.* from the Town is a Well of Physical Water, (Diuretick) and near that a Publick House of 2 or 3 Rooms, all hewed out of a Rock. The Town stands upon the River *Irwell*, (which separates it from *Salford*, with which *Manchester* looks like a large City) about 5 Miles from *Stopford*, and about 40 near *S. E.* from *Lancaster*. It flourished even in the time of the *Romans*, being by them called *Mancunium*,

nium, and in and near it have been discovered several pieces of Antiquity, the Revenue of the Hospital is about 520*l. per Ann.*

Leverpool] Is observable for being a very considerable Port. 2. For the neatness of its Buildings, for its Church (which is very pretty) its Town-House, Exchange, and Castle. 'Tis about 32 Miles near *S. W.* from *Lancaster*.

They that are Freemen of *Leverpool*, are so likewise of *Bristol*, and of *Waterford*, and *Wexford* in *Ireland*.

Omisburch.] Remarkable for being the Burying-place of the noble Family of the *Stanleys*, Earls of *Derby*. Near this place is *Latham Spaw*, being a Physical Water.

Winwick] Is noted for being the largest Benefice in *England*, accounted by knowing Persons 1000*l. p. Ann.* It is near *Warrington*, where the Mercy River devideth *Lancashire*, from *Cheshire*.

Wigan] Is a considerable Market Town, and Corporation, but I find nothing Notable in it, but that the Tower stands at the *East*, instead of the *West* end of the Church.

Near this Town, there is a *Burning-well*; which by putting a lighted Candle to the Water, it will Flame like Brandy. The Flame in Calm weather, will last a whole Day, by the Heat whereof they can boil Meat; but the Water taken out of the Well is cold.

Standish] This Town as it is no doubt very Ancient, so it hath probably been much more Spacious and Populous, in regard Roman Coins of 12 different Emperours, and Medals have been dug up in several places near it. 'Tis about 30 Miles *S.* from *Lancaster*, and 10 *N.* from *Warrington*.

Riving-

Rivington-pyke] An high Hill (a little *E.* from *Standish*) from the Top of which you may plainly see the Sea which is 20 Miles *W.* from it.

In *the Road* between *Wigan* and *Standish*, you will see a Pillar erected, in Memory of the Valiant Sr. *Thomas Tildsley*, Slain there by the Forces of *Cromwel*, in the late unhappy Civil Wars.

Preston] (or Prieft Town) Is a handsome large Corporation, with 2 Fine Market places. It stands about the Center of the County upon the River *Ribble*, is well stored with Fish, which is here (and about *Lancaster*) very cheap and other things proportionable; distant from *Lancaster* 20 Miles *S.*

Riblechester] A very Ancient Town, where Statues, Pillars, Pediments, Altars, Inscriptions, Coins, and other Roman Antiquities have been dug up; but is ruined and decayed long ago probably by the Building of *Preston*, which stands more commodious in the great Road, to the County Town, *&c.* 'Tis about 6 Miles near *E.* from *Preston*.

Blackbourn] Here is only remarkable an Anabatrum *E.* from the Altar, which they call the *Sanctum Sanctorum*, near 7 Miles *S. E.* from *Preston*.

Rochdale] A petrifying Spring, is about 3 Miles *N. W.* from thence.

Pendle-hill] The highest in this County, the Top produceth a peculiar Plant called *Cloudesbury*, as tho' (for its Altitude) it were the Offspring of the Clouds. 'Tis about 15 Miles *E.* from *Preston*.

Along *the Shore* between the Rivers *Ribble* and *Cocker*, there are heaps of Sand, which they let

the

A Brief Account of the State of each County in England Carefully Collected & Composed for ye Use of Foreigners & others

County's Names in Alphabetic Order.	Page in the Book	Names of such as have their Titles from the County or Chief Town.	Antiquity of the Title in ye Present Name and Family	Area of ye County in Acres.	Principal Commodity's in each County.	Names of the Chief or County Towns.	In what Circuit of the Judges each County is Situate.	Latitude of the Middle of each County.	Longitude thereof from London.	Their Distances and bearing from London Computed at Miles.	Number of Parishes in each County.	Number of Vicarages	In what Diocese each County is.	Names of ye Citys in each County.	Number of other Market Towns	Villages in each County near.	Houses.	Inhabitants in each County about.	Parliamt men ye each County Sends.	Number of Sorts of Coin has paid Queen Tax.	Names of ye Rivers in each County.	Tides	Hundreds, Rapes Lathes Wapontakes &c.
Bedfordshire	55	Russell	Ea.E.ste.6.W.3	260000	Corn, Cattle, Cheese	Bedford D.	Norfolk.	52 : 00	00 : 30	36 N.N.W.	116	58	Lincoln		10	550	12170	60850	4	7	Ouse, Ivel,		9 Hundreds
Berkshire Ea.	16	Howard	Jas.1 or Ch.1.	527000	Sail-Cloth, Malt,	Reading	Oxford	51 : 35	01 : 20	44 W.	140	62	Salisbury		12	671	16906	84530	9	10	Thames, Ifis, Kenet.		22 Hundreds
Buckinghamshire D.	56	Sheffield	D 2y.An	441000	Wood, Corn, Cattle	Buckingham	Norfolk	51 : 50	0 : 45	33 W.N.W.	185	73	Lincoln		11	615	18390	91950	14	12	Tame, Ouse and Colne		8 Hundreds
Cambridgshire	76	El.Pr.Hanover	Qu. Ann	570000	Corn, Fowl, Safron	Cambridg. D.	Norfolk	52 : 22	0 : 10	54 N.near	163	83	{part Ely pt Norwich}	Ely	5	279	17347	86735	6	9	Cam, Ouse, Grant.		16 Hundreds
Cheshire	93			720000	{Corn, Cattle, Chees, Salt & Millstones}	Chester Er.		53 : 10	2 : 40	132 N.W.	68	20	Chester	Chester	11	670	24054	120270	4	7	Dee, Weever,	1	7 Hundreds
Cornwall D.	1			960000	{Fish, Copper, Tinn, Fowl, fine Slate,}	Launceston	Western	50 : 18	5 : 00	175 W.by S.	161	89	Exeter		19	1230	25374	126870	44	8	Fanvey, Loo, Alan	10	9 Hundreds
Cumberland D.	112			1040000	Copper, Black lead, Fish	Caerlisle	Northern	54 : 47	3 : 05	214 N.W.by N.	90	37	{part Chester part Caerlisle}	Caerlisle	7	447	14825	74125	6		{Eden, Darvent Ireting, Leven,}	4	0
Derbyshire	94	Stanley	Hen.7.	680000	Cole, Iron, Lead	Derby Er.	Midland	53 : 8	1 : 40	107 N.W.by N.	106	53	Litchfield & Cov		8	503	21155	105775	4	6	Derment, Trent.		5 Hundreds
Devonshire D.	3	Cavendish	Jas.1 Ea.D.W.3.M.	1920000	{Corn, Cattle, Wool, Fish, Cloth, Serges}	Exeter	Western	50 : 40	3 : 50	160 W.by S.	394	117	Exeter	Exeter	27	1733	56310	281550	26	21	{Dart, Taw, Ex, Tamer, Turridg.}	3	30 Hundred
Dorsetshire Er.	4	Sackvill	James 1.	772000	Corn, Cattle, Stone	Dorchester	Western	50 : 43	2 : 30	92 W.S.W.	248	68	{Bristol n^th that City}		18	1006	21944	109720	20	9	Stower, Frome,	5	28 Hundred
Durham	117	Dunc.im (Dipp) Crew.		610000	Cole, Iron, Lead	Durham		54 : 40	1 : 35	186 N.by W	118	59	Durham	Durham	3	223	15984	79920	4	3	{Tine, Dervent Ware, Tees}	2	0
Essex Er.	28	Capell	Char. 2.	1240000	{Corn, Wood, Saffron, Cattle, Fish, Fowl,}	Colchester	Home	51 : 45	0 : 30	25 N.E.	415	126	London		19	1100	34819	174095	8	24	{Thames, Stower, Colin, Lee, Chelmer}	3	18 Hundreds
Gloucestershire	64			800000	{Corn, Cloth, Steel, Timber.}	Gloucester D.	Oxford	51 : 44	2 : 15	75 W.by N.	280	96	Gloucester	Gloucester	18	1229	26764	133820	8	12	{Severn, Avon, Ifis, Wye and Stroud.}	2	21 Hundreds
Hampshire	14	Fitz Roy	Char. 2	1312500	{Corn, Cloth, Cattle, Wool, hony, Bacon,}	Southampton D	Western	51 : 00	1 : 15	52 W.S.W.	253	77	Winchester	Winchester	15	1062	26851	134255	26	14	Avon, Stour, Itchin.	5	33 Hundreds
Herefordshire	66	Devereux	Edw. 6.	660000	Wheat, Wood, Wool, Cider	Hereford V.	Oxford	52 : 10	2 : 47	104 W.N.W.	176	87	Hereford	Hereford	7	391	15000	75000	8	5	{Frome, Lug. Arrow, Wye.}		12 Hundreds
Hertfordshire	53	Seymour	Hen 8	451000	Wheat, Malt, Wood	Hertford Er	Home	51 : 48	0 : 8	24 N.N.W.	120	54	{part London part Lincoln}		15	949	16569	82845	6	11	Colne, and Lee.		8 Hundreds
Huntingdonshire	75	Hastings	Hen 8	240000	Corn, Cattle, Wood	Huntington Er.	Norfolk	52 : 17	0 : 20	52 N.by W.	79	25	Lincoln		5	279	8217	41085	4	4	Ouse, Nen. ec.		3 Hundreds
Kent D.	25	Grey	Er.Ea.Qu.2.Ch.	1248000	Fruit, Cattle, Corn	{Canterbury Metropolitan's See}	Home	51 : 10	0 : 45	40 S.E.by E.	408	163	{part Canterbury part Rochester}	Canterbury Rochester	20	1173	39242	196210	10	22	Thames Medway Stower & Darvent	6	5 Lathes
Lancashire	109			1156000	Oxen, Cole, Oats.	Lancaster D.	Northern	53 : 50	2 : 35	160 N.W.by N.	36	12	Chester		16	894	40202	201010	14	5	{Mersy, Ribble Lon, Irk, Irwell.}	2	5 Hundreds
Leicestershire	87	Sydney	Eliz or Jas.1	560000	Cole, Wood, Sheep	Leicester Er	Midland	52 : 35	1 : 20	80 N.W by N	192	81	Lincoln		10	558	18702	93510	4	9	Stower, Swift, Reek		6 Hundreds
Lincolnshire	98	Clinton	Qu. Eliz.	1740000	Cattle, Woolsford	Lincoln Er	Midland	53 : 5	0 : 00	108 N	630	256	Lincoln	Lincoln	21	1556	40590	202950	12	19	{Humber, Weland. Trent Witham, & Nen.}	7	{3 Hundreds 35 Wapontakes 5 Hundreds 2 Liberties}
Middlesex Er.	30	Sackvill	Ja. 1.	247090	Roots, hay, Cattle	London	Home	51 : 38	0 : 05	8 N.W by W.	{107 East, West & Middlesex 73 Middlesex}	{to London 31 Middx}	London	London-Westminster	5	280	{106000 E.M. 5000 Mx.}	{530000 250000}	8	80	Thames & Colne	1	
Norfolk D.	84	Howard	R.2 Ja.2 Ch.2	1148000	{Corn, Wool, Honey, Saffron, Stuffs.}	Norwich	Norfolk	52 : 38	1 : 00	85 N.E.by N	660	164	Norwich	Norwich	22	1499	47180	235900	12	22	{Ouse, Yare, Waveney & Frin.}	2	31 Hundreds
Northamptonshire	72	Compton	Jam. 1.	550000	{Cattle, Corn, Wool, Calipeere}	Northampton Er	Midland	52 : 20	0 : 55	60 N.W by N	326	85	Peterboron	Peterboron	10	551	24808	124040	9	12	Nen, Ouse & Weland		20 Hundreds
Northumberland	118	Fitz Roy	Char. 2.	1370000	Lead, Cole, Fish, fowl	Newcastle	Northern	55 : 15	1 : 55	225 N.by W	46	9	Durham		5	279	22741	113705	8		Tine and Tweed.	2	0
Nottinghamshire D.	96	Finch	Char. 2.	560000	{Corn, Malt, Cole, Liquorice, Fish, fowl}	Nottingham Er.	Midland	53 : 5	1 : 5	98 N.N.W.	168	94	York		7	450	17554	87770	8	7	Trent, Idle, Maun and Snite.		{6 Wapontakes 2 Diversions}
Oxfordshire	57	Harley	Qu. Ann.	534000	Corn, Malt, Cattle, Wool	Oxford Er.	Oxford	51 : 45	1 : 20	47 W.N.W	280	62	Oxford	Oxford	8	451	19007	95035	9	10	{Thames, Tame, Ifis Charwell, Windrish ec.}		14 Hundreds
Rutlandshire D.	86	Mannors	Er.H.8 D.Q.An	110000	Wood, Wool, Corn, Cattle	Oakham	Midland	52 : 32	0 : 38	67 N.N.W	48	10	Peterboron		2	111	3263	16315	2	2	Weland & Chatter.		5 Hundreds
Shropshire	91	Talbot	Er.H.6 D.W.3.	890000	Fuel, Iron, Corn, Cattle	Shrewsbury D.	Oxford	52 : 40	2 : 52	116 N.W.by W	170	52	{part Hereford pt Litch. & Cov.}		10	615	23284	116420	12	7	{Severn, Tame, Tern, Roden, Rea.}		14 Hundreds
Somersetshire D.	6	Seymour	Edw. 6.	1075000	{Lapis Calaminaris Cattle, Lead, Wool}	Bristol, Wells.	Western	51 : 2	3 : 5	103 W.by S	385	132	Bath & Wells	Bristol part Bath & Wells	24	1660	44686	223430	18	19	{Severn, Avon, Frome Parot, Tor, and Tone.}	4	37 Hundreds
Staffordshire	89	Howard	Cha. 1. Ja. 2	810000	Cole, Iron, Lead	Stafford Er.	Oxford	53 : 0	2 : 10	104 N.W.	150	39	{Lichfield & Covintry.}	Lichfield	12	670	23747	118735	10	7	{Trent, Dove, Line, Sow. Charnet, Blyth, Pink &c.}		5 Hundreds
Suffolk Er.	82	Howard	Jam. 1	995000	{Butter, Cheese, Linens, & Woollens}	Ipswich	Norfolk	52 : 15	1 : 00	60 N.E.	575	95	Norwich		22	1500	34422	172110	16	20	{Stower, Deben, Breton Blyth, Orwell, Dyke, Lark}	5	17 Hundreds
Surry Er.	22	Howard Duke of Norfolk	Rich. 3.	592000	{Fullers Earth, Butt Corn, Walnuts,}	Southwark	Home	51 : 15	0 : 20	17 S.S.W	140	35	Winchester		8	449	34218	171090	14	18	Thames, Mole, Wey.		13 Hundreds
Sussex Er.	20	Lennard	Cha. 2.	1140000	{Cast Iron, Corn, Cattle, Malt, Wool}	Chichester	Home	50 : 55	0 : 00	35 S.	312	123	Chichester	Chichester	14	1060	21537	107685	20	16	{Rother, Arun, Lavant, Lewis}	4	6 Rapes
Warwickshire	69	Rich	Jam. 1.	670000	Wood, Wool, Cheese	Coventry & Warwick Er.	Midland	52 : 20	1 : 35	67 N.W by W	158	87	{pt Litch. & Cov. pt Worcester}	Coventry	10	780	21973	109865	6	10	{Avon, Sow, Anker, Tame, Blith, Cole.}		{4 Hundreds 1 Liberty}
Westmorland Ea.	115	Frane	Jam. 1.	510000	{Cloth, Stuffs, hats Stockings.}	Appleby	Northern	54 : 15	2 : 50	204 N.N.W.	26		{part Chester part Carlisle}		3	220	6501	32505	4	1	{Eden, Ken, Lon Lyder, Sprint, Dowber}		0
Wiltshire Er.	10	Powlet Duke of Bolton	Er.Ed.6.D.W.3	676000	Sheep, Wool, Cloth, Wax	Salisbury	Western	51 : 20	2 : 00	70 W.by S.	304	107	Salisbury	Salisbury	17	950	27093	35465	34	13	Avon, Willy, Ifis Nadder, & Kennet.		29 Hundreds
Worcestershire	67	Somerset D. of Beaufort.	Er.H.8 D. Char.	540000	Cyder, Salt, Cheese	Worcester M.	Oxford	52 : 12	2 : 13	87 N.W by W	152	55	Worcester	Worcester	9	500	20634	103170	9	9	{Severn, Avon, Tame, Salwarp, Stour, Arrow}		{7 Hundreds 3 Liberties}
Yorkshire	101			3770000	Cloth, Corn, Cattle	York D.	Northern	54 : 10	1 : 20	155 N.by W	563	242	York (except Peculiars of ye Archbishop of York is in Chester Di.	York	39	2330	106151	530755	30	24	{Humber, Ouse, Tyne, Calder, Derwent, Dun, Ouse, Rodes, Swell, Eure,}	5	23 Wapontakes

Note That D. Signifyeth Duke; M. Marquis; Er. Earl; V. Vicequint. And when D. or Er. &c. Stand after the County, Title is from thence; But if after the County-Town, then it is from that. And where Blank's are left it is not in Being in the Present Family.

Also That E. Stands for East; W. for West N. North and S. South.

D. M. Bill of Mortality Mile

the Sea-Water wash'd till it grows Saltish, and then boil it into white Salt.

Overbury.] many Monuments of Antiquity, have been here discovered. 'Tis about 10 Miles *N. E.* from *Lancaster*.

Between *Lancaster* and *Ulverston*, are prodigious Sands very dangerous to Travel over, (tho' you save much Ground by it) unless you are secure of the Time of the Tides flowing; here many (for want of that) have been lost. They are called *Ken Sand* (the River *Ken* running thro' the Middle) and *Leven Sand*, and about 5 Miles *N.* from hence is,

Winander Mere] the greatest Lake in *England*.

Clithero Castle] A Seat of the late Duke of *Albemarle*; about 10 Miles *E.* from *Preston*. Near this place hath been lately cast up by Moles, and Plowing, a considerable quantity of Diamonds.

Latham-Hall] The Seat where the Earl of *Derby* commonly resides. The largest Deer I ever saw, was some years ago in *Latham* Park. 'Tis about 10 Miles near *E.* from *Leverpool*, and near it are *Knowsley*, *Burscough-Abby*, and *Crosse-Hall*; all his Lordships Seats, as is *Greenheigh-Castle*, near *Garstang*.

Hornby Castle] A Seat of the Lord *Morley*, and *Mount-Eagle*, about 8 Miles *E.* from *Lancaster*.

Woodacre] A Seat of the Lord *Gerrard*, about 5 Miles *S.* from *Lancaster*, also *Asheton-Hall* and *Scarton-Hall*, are that Lords.

Halsal] A Seat of the late Lord *Mohun*, near *Ormskirk*.

Croxtaf-Hall] A Seat of the Lord *Molyneux*, near *Leverpool*.

Shaw-place, and *Worsley*; 2 Seats of the Lord *Willoughby* of *Parham*.

In this County there are excellent Coal Mines, and what they call Kennel (a rich Coal) and plenty of Stone, and flat Quarries; with the latter they cover their best Houses, being a flat Stone about an Inch thick.

Other remarkables, see the Table or Sheet, that folds up.

SECT. XXXV. *Curiosities in* Cumberland.

OF this County *Carlisle* is the chief City. It is a pleasant Situation, fenced by *Henry* VIII. with a strong Stone-Wall, a Castle, and Cittadel, fortified with Out-works. It stands between the River *Caude*, and *Eden*, where the former falls into the latter. It hath a fine Cathedral, 235 Miles near *N. W.* from *London*.

Ravenglass] hath a Haven, and 'tis said Roman Inscriptions have been here found. It is near the *S.* end of the County.

In a little River called the *Irt*, near this Town are small Shell Fish called Muscles, which do breed Pearls, and the People sell them to the Jewellers.

Cockermouth] A neat Populous Market-Town, Built between 2 Hills, upon one of which stands a Church, on the other a Castle. 'Tis about 19 Miles near *S. W.* from *Caerlisle*; and on the Shore, *Southward* from the Mouth of the *Darwent*,

went, are the ruins of Roman Fortifications, at all places convenient for Landing, and particularly at *Moresbury*.

Hardknot.] On the Top of this Mountain, have been dug up huge Stones, supposed to be the Foundation of a Church, or Castle; which is admirable, considering the Steepness of the Mountain.

Newlandi] some tell us that this place, and *Keswick*, (about 3 Miles *N. E.* from it) are the only Places in *Europe*, that produce *Black-lead*. Here is also *Copper*, about 7 Miles *S. E.* from *Cockermouth*.

Pap-Castle.] The Ruins of it are about 3 Miles *N. W.* from *Cockermouth*, and here have been discovered several Roman Antiquities.

At *Ferby*] was a Roman Garrison, about 7 Miles *N. E.* from *Cockermouth*. And at *Elenborrow* another, near the Mouth of the River *Elen*. Here several Roman Antiquities have been dug up.

The Ruins] of Old *Carlisle*, a little *N.* from *Ferby*.

Busines] near the *Estuary* of *Eden*, or (*Solway Frith.*) Here the Roman Wall (by some called the Picts Wall) that extended cross this County, and *Northumberland* beginneth.

Drumburgh-Castle] A Station of the Romans, as was *Burgh upon Sands*; and the last place, is also remarkable, for the Death of the Warlike Prince, *Edward* the 1st. In the very Place where he expired, is Erected a square Pillar, whose Altitude is 9 yards and a half, on the *West* side this Inscription.

Memoriæ æternæ Edwardi I. *Regis, Angliæ longe clarissimi, qui in Belli apparatu contra Scotos occupatus hic in Castris obiit.* 7 Jul. A. D. 1387.

On the *S.* side these Words,

Nobilissimus Princeps Henricus Howard, Dux Norfolciæ, comes Mareshall Angl. Comes Arund. &c. ab Edwardo I. *Rege, Angliæ oriundus,* P. 1685.

And on the *N.* side thus Inscribed,

Johannes Aglionby, J. C. F. F. (i. e. *Juris consultus fieri fecit.*)

This is about 5 Miles *W.* from *Caerliſle*, and the other 2 places a little farther *W.*

Penrith or *Perith*] noted for a pretty Church, and good Market, and near it is a round Trench called King *Arthur's Table.* This Town is about 13 Miles *S. E.* from *Caerliſle.*

Netherby.] Here are the *Spacious Ruins* of a *Roman* Garrison, and divers old Inscriptions, and other Monuments of Antiquity are here put in order by the Judicious Care of Sir *Richard Graham.* It stands near the River *Esk*, about 7 Miles near *N.* from *Caerliſle.*

A Roman Causway.] It is above 10 Yards broad, leading out of *Westmorland*, toward the Source of the *S. Tine*, about 12 Miles near *N. E.* from *Penrith.* It is called the *Maiden Way.*

Whitley Castle] or *Whitlayton*; here are the Ruins of an old Town, formerly fortifyed with a four fold Rampire toward the *N.* and 1 and a half to the *W.* And here was a Temple built to *Antoninus* the Emperour, Son of *Severus.* It is about 15 Miles near *E.* from *Caerliſle.*

Drumbugh Castle.] A Seat of the Duke of *Norfolk*, about 7 Miles *W.* from *Caerliſle.*

Greyſtock Castle] is alſo that Dukes.

Cookermouth Castle.] A Seat of the Duke of *Somerſet's.*

Naworth.] A Seat of the Earl of *Caerliſle*, about 9 Miles *N. E.* from *Caerliſle.*

Kirkoswald.] A Seat of the Earl of *Suſſex*, about 11 Miles *S. E.* from *Carliſle.*

Baker's Castle] is alſo that Earls, about 4 Miles near *S. W.* from *Penrith.*

Seats of Nobility.

SECT. XXXVI. *Curioſities in* Weſtmorland.

Appleby] remarkable, 1. For its Antiquity. 2. For the appearance of a Roman Military Way. 3. For a Caſtle and County Gaol, (being the Aſſize Town.) And 4. For the Church and School-Houſe, and Hoſpital. It ſtands on the River *Eden*, about 220 Miles near *N. W.* from *London.*

Kendale. The largeſt and beſt Town in this County, for Trade, *&c.* It ſtands on the River *Can* (or *Ken*,) in a Vale ſo that its Name is a Rebus to its Situation, about 18 Miles near *S. W.* from *Appleby.*

Waterfalls] which make a hideous Noiſe; there are 2 of them, one at *Milnthorp*, the other at *Levins*, on the River *Ken*, about 5 Miles *S.* from *Kendale.* By theſe the Neighbours foretel the Weather, for when that at *Levins* ſoundeth Cleareſt it betokeneth Fair, and when the clearer ſound

sound is at *Milnthorp*, it sheweth approaching Rain and Mists.

Ambleside] are large Ruins, a Work of the *Romans*, as appeareth also by the Bricks, Urns, and Coins, here found. Also round Stones like Mill-stones, (which they used to cement together, to make Pillars of) and Pavements, about 9 Miles *N. W.* from *Kendale*.

Kirby-Thore,] Near this place vast Ruins are seen, and Roman Coins are sometimes dug up. 'Tis about 3 Miles *N. W.* from *Appleby*.

Brougham.] Here is seen a Military Roman Way, which runs hence *E.* 'Tis about 2 Miles *E.* from *Perith*.

Shap.] Here is a Well that Ebbs and Floweth several times in a day, about 6 Miles *S. W.* from *Appleby*. Here are also large Pyramidal Stones 9 Foot High, and 14 Thick, placed at equal distance for a Mile together.

Kirby-Lonsdale] is a large Market Town, hath a good Trade for Cloth, a fair Church and Stone Bridge. It stands about 7 Miles *S. E.* from *Kendale*.

Seats of Nobility.

Wharton Hall.] A Seat of the Earl of *Wharton*, about 8 Miles *S. E.* from *Appleby*.

Pendragon Castle.] A Seat of the Earl of *Thanet*, near the Seat last above.

Brougham Castle.] Another of that Lords Seats, near *Perith*, as abovelaid. Also *Appleby Castle*, and *Brough Castle*.

Lowther Hall.] A Seat of the Lord *Lonsdale*, a little *W.* from *Appleby*, or *S.* from *Perith*.

Betham Hall.] A Seat of the Earl of *Derby*, about 6 Miles *S.* from *Kendale*.

Arnside Tower.] Another Seat of the Earl of *Derby*, about 8 Miles *S.* from *Kendale*.

SECT. XXXVII. *Curiosities in the County of* Durham.

Durham] is situate on an Eminence, very strong, encompassed with the River *Were*, which doth near encompass the City, where are observable, 1. The great Church, with large Towers and Spires. 2. The Tomb of the Pious and Celebrated Historian the *Venerable Bede*. 3. The Castle built by *William* the *Conquerour*, the Bishops Seat, (of whom there have been a Succession of 40 since the Foundation in 995.) 4. Two Stone Bridges, one on each side of the Castle; they had a Custom that when the See was vacant they hung the Keys of the Castle upon St. *Cuthbert's* Sepulchre. It is distant from *London*, about 200 Miles *N.*

Darlington.] A Market Town, in the Fields, near which there are 3 Wells of great Depth, called *Hellkettle's*, some think they are the Effect of an Earthquake. And 'tis said to have been tryed that there is a Subterraneous Passage, out of the biggest of them into the River *Tees*, a Goose being there found that was thrown into the largest of the Wells. 'Tis about 13 Miles *S.* from *Durham*.

Aukland.] An House of the Bishops, where is a Chapel, built by Bishop *Cosin's*, where he was Interred.

Binchester.] A place very remarkable for the Ruins of an old City yet apparent. And Ro-

man Coins have been often dug up in it, which the Neighbourhood call *Binchester* Pennys. 'Tis about 3 Miles *S.* from *Durham.*

Butterby.] Here is a great Curiosity of Natural Salt made by the Sun of Redish Salt Water, which falls from great Stones in the River *Were*, about 2 Miles *S.* from *Durham.*

Chester upon the Street.] Here was a *Roman* Garrison, a little *N.* from *Durham.* Also Bishop *Lindisfarn* lived retired here 113 Years. And great quantities of Coins have been here dug up.

Jarro] (near the *Tyne's* Mouth) the Birthplace of the foresaid Learned *Venerable Bede.*

The Bishop of *Durham* is a Count Palatine.

Seat of Nobility.

Lumley Castle.] A Seat of the Earl of *Scarbrough's*, about six Miles *N.* from *Durham.*

Henknowle.] A Seat of the Lord *Faucomberg.*

Bishops Aukland.] A Seat of the Bishops, about 6 Miles near *S.* from *Durham.*

Other remarkables in this County Palatine of *Durham*, see the Table folded up.

SECT. XXXVIII. *Curiosities in* Northumberland.

New-castle] remarkable for a good Port and Harbour. 2. The Castle. 3. A Fair Bridge. 4. Seven Churches and Chapels. And 5. A good Market-place, *&c.* or what is here observable is contained by an ingenious Author in these Lines,

Tem-

Templum, Portus, Castrum, Carbo, Salina, Molare, Murus, Pons, Salmo, Schola, sunt Novi gloria Castri.

It had a *New-castle*, built by *William* the *Conqueror*, whence its Name. Here are vast quantities of Sea Coal, of which they Export Annually to *London*, as appears by the Coal Meters Books, about 400000 Chaldron in time of Peace so that their Shiping is Numerous.

This Town stands on the large River *Tyne*, which separates this County from that of *Durham*, and here the Roman Wall endeth (of which more by and by) 212 Miles *N.* from *London*.

The Mouth of this River is guarded by *Tinmouth Fort*, about 7 Miles *W.* from the Town of *Newcastle*.

Berwick.] A strong regular Fortification, almost encompassed by the Sea; it stands on the Mouth of the River *Tweed*, which separateth *N.* from *S. Britain*, so that it is the most Northerly part of this County, and of *England*, 43 Miles *N.* from *New-castle*.

Artificial Mounts,] As intended for Watching the Country, are thrown up, about 12 Miles *N. E.* from *Caerliſle*, by *Thirlwall Caſtle*.

Between *Thirlwall* and *Iverton* is a square Roman Fort, with the very Foundation of the Houſes and Tracts of the Streets, near the *W.* end of the *Pict-Wall*, in this County.

Walwick.] Here are the Ruins of a large Fort, near the *Roman Wall*, about 4 Miles *N.* from *Hexham*.

Corbridge.] About 3 Miles *E.* from *Hexham* has a Church, and a Bridge. There are Ruins of old Build-

Buildings. And here King *John* found Stones marked with Brass. And since that a prodigious Skeleton of a Man was found, whose Thigh Bone was near 2 Yards, so that his whole length must be about 7 Yards. Some parts of this Skeleton are yet at *Dilston*, the Earl of *Derwentwater's* hereafter mentioned.

St. Oswald's.] Near this place are to be seen the Foundations of 2 Forts, called *Castleseeds*.

Walton.] Near this place is an old Roman Fort called *Winchester*. And near this, at *Rochester* (*by the Wall*) are Reliques of a square Camp.

Segbill.] This was a Roman Station. 'Tis about 6 Miles N. from *New-castle*.

Morpeth.] A pretty little Market Town, with a Church and Castle, 14 Miles N. from *New-castle*.

Hallistan] (or *Holy-stone*) the place where *Paulinus*, (the first Archbishop of *York*) baptized many People. 'Tis about 11 Miles near S. W. of *Alnwick*.

Warkworth.] Here is a Chapel without Beams or Rafters admirably cut out of a Rock. 'Tis near the Mouth of the River *Cocket*, about the Middle of the *E.* Shore.

Emildun.] Here was born that Learned Logician *John Duns*, who being buried alive, beat his Head against the Tombstone, and dashed out his Brains.

Stones, part of Roman Altars] with their Inscriptions, were found in the Frontiers of these Northern parts, many of which were Collected and preserved by that worthy Friend to Antiquity, Sir *Robert Cotton* of *Cunnington*, and which are probably among the Rarities of *Cotton* Library,

ry, or what he gave to the University of *Oxford*.

Ogle-Castle] A Seat of the late Duke of *Newcastle*, about 9 Miles near *N.* from *Newcastle*, also *Hoppel-Tower*, and *Bothal-Castle*, were that Dukes.

Seats of Nobility.

Morpeth-Castle] A Seat of the Earl of *Carlisle*, about 12 Miles *N.* from *Newcastle*.

Chillingham] A Seat of the Lord *Grey*'s, near the *N. E.* part of this County.

Dunstaburgh-Castle] A Seat of the said Lord *Grey*'s, on the Sea Coast, about 5 Miles *N. E.* from *Alnwick*; *Warr-Castle* and *Horton*, are also that Lords.

Witherington-Castle] A Seat of the Lord *Witherington*, upon the E. Coast of this County, 15 Miles *N.* from *Newcastle*, and 11 *S.* from *Dunstaburgh Castle*.

Other things, see the Sheet folded up.

The Roman (or as some call it) *Picts Wall.* It was Built by the Romans, to divide their Conquests in *Britain*, from the Territories of the Barbarous *Calydonians*; who they thought it not worth their while to subdue. This Wall extended athwart the *Northerly* parts of *Cumberland*, and the *South* part of *Northumberland*, *viz.* The *West* end began at *Boulness*, on the Banks of the *Frith* of *Eden*, and extended *East* by *Drumburgh-Castle*, *Burgh* upon *Sands*, and *Bemont*, inclining then to the *S. E.* till it reached *Carlisle*; whence it runs near *N.* to *Walleton*, and thence near *W.* by Over-*Denton*, it crossed the River *Irthing*, and so from *Overhall*, it crossed *Northumberland* to *Newcastle*, along with the *Tine*, It

It was first Built with Stakes (being a mural Hedge) and afterward with Stone, and had Forts at proper distances and a Ditch, the remains whereof are yet visible in many places; it was about 80 Miles long.

CHAP. II.

Curiosities in Wales.

Radnorshire.] Here is *Offa's dyke*, extending from the Mouth of the River *Wye*, about 20 Miles. It was made by *Offa* King of the *Mercians*, to divide his Territories from the *Britains*; *Radnor* is the County Town, but the Assizes are held at *Presteign*. *Radnor* is about 120 Miles from *London*.

Monmouth-shire.] The Town of *Monmouth* hath a Castle, and good Market, here the Warlike Prince *Henry* V. was Born. *Monmouth* is about 100 Miles near *N. W.* from *London*, and not far from it is *Troy*, a Seat of the Dukes of *Beaufort*.

Chepstow.] Is remarkable, 1. For the large extent of its Walls; 2. For a fine Castle, 3. For a very high Bridge.

St. Julians.] A Seat of the Lord *Herbert* of *Cherbury*, and

Abergavenny, A Seat of that Lords.

Glamorganshire.] The Spacious Ruins of *Caerphilly-Castle*, are seen in a Mooriſh bottom, at the *E.* end of the County. It hath been of a very prodigious Magnitude, and a Structure so admirable, that moſt believe it was a Roman Garri-

Garrison. Here is a Seat of the Earl of *Pembrook*, as is *Caerdiff-Castle*. *Landaff*, a City in this County hath no Market.

Newton. Here, about 2 Miles N. from *Ogmore-Castle*, near the *Severn Sea*, is a Well of Spring Water, which Ebbs and flows; the Well is about 6 Foot in Diameter, and when the Sea Ebbs it swelleth, and the contrary, as the Flood increaseth.

Morgan. A Seat of the Noble Family of *Mansels*, near which place there is a Pillar erected on the Top of an Hill, of about 4 Foot long and 1 broad, with an Inscription, which whoever happeneth to Read, the ignorant Neighbourhood say, he will die soon after: the words are, *Bodve hic jacet filius Catelis Irni, promegas Eternali de Domen.*

Between *Morgan* and *Kynfig*, lies a Stone by the Way-side about 4 Foot long, thus Inscribed, *Pump Cius car an Topius*: i. e. in English, *The 5 Fingers of our Friend and Kinsman, killed us*: The Country People have a Tradition that Prince *Morgan* was Buryed here, who they tell you was killed 800 Years, before the Birth of our Saviour. After this Prince the County was called.

Swansey Castle, A Seat of the Dukes of *Beaufort*, near the *W.* end of the County.

Coity Castle, A Seat of the Earl of *Leicester*, about 6 Miles *N.* from the *Severn*.

Caermarthen-shire.] *Castle Careg*, the Ruins of it are seen about 7 Miles *E.* from *Caermarthen* Town, and also several very *large Caverns*, and a *Fountain* that Ebbeth and Floweth, is near the same place.

Here

Here is also a *Stone*, with this Inscription; *Servator fidei Patriæ semper Amator hic Paulinus jacet cultor pientissimus æqui.*

Emlyn Castle, A Seat of the Earl of *Carbery*, near the *N. W.* Angle of this County; Another of his Lordships Seats, is *Golden Grove*, about 9 Miles *N. E.* from *Caermarthen*.

[Pembrook-shire.] *Tenby*, Is a neat Town, with a Wall encompassing it, and hath a good Harbour, near the *S. E.* Angle of the County.

Milford-Haven, one of the finest in the World, for Spaciousness and Safety; It contains 16 Creeks, 5 Bays, and 13 Roads, known by their Names.

St. Davids hath a spacious Church, built in the Reign of King *John*, by *Peter* then Bishop thereof. It had the highest Roof in *Britain*, this is a City without a Market: *Pembrook* is the chief or County Town, about 193 Miles near *W.* from *London*.

[Caernarven-shire.] The Town was Built by *Edward* the 1st. *Anno* 1293, encompassed with a Wall, and covered with a beautifull Castle, 'tis 188 Miles from *London*.

Aberconway, advantageously Situate and well Fortifyed with a neat Castle, Built by the said King *Edward* the 1st.

[Denbigh-shire.] This Town of *Denbigh*, hath an Impregnable Castle.

Wrexham is remarkable for a fine Church, and Beautiful lofty Spire of the *Gothick* order; enricht with the Figures of our Saviour, and the 12 Apostles. It is one of the most Noted Fares, or Marts in *Britain*; about 132 Miles from *London* near *N. W.*

Holt-

Holt-Castle, Near *Wrexham* a Seat of the Earls of *Derby*.

Flint-shire.] *Flint* the *Shire* Town, is remarkable for having no Market.

St. *Asaph*, This City is an Episcopal Sea, about 160 Miles near *N. W.* from *London*, and stands on the River *Elwy*.

Caerwys, The only Market Town in this County.

Holy well; Or St. *Winifreds*, is noted for many Cures. Over it is Built a neat Chapel of curious Stone; in a Window whereof the History of the Murther of St. *Winifred* was Painted; also they pretend to shew a Stone, stained with drops of her Blood. 'Tis about 150 Miles near *N. W.* from *London*.

All the 13 Counties of *Wales* are very Rocky, especially *Glamorgan*, *Montgomery* and *Merionith*. And I think the highest Hills are *Wrenny-vair*, and *Percelye* in *Pembrookshire*; *Plinlimmon* in *Cardiganshire*; *Caddoridrik* in *Monmouthshire*, and *Rodavon* in *Anglisea*.

Note some include *Monmouthshire* in *England*, and then instead of 38 Counties in *England*, and 13 in *Wales*; there will be 39 Counties in *England*, and 12 in *Wales*.

Note, also that *Overton* Church-yard, being surrounded with *Yew-trees*, that grow in an admirable manner, *Wrexham* Steeple, *Gresford* Bells and *Llangallthlan* Bridge, are vulgarly accounted the Wonders of *Wales*.

Bolt-Castle, Near *Wrexham* a Seat of the Earls of *Derby*.

Flint-shire.] *Flint* the *Shire* Town, is remarkable for having no Market.

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AN

APPENDIX

Concerning,

I. The Poſt-Stages, their Length, Diſtance of each from *London*; and charge of Riding Poſt, or by Coach; and the Rates of Carriage, *&c.*

II. The Counties, and the Market-Towns, in Alphabetical Order; ſhewing their Market Days, and Fairs, in a moſt eaſie and plain Method.

III. A Scheme exhibiting at one View the Principal Matters concerning the preſent Condition, *&c.* of *England*, in 22 Reſpects, in as many Columns.

CHAP. I.

Concerning the Post Stages, the Length of each Stage, and its distance from London. *Also the Charge of Riding Post, and by Coach, Carriage, &c.*

1. **The Great Northern Road from *London* to *Edinburgh*, viz.**

	Miles.	Totals.		Miles.	Totals.
To *Waltham-Cross*	12	12	*Tadcaster*	9	144
To *Ware*	8	20	*York*	8	152
Royston	12	32	*Burrough-bridge*	12	164
Caxton	8	41	*Northallerton*	12	176
Huntington	9	50	*Darlington*	10	186
Stilton	9	59	*Durham*	14	200
Stampford	12	71	*Newcastle*	12	212
South-Witham	8	79	*Morpeth*	12	224
Grantham	8	87	*Alnwick*	12	236
Newark	12	99	*Belford*	12	248
Tuxford	10	109	*Berwick*	12	260
Bautry	12	119	*Cockburnspeth*	10	270
Doncaster	6	125	*Haddington*	14	284
Ferry-bridge	10	135	*Edinburgh*	12	300

2. The Road from *London* to *West-chester*, and so to *Holy-head*, viz.

	Miles.	Totals.		Miles.	Totals.
To *Barnet* — —	10	10	To *Stone* — —	16	110
St. *Alban's* — —	10	20	*Namptwich* — —	16	126
Dunstable — —	10	30	*Chester* — — —	14	140
Fenny-Stratford —	8	38	*Northope* — —	18	158
Toceſter — —	12	50	*Denbigh* — — —	12	170
Daintry — —	10	60	*Conway* — — —	14	184
Coventry — —	14	74	*Beaumorris* — —	10	194
Coleſhil — —	8	82	*Holy-head* — —	24	218
Litchfield — —	12	94			

3. From *London* to *Derby*, viz.

To *Toceſter* — —	50	50	*Leiceſter* — —	12	80
Northampton —	6	56	*Loughborough* — —	8	88
Harborough —	12	68	*Derby* — — —	12	100

4. From *London* to *Norwich*, viz.

To *Royſton* — —	33	33	*Thetford* — —	10	73
Cambridge — —	10	43	*Attleborough* —	10	83
Newmarket —	10	53	*Norwich* — — —	12	95
Bury — — —	10	63			

5. From *London* to *Yarmouth*, viz.

	Miles.	Totals.		Miles.	Totals.
To *Burntwood*	16	16	*Saxmundham* —	16	78
Witham — —	18	34	*Beckles* — —	16	94
Colecheſter — —	12	46	*Yarmouth* — —	10	104
Ipſwich — —	16	62			

6. From *London* to *Deal* or *Dover*.

To *Darford* —	14	14	*Canterbury* — —	15	55
Rocheſter — —	14	28	*Deal* or *Dover* —	15	70
Sittingbourn	12	40			

7. From *London* to *Portſmouth*, viz.

To *Staines* — —	16	16	*Peterſfield* — —	10	42
Hartford-bridge	16	32	*Portſmouth* — —	24	66

8. The great Weſtern Road, from *London* to *Plymouth*, viz.

To *Staines* — —	16	16	*Sherbourn* — —	16	110
Hartford-bridge	16	32	*Crookhorn* — —	13	123
Baſingſtoke —	9	41	*Honiton* — —	19	142
Andover — —	18	59	*Exeter* — —	15	157
Saliſbury — —	16	75	*Aſhburton* — —	20	177
Shaftsbury — —	19	94	*Plymouth* — —	24	201

9. From

9. From *London* to *Briſtol*, viz.

	Miles.	Totals.		Miles.	Totals.
To *Hounſlogh* —	10	10	*Marlborough* — —	15	69
Maidenhead —	16	26	*Chippenham* — —	15	84
Reading — — —	12	38	*Briſtol* — — —	20	104
Newbery — —	16	54			

10. From *London* to *Glouceſter*, viz.

To *Maidenhead*	26	26	*Cirenceſter* (or *Ciceſter*) — —	15	72
Abington	16	42			
Farrington	15	57	*Glouceſter* — —	18	90

It may be farther obſerved, that by an Act of Parliament made in the 9th of Queen *Anne*. The Poſt-Maſter hath power to erect Croſs-Stages. The Roads are meaſured by the Wheel, and done upon Oath.

The Poſt-Maſter is obliged to receive of every Perſon, Riding Poſt with Horſes and Guide, thus; 3d *per* Mile for each Horſe-Hire, and 4 Pence *per* Stage for a Guide.

And no Perſon carrying a Bundle that doth not exceed 80. *l.* Averdupoiſe, ſhall be charged for it.

If through the default of the Poſt-Maſter, any Perſon Riding Poſt ſhall fail of being furniſhed,

niſhed, he ſhall forfeit 5 *l.* Or if the Poſt-Maſter cannot, or do not furniſh any Perſon with Horſes for Riding Poſt, then they are at Liberty to provide Horſes for themſelves; but no Horſes to be ſeized without the Owners Conſent.

The other way that Gentlemen commonly Travel is in Stage-Coaches, which is from about 2d Farthing, to 3d *per* Mile. The Flying-Coach is a Stage-Coach that is drawn by 6 Horſes, and will ſometimes run 90 or 100 *Engliſh* Miles on one day.

It may alſo be noted that *Carriage* by Waggon, or Pack-horſes, is about 5 Shillings for carrying 112 Pound Weight 100 Miles; and ſo in proportion, though 'tis ſomething cheaper in the Summer than Winter.

CHAP. II.

An Alphabetical Account of the Market-Towns in England, *with the Days of their Markets and Fairs.*

Bedfordshire.

Towns Name	Market-Days.	Fairs.
Ampthil	*Thurſd.*	*Apr.* 23, *Nov.* 29. *Good-Friday*, *St. Ann's*, and *Corpus-Chriſti.*
Bedford	*Tueſday*	*Mar.* 4. *June* 24. *Aug.* 1, and 10. *Sept.* 21. *Nov.* 30. and the 1ſt *Tueſday* in *Lent.*
Biggleſwade	*Tueſday*	*Monday after Low-Sun.*
Dunſtable	*Wedneſ.*	*May* 1. *Aug.* 1. *Aſh-Wed.*
Leighton	*Tueſday*	*May* 1. *Octob.* 13. *Mon.* in *Whitſon Week.*
Luton	*Mond.*	*Auguſt* 15.
Potton	*Saturd.*	
Shefford	*Friday*	*July* 7.
Tuddington		*Aug.* 24. 28, *Sept.* 29. *Nov.* 23.
Woburn	*Friday*	*March* 12.

Berkſhire.

Abington	*Mon.* & *Friday*	*Apr.* 25. *June* 9. *July* 25. *Nov.* 29. *Sept.* 8.

	Markets.	Fairs.
Farrington	*Tuesday*	*Feb.* 2. *Aug.* 24. *Oct.* 18.
Hungerford	*Wednes.*	*August* 10.
Ilsley	*Wednes.*	*Aug.* 15. *Easter Wedn. Whit. Tuesday.*
Lambourn		*May* 1. *Sept.* 21. *Whit. Monday.*
Maidenhead	*Wednes.*	*July* 22. *Wedn. in East. Week.*
Newbury	*Thursd.*	*June* 24. *Sept.* 29. *Oct.* 28. *Holy-Thurs. Mond.* after *Low-Sunday* and *Corpus Christi.*
Okingham	*Tuesday*	*Aug.* 29. *Nov.* 2. *Thurs.* before *Shrove-Sunday.*
Reading	*Saturd.*	*Feb.* 2. *July* 25. *May* 1. *June* 24. *Sept.* 21.
Wallingford	*Tuesday* *Friday*	*June* 24. *Sept.* 18. *Nov.* 1. *Dec.* 6. and *Thurs.* before *Easter.*
Wantage	*Saturd.*	*July* 7. and 11. *Octob.* 6.
Windsor	*Saturd.*	*June* 24. *Octob.* 16. and *Easter Tues.*

Buckinghamshire.

Amersham	*Tuesday*	*Whitson-Monday.*
Ailsbury	*Saturd.*	*March* 20. *June* 3. *Palm-Sunday.*
Beaconsfield	*Thurs.*	*February* 2.
Buckingham	*Saturd.*	*April* 25. *June* 29. and *Monday* aft. 12th *Day.*
Colnbrook	*Wednes.*	*The* 3d *Wednes. in Apr.*
Ivingo	*Friday*	*April* 25.

Newport

	Markets.	Fairs.
Newport-Pagnel	*Saturd.*	*Apr.* 11. *June* 11. *Sept.* 14. *Oct.* 21. *Nov.* 6.
Oulney	*Monday*	*June* 29.
Stonyſtratford	*Friday*	*July* 22.
Wickham	*Friday*	*May* 9.
Winſlow	*Thurſd.*	*Auguſt* 10.

Cambridgſhire.

Cambridge	*Saturd.*	*Auguſt* 15.
Ely	*Saturd.*	*October* 18.
Reche		*Rogation Week.*
Wisbich	*Saturd.*	*Aug.* 1. *Whitſon-Eve,* and *Monday.*
Lynton	*Thurſd.*	*July* 19, and *Whit. Monday.*

Sturbridge Fair (2 Miles from *Cambridge*) begineth *Sept.* 8. and laſteth 14 Days.

Cheſhire.

Altringham	*Tueſday*	*July* 25.
Cheſter	*W.* & *S.*	*Sept.* 21, and 29.
Congerton	*Saturd.*	*May* 1. *July* 3.
Frodſham	*Wedneſ.*	*Auguſt* 10.
Knutsford	*Saturd.*	*June* 24. *Octob.* 23. and *Whitſ. Tueſday.*
Maxfield	*Monday*	*June* 11, & 30. *Nov.* 2.
Malpas	*Monday*	*March* 25. *July* 25, and 27. *December* 8.
Middlewich	*Tueſday*	*Octob.* 18. *Aſcenſion-day.*
Namptwich	*Saturd.*	*Auguſt* 24.
Northwich	*Friday*	*July* 22. *Aug.* 24. *Dec.* 6.

Sambage

	Markets.	Fairs.
Sambage	Thurſd.	Eaſter Tueſd. and Sun. after St. Barnabas.
Stopford	Friday	Mar. 12. Oct. 13. and Corpus Chriſti.

Cornwall.

Bodmin	Saturd.	Jan. 25. Mar. 12. Dec. 6. Alſo Saturday after Mid-lent Sund. & Sun. before Whitſun.
Boſcaſtle		November 11.
Camelford	Friday	May 15. July 7. Aug. 26. Frid. aft. 10 Mar.
Cullum (Great)	Thurſd.	Sunday after Mid-lent Sund. and Thurſ. after All Saints.
Foye	Saturd.	May 1. and Shrove-Tueſd.
Grampound	Saturd	Jan. 18. June 11.
Helſtone	Saturd.	Auguſt 29. October 28.
St. Ives	Wed. F.	
Launceſton		June 24. & Whit-Mon. Aug. 15. Sep. 21. Holy-Thurſd. Monday before Palm-Sund. and after December 6.
Liskerd	Saturd.	
Liſtithel	Friday	June 29. Aug. 24. Nov. 2.
Marketjew	Thurſd.	June 11. Octob. 16. Nov. 29. Palm-Sund.
Millbrook		May 1. and Sept. 29.
Paddeſtow	Saturd.	
Penſance	Thurſd.	Thurſd. after Trin. Sun. and before Advent.

Stratton

	Markets.	Fairs.
Stratton	*Tuesday*	*May* 8. *Octob.* 28. and *Nov.* 29.
Tregony	*Saturd.*	*May* 3. *Shrove-Tuesday.*
Truro	*W. S.*	*Nov.* 19. *Dec.* 8. *Wedn.* after *Mid.-lent Sund.* and *Whit. Sunday.*
Westlow		*April* 25.

Cumberland.

Brampton	*Tuesday*	*June* 11. *Aug.* 10, & 15.
Caerliſle	*Saturd.*	Firſt *Wedn.* in *June*, *Aug.* 15, and *Wedneſd.* before *Eaſter.*
Cockermouth	*Monday*	*Sept.* 29, and *Whit-Mon.*
Egremond	*Saturd.*	
Ierby	*Thurſd.*	
Keſwick	*Saturd.*	*July* 22.
Perith	*Tueſday*	*Whit-Tueſday.*
Ravenglaſs	*Saturd.*	*July* 25.

Derbyſhire.

Alfreton	*Monday*	*July* 20.
Aſhburn	*Saturd.*	*May* 3. & 10. *Sept.* 29. *Oct.* 8. *Nov.* 27.
Chappel in *Frith*		*May* 4. *June* 1. *July* 7. and 27. *Octob.* 5. and *Aſcenſion-day.*
Cheſterfield	*Saturd.*	*Feb.* 28. *May* 4. *July* 4. *Sept.* 14.
Derby	*Friday*	*Jan.* 13. *Mar.* 27. *Apr.* 7, and 25. *June* 19. 23, and 29. *Sept.* 22, and *July* 25.

Tid-

	Markets.	Fairs.
Tiddeſwelt	Wedneſ.	May 3. October 18.
Worksworth	Tueſday	May 2.
Winſtre	Saturd.	June 23. October 16. Nov. 28, and April 20. lately granted.

Devonſhire.

Autre	Tueſday	
Bampton		Aug. 10. and Octob. 18.
Barnſtaple	Friday	September 8.
Biddiford	Tueſday	
Bow	Thurſd.	
Bradinuch		September 21.
Brent	Saturd.	May 3.
Chegford		March 25.
Chidley		Aug. 10. and Eaſter-Tueſ.
Collumton	Saturd.	May 1.
Combemerton	Saturd.	Whit-Monday.
Crediton	Saturd.	
Culliton	Thurſd.	May 1.
Dartmouth	Friday	
Exeter	W. & F.	July 22. Aug. 1. Dec. 6. Aſh Wedneſday and Whit-Monday.
Hatherley	Friday	October 28.
Honyton	Saturd.	
Modbury	Thurſd.	
Moreton	Saturd.	November 29.
Moulton (South)	Saturd.	Saturd. before June 11. and 1ſt Tueſd. in Sept.
Newton-buſhell	Wedneſ.	June 24.
Okehampton	Saturd.	The ſecond Thurſd. in Mar. and Sept. 14.

Ply-

	Markets.	Fairs.
Plymouth	M. & Th.	*Thurſd.* after St. *Luke.*
Plimpton	*Saturd.*	*June* 24. *Octob.* 18. and *Holy Thurſday.*
Taviſtoke	*Saturd.*	
Tiverton	*Tueſday*	The 2d *Thurſd.* after *Trinity-Sunday.*
Torrington	*Saturd.*	*June* 24. *Sept.* 29.
Totneſs	*Saturd.*	*May* 1. *Octob.* 28.

Dorſetſhire.

Beminſter	*Thurſd.*	
Beer	*Wedneſ.*	*Sept.* 7. at *Woodberry-hill.*
Blanford	*Saturd.*	*Feb.* 24. *June* 29.
Bridport	*Saturd.*	*Holy Thurſday.*
Cern-abby	*Wedneſ.*	*Sept.* 21. *Mid-lent Sun.* and *Holy-Thurſday.*
Cranbourn	*Wedneſ.*	
Dorcheſter.	*Saturd.*	*Feb.* 2. *June* 24. *May* 2. *July* 25. and *Trinity-Monday.*
Everſhot	*Tueſday*	*May* 1.
Frampton	*Thurſd.*	*Feb.* 24. *April* 23.
Lyme	*Friday*	*May* 2.
Middleton or *Milton*	*Tueſday*	*June* 6.
Poole.	M. & Th.	*November* 1.
Shaftsbury	*Saturd.*	*June* 24. *Nov.* 10. *Sat.* before *Palm-Sunday.*
Sherbourn	Th. & S.	*July* 7. *Aug.* 10.
Sturminſter.	*Thurſd.*	*May* 1. *Octob.* 13.
Weymouth	Tu. & F.	*No Fair.*
Warham	*Saturd.*	*June* 24.
Winbourn	*Friday*	*Sept.* 3. and *Good-Friday.*

Durham

Durham.

	Markets.	Fairs.
Biſhops Aukland	*Thurſd.*	
Darlington	*Monday*	*Whit-Monday.*
Durham	*Saturd.*	*March* 20:
Hartlepoole		

Eſſex.

Barking	*Saturd.*	
Billerclay	*Tueſday*	*July* 12.
Braintry	*Wedneſ.*	*Sept.* 21.
Brentwood	*Wedneſ.*	*July* 7.
Chelmesford	*Friday*	*May* 1.
Cogſhall	*Saturd.*	*Friday* in *Whitſon-Week.*
Colecheſter	*Saturd.*	*June* 24. *July* 22. *Oct.* 13.
Dunmow	*Saturd.*	*April* 25.
Eppingſtreet	*Th.* & *F.*	*April* 2. *Whit-Tueſday.*
Halſtead	*Friday*	*April* 25.
Harwich	*Tueſday*	
Hatfield-brodoc	*Saturd.*	*July* 25.
Halden	*Saturd.*	*March* 25. *Sept.* 8, & 21.
Manningtree	*Tueſday*	
Raleigh	*Saturd.*	*Trinity-Monday.*
Rumford	*Wedneſ.*	*June* 24.
Thaxted	*Friday*	*Aug* 1. *Sun.* aft. *Aſcen. d.*
Walden	*Saturd.*	*Feb.* 24. *Mar.* 25.
Waltham Abby	*Tueſday*	*Aug.* 10. *Sept.* 15.

Glouceſterſhire.

Barkley	*Wedneſ.*	*May* 3. *July* 20.
Camden	*Wedneſ.*	*July* 25. and *Aſh-Wedn.*

Chelton-

	Markets.	Fairs.
Cheltenham	*Thurſd.*	*July* 25. and *Holy-Thurſ.*
Cirenceſter	*M.* & *F.*	*July* 7. *Octob.* 28. *Eaſter-Tueſd.* and *Holy-Thurſ.*
Dean (Great)	*Monday*	
Durſley	*Thurſd.*	*November* 23.
Glouceſter	*W.* & *S.*	*Mar.* 25. *June* 24. *Sep.* 17. *Novemb.* 17.
Horwood		*Auguſt* 24.
Letchlade	*Tueſday*	
Marſhfield	*Tueſday*	
Newent	*Friday*	*Aug.* 15. *Wedneſ.* bef. *Eaſter*, and *Whitſ.* and *Friday* after *Sept.* 8.
Northleak		*June* 29.
Stow on the Would	*Thurſd.*	*May* 1. *Octob.* 10.
Stroud	*Friday*	*Auguſt* 15.
Tedbury	*Wedneſ.*	*Aſh-Wedneſday.*
Teuxbury	*Saturd.*	*May* 3. *June* 11. *Aug.* 13, and 24. *Sept.* 29. *Feb.* 24.
Thornbury	*Saturd.*	*Aug.* 15. *Monday* after *Eaſter*, and before St. *Thomas.*
Wickware	*Monday*	*March* 25.
Winchecomb	*Saturd.*	*April* 25. *July* 17.
Wotton under Edge.	*Friday*	*September* 15.

Hampſhire.

Alresford	*Thurſd.*	*Holy-Thurſ.* and *June* 24.
Andover	*Saturd.*	*May* 1. and *Novemb.* 6.
Baſingſtoke	*Wedneſ.*	*Sept.* 29. *Whit-Wedneſd.* *Chriſt-*

	Markets.	Fairs.
Christ Church		*Octob.* 7. *Trinity-Thursd.*
Farham	*Thursd.*	*June* 29.
Kingscleer.	*Tuesday*	
Limington	*Saturd.*	*May* 1. *Sept.* 21.
Odiham	*Saturd.*	*Saturd.* before *Mid-lent Sunday.*
Overton		*April* 23.
Portsmouth	*Th.* & *S.*	*July* 1.
Ringwood	*Wednes.*	*November* 29.
Rumsey	*Saturd.*	*Aug.* 15. *Octob.* 28.
Southampton	*Tu.* & *F.*	*Trinity-Monday.*
Stockbridge.		*Holy-Thursday.*
Whitchurch		*Octob.* 23, and 28. and *Whit-Monday.*
Wincheſter	*W.* & *S.*	*July* 22. and the 1ſt *Monday* in *Lent.*

Herefordſhire.

Bakmay		*July* 20.
Bromyard	*Monday*	*Whit-Monday.*
Hereford	*W. F. S.*	*May* 19. *June* 19. *Oct.* 8, and 21. and on *Eaſter-Wedneſday.*
Limſter	*Friday*	*June* 29. *Aug.* 24. and *October* 28.
Lidbury	*Tueſday*	*May* 1. *June* 11.
Pembridg	*Tueſday*	*May* 1, and *Nov.* 6. & 11.
Roſſe	*Thurſd.*	*July* 20, and 25. *Aug.* 15. *Sept.* 14. *Octob.* 30. *Nov.* 29. *Aſcenſion-day*, *Corpus Chriſti*, and 2d *Tueſday* after *Trinity.*
Webley	*Thurſd.*	*Aſcen. day*, & *Thurſ.* 3 Weeks after.

Hert-

Hertfordshire.

	Markets.	Fairs.
Baldock	Thursd.	Feb. 24. July 25. Sept. 21. Nov. 29.
Barnet	Mond.	June 23.
Brakbamstead	Mond.	June 29.
Buntingford	Mond.	June 29. July 25.
Hatfield	Thursd.	Apr. 23. July 25. Oct. 18. and Good-Friday.
Hempstead		Corpus-Christi day.
Hertford	Saturd.	June 24. Sept. 8. Oct. 28. Nov. 6.
Hitching	Tuesday	Apr. 2. Oct. 13. East. Tu.
Hodsdon	Thursd.	June 29.
Royston		June 28. July 7. Oct. 13. Dec. 29.
St. Albans	Saturd.	Mar. 25. June 22. Aug. 15. Sept. 29.
Bps. Stortford	Thursd.	Sept. 29. Corpus-Christi day.
Tring	Friday	June 29. May 10.
Ware	Tuesday	July 7.
Watford	Tuesday	Aug. 24. Trinity Monday.

Huntingtonshire.

Huntington	Saturd.	Mar. 25. July 2. & 20. Sept. 8. & Good-Frid.
Kimbolton	Friday	July 22. Nov. 29.
St. Ives	Monday	Sept. 21. & 29. Whit-Monday.

	Markets.	Fairs.
St. Neot	Thurſd.	Corpus-Chriſti day.
Yaxley	Tueſday	

Kent.

Aſhford	Saturd.	1ſt Mon. aft. St. Barthol.
Canterbury	W. & S.	July 7, & 27. Sept. 21, & 29. Dec. 29. & Whit. Tueſday.
Cranbrook	Saturd.	May 29.
Darford	Saturd.	
Dover	W. & S.	Aug. 24. Sep. 21. Nov. 11.
Eltham	Monday	
Feverſham	W. & S.	February 14.
Gravesend	Saturd.	Jan. 23. Apr. 23. (4 days) October 13.
Hythe	Saturd.	
Lenham	Tueſday	May 26. & Whit. Mond.
Maidſtone	Thurſd.	Feb. 2. May 1. June 9. October 6.
Malling (Weſt)	Saturd.	Nov. 6. Good-Friday.
Milton	Saturd.	June 6.
Rocheſter	Friday	May 19. Oct. 30. Nov. 29.
Rumney	Thurſd.	Auguſt 1.
Sandwich	W. & S.	
Sevenoke	Saturd.	Mar. 3. June 29. Oct. 1. Dec. 6.
Sittingburn		Sept. 29. Whit. Mond.
Tenterden	Friday	Apr. 26.
Tunbridge	Friday	Aſh Wedn. & Trin. Mon.
Wrotham	Tueſday	
Wye	Thurſd.	

Lancashire.

	Markets.	Fairs.
Blackbourn	Monday	May 1. Sept. 28.
Bolton	Monday	June 29. Aug. 15.
Bury		Apr. 23. Sept. 8.
Cartmel	Monday	
Chorley	Tuesday	August 10.
Clitheroe	Saturd.	
Garstang	Thursd.	November 10.
Kirkham	Tuesday	June 24.
Lancaster	Saturd.	{June 24. Sep. 29. Palm-Sunday.
Leverpoole	Saturd.	July 25.
Manchester	Saturd. chiefly	{Sept. 20, & in Salford White-Mond. &c. and November 6.
Ormschurch	Thursd.	Aug. 29. & Whit-Mond.
Preston	Saturd.	{June 24. Aug. 15. and Octob. 28.
Rochdale	Tuesday	{May 3. Octob. 23. and Whit-Sunday.
Ulverston	Thursd.	
Warrington	Wednes.	July 25. Nov. 29.
Wigan	Friday	Ascen. day, & Octob. 18.

Leicestershire.

Ashby de la Zouch	Saturd.	{Aug. 24. October 28. Whit-Tuesday
Bosworth	Wednes.	Apr. 27. June 24. Oct. 5.
Hallaton	Thursd.	Ascension-day.
Harborough	Tuesday	

	Markets.	Fairs.
Hinkley	Monday	{Aug. 15. & 3d Monday aft. 12th-day.
Leiceſter	Saturd.	{May 1. June 24. Sept 29. Dec. 8. & Palm-Sun
Littleworth	Thurſd.	
Loughborough	Thurſd.	
Melton Mowbray	Tueſday	{Aug. 10. Tueſ. aft. 12th day, & Whit-Tueſday.
Montſorril	Monday	June 29.

Lincolnſhire.

Alford	Tueſday	
Barton	Mond.	July 20.
Bourn	Saturd.	Feb. 24. Apr. 25.
Bullingbrook	Tueſday	
Burton	Tueſday	
Dunington	Saturd.	
Folkingham	Thurſd.	{May 1. and Nov. 11 and Aſh-Wedneſday.
Ganesborough	Tueſday	Oct. 8. & Eaſter-Monday
Grantham	Saturd.	{The 5th Mon. in Lent and Dec. 6.
Grimsby (Great)	Wedneſ.	Auguſt 24.
Horncaſtle	Saturd.	Auguſt 10.
Kirton	Saturd.	April 30. Auguſt. 10.
Lincoln	Friday	June 24. Nov. 17.
Louth	W. & S.	{May 1. July 25. Sunday after Eaſter.
Market-deeping	Thurſd.	Sept. 29.
Market-raizin	Tueſday	

	Markets.	Fairs.
Sleford	Monday	Whitſon Monday.
Spalding	Tueſday	Nov. 17. Dec. 6.
Spilsby	Monday	On Trinity-Monday.
Stamford	M. & F.	July 25. on Mid-lent S. & that aft. Cor. Chr.
Tatterſhall	Friday	
Waynfleet	Saturd.	

Middleſex.

Brentford	Tueſday	Auguſt 10.
Edgware	Thurſd.	
Enfield	Saturd.	April 23. Sept. 12. May 1. Nov. 29. and Good-Friday.
London	ſix days, but more W. & S.	Auguſt 24. Southwark Sept. 8. and May 1. or May-Fair.
Staines	Friday	
Uxbridge	Thurſd.	July 20. Sept. 29.

Norfolk.

Aileſham	Saturd.	March 12.
Bucknam	Saturd.	
Burnham	Saturd.	
Cauſton	Tueſday	
Cromer	Saturd.	
Derham (Eaſt)	Friday	June 22.
Downham	Saturd.	
Dyſſe	Friday	
Fakenham	Thurſd.	

	Markets.	Fairs.
Holt	*Saturd.*	*June* 11. *October* 18.
Hyngham	*Saturd.*	
Lynn	*Tu. & S.*	*A great Mart on Feb.* 2. for 14 Days.
Norwich	*W. F. S.*	*August* 24.
Repham	*Saturd.*	
Snetsham	*Friday*	
Swafham	*Saturd.*	
Thetford	*Saturd.*	*May* 1, and 3.
Walsham	*Thurfd.*	
Walsingham	*Friday*	
Watton	*Wednef.*	
Worsted	*Saturd.*	
Windham	*Friday*	
Yarmouth	*Saturd.*	*Tuesday* before *Lady-day.*

Northampton.

Brackley	*Wednef.*	
Daventry	*Wednef*	*July* 23. *Aug.* 4. & 28. & *Sep.* 21. *Easter* and *Whitson-Tuesday.*
Higham-ferrers	*Saturd.*	*Feb.* 24. *June* 17. *Sept.* 29. *Nov.* 25.
Kettering	*Friday*	*Tuesday* before *Easter*, *Thursdays* before *Mich.* & *St. Thomas-day.*
Morpeth	*Wednef.*	
Northampton	*Saturd.*	*Mar.* 25. *Apr.* 23. *Aug.* 15. *Nov.* 17.
Oundle	*Satur.*	*Feb.* 14. *Aug.* 10. and *Whitson-Monday.*

	Markets.	Fairs.
Peterborough	Saturd.	June 24, & 29. Aug. 1, & 6. Sept. 21.
Thrapston	Tuesday	July 25.
Towcester	Tuesday	Mar. 22. Aug. 10. Oct. 18.
Wellingborough	Wednes.	Easter-Wednesday.

Northumberland.

Alnwick	Saturd.	
Berwick	Saturd.	
Hexham	Tuesday	
Morpeth	Wednes.	
Newcastle	Tu. & S.	June 11. Octob. 18.

Nottinghamshire.

Blyth		Octob. 8.
Mansfield	Thursd.	June 29.
Newark	Wednes.	July 22. Octob. 18. & Whitson-Wednesday.
Nottingham	W. F. S.	Thur. bef. East. 1. Tuesd aft. Epiph. — — — each eight days. & every Wednesd. from Christmas till June.
Redford	Saturd.	
Southwel	Saturd.	
Worksop	Wednes.	Mar. 7. Octob. 7.

Oxfordshire.

Markets.		Fairs.
Banbury	*Thurſd.*	*Aug.* 1. & 2. *Octob.* 1. & 18. *Thurſd.* aft. 12th day, 1ſt *Tueſd.* in *Lent*, *H. Thurſ.* & *Trin.* & aft. *Mich. d.* & aft. *S. Andr. d.*
Burford	*Saturd.*	*June* 24. & *Aug.* 1.
Chippingnorton	*Wedneſ.*	*Feb.* 24. *July* 7. *Oct.* 28.
Henley	*Thurſd.*	*Feb.* 24. *Holy* and *Trin. Thurſds.* & that before *Midſummer-day.*
Oxford	*W.* & *S.*	*May* 3. *Aug.* 24. *Oct.* 28. & on *Eaſter-Tueſday.*
Thame	*Tueſday*	*Sept.* 29.
Watlington	*Saturd.*	*March* 25.
Witney	*Thurſd.*	*June* 29. and *Holy-Thurſday.*
Woodſtock	*Tueſday*	*Sept.* 21. *Dec.* 6. and *Whit-Monday.*

Rutlandshire.

Okeham	*Saturd.*	*Apr.* 25. *Sept.* 4.
Upingham	*Wedneſ.*	*Feb.* 24. *July* 7.

Shropshire.

Bridgnorth	*Saturd.*	*June* 19. *July* 21. and *Octob.* 18.
Draiton	*Wedneſ.*	*Sept.* 8. *Oct.* 13. *Wedneſ.* before *Palm-Sunday.*

Ludlow

	Markets.	Fairs.
Ludlow	*Monday*	*June* 24. *Aug.* 4. & 10. *Sept.* 29. & *Nov.* 1. & 23. & *Mon. Tuef. & Wedn.* before *Eaſter*.
Newport	*Saturd.*	*Apr.* 11. *June* 11. *Nov.* 6.
Oſweſtry	*Monday*	*May* 11. *Nov.* 29.
Shrewsbury	*W. Th. S.*	*June* 22. *Aug.* 1. *Sept.* 21.
Wellington	*Thurſd.*	
Wemm	*Thurſd.*	*July* 2. *Nov.* 10.
Wenlock (Great)	*Monday*	*June* 24.
Whit-church	*Friday*	*October* 23.

Somerſetſhire.

Axbridge	*Thurſd.*	*Mar.* 25. *June* 11.
Bath	*W. & S.*	*Feb.* 2. *June* 29. *Aug.* 1.
Bridgwater	*Thurſd.*	*June* 24. *Sept.* 21. *Aſcenſion day.*
Briſtol	*W. & S.*	*Jan.* 25. 26, &c. *July* 25.
Bruton	*Saturd.*	*Apr.* 23. & *Good-Friday.*
Camel (Queen's)		*October* 14.
Cauſtham	*Thurſd.*	
Chard	*Tuſday*	*May* 3. *Nov.* 1.
Crookhorn	*Saturd.*	*Auguſt* 24.
Dulverton	*Saturd.*	*June* 29. *October* 28.
Dunſtar	*Friday.*	
Evil	*Friday.*	
Frome	*Wedneſ.*	*Feb.* 24. *Nov.* 23.
Gluſſenbury	*Tueſday*	*Sept.* 8, and 29.
Ilchester	*Wedneſ*	*July* 22. *Aug.* 29.
Ilminſter	*Saturd.*	
Langport	*Saturd.*	*June* 29. *Sept.* 24.

	Markets.	Fairs.
Penford	Thurſd.	Apr. 25. Octob. 28.
Petherton (South)	Thurſd.	June 24.
Philipſnorton	Thurſd.	May 1.
Shipton Mallet	Friday	
Somerton	Monday	October 28.
Taunton	W. & S.	July 7.
Watchet	Saturd.	
Wells	W. & S.	May 3. June 24. Oct.
Wincaunton	Wedneſ.	
Wivelſcomb	Tueſday	May 1.

Staffordſhire.

Bramley	Tueſday	Feb. 2.
Brewood	Tueſday	Sept. 8.
Burton	Thurſd.	June 27. July 5. Oct. 18. Aſcenſion-day.
Eccleſhall	Friday	Aſcenſion-day.
Leek	Wedneſ.	Apr. 3. July 17. Nov. 8. Mond. in Weeſ. Week.
Litchfield	Tu. & F.	May 1. every Thurſd. after 12th day for 3 Weeks; Aſh-Wed. & Frid. bef. Sim. & Jude.
Newcaſtle	Monday	Mar. 25. Frid. aft. Mond. aft. Low-Sunday.
Stafford	Saturd.	Feb. 6. for 6 days, and 26. June 29. April 22. May 3. July 30. & Sep. 21.

Stone

	Markets.	Fairs.
Stone	*Tuesday*	*July* 25.
Tamworth	*Saturd.*	*Apr.* 23. *Oct.* 13. *Ash-W.*
Uroxeter	*Wednes.*	*Apr.* 25. and *Sept.* 8.
Walsal	*Tuesday*	
Wolverhampton	*Wednes.*	*June* 24, and 29.

Suffolk.

Aldeburgh	*Saturd.*	*April* 26.
Beckles	*Saturd.*	
Buddesdale	*Thursd.*	
Bungey	*Thursd.*	
Bury (S. Edm.)	*Wednes.*	*Nov.* 12. & 20. *Good-Fr.*
Clare	*Friday*	*April* 7, and 26.
Debenham	*Friday*	
Donwich	*Saturd.*	
Framlingham	*Saturd.*	
Hadley	*Monday*	
Halesworth	*Tuesday*	*October* 18.
Haveril	*Wednes.*	*May* 1. *July* 6. and *Thursday* after *July* 3.
Ipswich	*W. F. S.*	*Apr.* 23. *July* 25. *Good-Friday.*
Lavenham	*Tuesday*	*September* 29.
Lestoffe	*Wednes.*	
Orford	*Monday*	
Nedham	*Wednes.*	
Neyland	*Friday*	
Saxmondham	*Thursd.*	
Southwould	*Thursd.*	

Sudbury

	Markets.	Fairs.
Sudbury	Saturd.	Mar. 12. June 29. Aug. 24.
Woodbridge	Wednes.	May 3.

Surry.

Croydon	Saturd.	June 24. September 21.
Darking	Thursd.	Ascension Eve.
Farnham	Thursd.	June 24. August 10.
Godalmin	Saturd.	February 2.
Guilford	Saturd.	April 23. Novemb. 11. Good-Friday.
Kingston	Saturd.	July 22. and 25. and Palm-Sunday.
Rygate	Tuesday	Whitson-Monday.
Southwark	W. & S.	September 8.

Sussex.

Arundel	W. & S.	May 3.
Battle	Thursd.	
Bottisdale	Thursd.	
Ditchley	W. & S.	
East Grimsted	Thursd.	April 16.
Hastings	W. & S.	
Horsham	Saturd.	June 24. July 27. Nov. 19
Lewis	Saturd.	Whitson-Monday.
Mildenhal	Friday	September 21.
Petworth	Saturd.	
Rye	W. & S.	Whitson-Sunday.

Shoram

	Markets.	Fairs.
Shoram (New)	*Saturd.*	
Stening	*Wednes.*	
Terring	*Saturd.*	

Warwickshire.

Atherton	*Tuesday*	*Mar.* 27.
Birmingham	*Thurſd.*	*September* 29. on *Corpus-Chriſti*, and *Aſcenſion-days.*
Coventry	*Friday*	*October* 21. *Friday* after 1ſt *Sunday* in *Lent*, and after *Whit. Week* 8 days.
Henley in Arden	*Monday*	*October* 18.
Kineaton	*Tueſday*	
Nuneaton	*Saturd.*	*May* 3.
Rugby		*Auguſt* 10. *November* 10.
Southam	*Monday*	*June* 29.
Stratford upon Avon	*Thurſd.*	*May* 1, and 7. *Sept.* 8. and *Aſcenſion-day.*
Sutton Co-field	*Monday*	
Warwick	*Saturd.*	*May* 1. *June* 24. *October* 28.

Weſtmorland.

Appleby	*Saturd.*	On *Whitſon-Monday.*
Kirby-ſteven	*Friday*	*Whitſon-Monday.*
Kendale	*Saturd.*	*Trin. Mon.* & that bef. *Lady-d.* & on *Plam-Sun.*

Wiltshire.

Markets.		Fairs.
Ambersbury	*Friday*	
Auburn	*Tuesday*	
Bradford	*Monday*	*Nov.* 29. & *Trin. Mond.*
Caln	*Tuesday*	*April* 25.
Castlecomb		*April* 23.
Chipnam	*Saturd.*	*May* 3.
Creklade	*Saturd.*	*Apr.* 30. *Sept.* 21. and the 3d *Tuesd.* in *April.*
Devizes	*Thursd.*	*Feb.* 2. *June* 24.
Highworeh	*Wednes.*	*Aug.* 1. *Sept.* 29.
Hindon	*Thursd.*	*February* 2.
Lamington	*Wednes.*	
Malmsbury	*Saturd.*	*Mar.* 17. *May* 19, and 25. *July* 23. & *Oct.* 18.
Marlborough	*Saturd.*	*June* 29. *July* 20. *Aug.* 15. *Sep.* 21. & *Nov.* 11. & 13.
Mere	*Tuesday*	*May* 4. *September* 29.
Sailsbury	*Tu.* & *S.*	*Jan.* 6. *Mar.* 25. *Oct.* 2. *Dec.* 29. also *Tuesd.* aft. 12th day, *Mon.* bef. *Lady-day*, *Whit-Tues.* & *Thurs.* aft. S. *Michael.*
Truebridge	*Saturd.*	*July* 25.
Westbury	*Friday*	The first *Frid.* in *Lent*, and *Whit-Monday.*
Wottonbasset	*Thursd.*	*Apr.* 23. *Dec.* 8.

Worcestershire.

Bewdley	*Saturd.*	*Apr.* 4, & 23. *July* 26, & *November* 29.

Broms-

	Markets.	Fairs.
Bromsgrove	*Tuesday*	*May* 3. *June* 24.
Droitwich	*Friday*	
Evesham	*Monday*	*Monday* aft. *Low-Sund.* and *Whitson-Monday.*
Kidderminster	*Thursd.*	*Aug.* 24. *Holy-Thursd. Whit. Thursd.* & *Corpus-Christi.*
Pershore	*Tuesday*	*May* 31.
Shipton on *Stower*	*Friday*	*June* 11.
Sturbridge	*Friday*	*March* 18. *Aug.* 29.
Upton on *Severn*	*Thursd.*	*June* 29. & *Whitson-Tuesday.*
Worcester	*W. F. S.*	*Aug.* 15. *Sept.* 8. *Mon.* bef. *Lady-day*, & *Palm-Sunday*

Yorkshire.

Allerton (*North*)	*Wednes.*	On *Wednesday Christ.* till *June*, *Jan.* 25. & on *Aug.* 24.
Barnsley	*Wednes.*	
Bautry.	*Satur.*	
Bedal	*Tuesday*	*June* 24.
Beverley	*W.* & *S.*	*Apr.* 30. *May* 4. *June* 24. *Octob.* 25. *East. Wed.* & *Rogation-Week.*
Bradforth	*Thursd.*	*Nov.* 29. & *Whitson-Monday.*
Bridlington	*Saturd.*	*November* 7.
Doncaster	*Saturd.*	*July* 25. *Aug.* 10.
Gisburgh	*Monday*	*August* 15.
Hallifax	*Thursd.*	*June* 24.
Helmsley	*Saturd.*	*September* 21.
Headen	*Saturd.*	
Hull (or *Kingston*)	*Tu.* & *S.*	*July* 22, & 25. *Sep.* 21. & 29.
Kilham	*Thursd.*	
Kirbymoreside	*Wednes.*	
Knaresburgh	*Wednes.*	
Leeds	*Tu.* & *S.*	

Malton

	Markets.	Pairs.
Malton (New)	*Saturd.*	*Sep. 29. & 2d Mon. aft. East.*
Masham	*Tuesday*	
Middleham	*Monday*	*Whitſon-Monday.*
Pickerington	*Monday*	
Pocklington	*Saturd.*	
Pontefr act	*Saturd.*	*Palm-Sund. & Trinity Eve.*
Richmond	*Saturd.*	*July 7. Rogation-Week.*
Ripley	*Friday*	
Rippon	*Thurſd.*	*May 1, Sept. 14. Aſcenſion-day.*
Rotherham	*Monday*	*Good-Friday.*
Scarbrough	*Thurſd.*	
Selby	*Monday*	*June 11. Aug. 1. & Sep. 29. alſo on Eaſter-Tueſday.*
Settle	*Tueſday*	
Sheffield	*Tueſday*	
Sherbourn	*Saturd.*	*Auguſt 10.*
Skipton	*Saturd.*	*Nov. 11. Satur. in East-W. Whit-Sund. & Trinity-Eves.*
Snath	*Friday*	*September 8.*
Thrusk	*Monday*	*October 18.*
Wakefield	*Th. & F.*	*June 24. Aug. 10, & 15. & Tueſday bef. Palm-Sunday.*
Wetherby	*Thurſd.*	*July 25.*
Whitby	*Saturd.*	
Wighton	*Wednes.*	
Yarum	*Thurſd.*	*Aſcenſion-day, Octob. 8, & 9.*
York	*Thurſd. & Sat.*	*May 12. June 29. Aug. 15. & 10. & October 18.*

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